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Total No. of Pages : 2

Max. Marks: 100

Total No. of Questions : 08

M.Tech (ME) (2017 Batch) (Sem.–1) FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS Subject Code : MTME-102 M.Code : 74716

Time : 3 Hrs.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. Attempt any FIVE questions in all.
- 2. Each question carries TWENTY marks.
- 1. Discuss the general procedure for finite element analysis of physical problems. How does FEA differ from exact solutions approach for solving boundary value problems in engineering?
- 2. Derive relation for expressing strain energy as product of strain energy density and total volume of deformed material for a fixed bar element subjected to load. Using the work-strain energy relation, obtain the governing equations for the bar element using Castigliano's theorem.
- 3. A structure consisting of two bars is shown in Fig. 1. An axial load P = 200 kN is applied as shown. Determine the (a) element stiffness matrix (b) global stiffness matrix (c) global load vector (d) stress in each bar and (e) reaction forces.



FIG. 1

4. Analyze a simply supported beam subjected to a uniformly distributed load throughout using Rayleigh Ritz method. Adopt one-parameter trigonometric function. Evaluate the maximum deflection and bending moment and compare with the exact solution.

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- 5. The differential equation for a phenomenon is given by $(d^2y/dx^2) + 500x^2 = 0$; $0 \le x \le 5$. The boundary conditions are y(0) = 0 and y(5) = 0. Find the approximate solution using any classical technique. Start with minimal possible approximate solution.
- 6. Develop a one-dimensional finite element model of heat transfer including both conduction and convection for a solid cylindrical body surrounded by a fluid medium. Assume boundary conditions.
- 7. A fin having rectangular cross-section 4 cm wide and 1 cm thick is 8 cm long. The fixed end of the fin is exposed to a temperature of 100°C. Determine the temperature distribution along the length of the fin, assuming that convection heat loss occurs from the fin. Given $k = 3 W/cm^{\circ}$ C, $h = 0.1 W/cm^{2}$ °C and surrounding fluid temperature is 20°C.
- 8. Discuss the use of stream functions and velocity potential functions in solving twodimensional, incompressible flow problems.

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NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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