

**Date: 08-08-2024**

**0824E 207**

**First Year MBBS Examination**

**I MBBS Biochemistry Paper 1**

**Time: 3 hours**

**Max Marks: 100**

Answer to the points.

Figure to the right indicates marks.

Use separate answer books for each section.

Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

Write legibly.

## **Section 1**

**1. Structured Long Question (Any 1)**

**out of 2) (1x10 Marks = 10 marks)**

- a)** write about hormonal regulation **(10)**  
of blood glucose. Add a note on  
Glycogen metabolism. (6+4=10)
- b)** Write about hemoglobin  
biosynthesis. Add a note on abnormal  
hemoglobin's. (5+5=10)

**2. Case based/Applied short notes**  
**(Any 2 out of 3) (2x6 marks = 12**  
**marks) (12)**

- a)** A 30 year old male suffering from  
malaria and was under anti-malarial  
drugs. During treatment he developed  
signs of anemia. Laboratory findings  
showed decreased Hemoglobin and  
increased bilirubin levels. (1+3+2=6)
1. Name the enzyme deficient in this  
pathway.

2. Explain the biochemical basis for hyperbilirubinemia.

3. Name the pathway involved with its significance.

**b)** A 20 year old girl was referred to hospital with complaints of muscle cramps and progressive muscle weakness. Symptoms were aggravated with exercise, high fat diet and fasting. (1+3+2=6)

1. What is the deficient molecule?
2. Metabolic pathway involved and role of deficient molecule.
3. What is the cause of muscle weakness?

**c)** 55 year women had history of loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting and Flue(viral) like symptoms since 7 days. Her urine was dark in colour and

noticed icterus over past two days.

Laboratory findings- Total Bilirubin = 8.5 mg/dl. Direct Bilirubin = 4.6 mg/dl, serum ALT = 1000 IU/L, Alkaline phosphatase = 250 IU/L.: (1+5=6)

1, What is the diagnosis

2. Write any three differentiating point between Prehepatic, hepatic and obstructive jaundice.

**3. Write short notes (Any 3 out of 4)**  
**(3x6 marks = 18 marks) (18)**

a) Define oxidative Phosphorylation.

Explain chemiosmotic theory.

b) Galactose metabolism.

c) Liver function tests with their significance.

d) Phospholipids and their functions.

**4. Answer only in 2-3 sentences (Any**

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## **5 out of 6) (5x2 marks = 10 marks)**

- a)** Enumerate four important Glycosaminoglycans with their function. **(10)**
- b)** Define glycolysis and gluconeogenesis.
- c)** Enumerate types of immunoglobulins with their functions.
- d)** Inhibitors of Electron transport chain.
- e)** Qualities of Good doctor.
- f)** Structural difference between starch and glycogen.

## **Section 2**

### **5. Structured long question (Any 1 out of 2) (1x 10 marks = 10 marks)**

- a)** Define and classify Enzymes **(10)**
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with suitable examples. Add a note on Cardiac enzymes. (1+6+3=10)

**b)** Describe Beta oxidation of Fatty acids (palmitic acid) with its energetics. (7+3=10)

**6. Write short notes (Any 2 out of 3)**  
**(2x6 marks = 12 marks) (12)**

**a)** Phase-II reactions of detoxification (Conjugation) with examples.

**b)** Draw a well labeled diagram of cell membrane and add a note on active transport.

**c)** Hormonal regulation of blood PH.

**7. Write short notes (Any 3 out of 4)**  
**(3x6 marks = 18 marks) (18)**

**a)** Role of hormones in water balance.

**b)** Role of Radio isotopes in diagnosis and prognosis of various diseases.

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**c) Tumor markers. Examples with clinical significance.**

**d) Basic principles of communication (AETCOM) wh**

**8. Answer only in 2-3 sentences (Any 5 out of 6) (5x2 marks = 10 marks)**

**a) Enumerate causes of metabolic (10) acidosis.**

**b) Essential fatty acids with their functions.**

**c) Define Chromatography with its applications.**

**d) Ketosis**

**e) Enumerate factors affecting enzyme activity.**

**f) Coenzymes with their functions.**