Turn over



C 14876	(Pages: 2 + 2 + 1)	Name
		Reg. No
FINAL M.B.B.S	S. DEGREE EXAMINATION	N, MARCH 2011
	Part I	
COMMUNITY M	MEDICINE INCLUDING HUMA	ANITIES—Paper I
Time : Three Hours		Maximum : 60 Marks
	Answer all questions.	
	Sections A and B in separate ansult be answered first in the response s	
•	Section A	•
I. Multiple Choice Questions Single response type-20 (se		(20 × ½ = 10 marks)
II. Match the following:	,	$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$
Single response type-6 (se	parate sheet attached).	,
III. Draw and label:		
1 Epidemic curve.	2 Rule of halves.	
IV. Write briefly on :	1/6	$(2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ marks})$
I Multifactorial causation	on. 2 Serial interval.	
3 Point prevalence.	4 Relative risk.	
5 Monitoring.		
V. Write short notes on:	an'.	$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$
1 Congenital rubella sy	ndrome.	·
2 Categorisation of TB i		
3 Strategies for Polio Er		
4 Reservoir of infection	in typhoid.	
5 Intradermal regimen	in rabies vaccination.	
		$(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$
	Section B	
VI. Read this paragraph and a	answer the following:—	
	rmer came to the PHC with fever, have duration. On examination, conju	headache, yellowish discoloration of netival suffusion and hepatomegaly
1 How will you investig	ate?	

2 What is the most probable diagnosis?



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3 Describe the epidemiological determinants of this disease
4 What are the preventive and control measures?

Write briefly on:
1 Biochemical oxygen demand.
2 Characteristics of occupational cancer.
3 Break point chlorination.

(1+1+4+4=10 marks)

VII. Write briefly on:

- 3 Break point chlorination.
- 4 Stratified random sampling.
- 5 Broca index.
- 6 Types of ventilation.
- 7 Chandler's index.
- 8 Contact tracing.
- 9 Anthropozoonosis.
- 10 Cyclo propagative transmission.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

VIII. Write short notes on:

- 1 Sanitary well.
- 2 Histogram.
- 3 Monitoring of air-pollution.
- 4 Controlled tipping.
- 5 Flea indices.

(C) Life expectancy at birth.

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COMMUNITY MEDICINE INCLUDING HUMANITIES—Paper I

I. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Ĵ	Vote.—(1)	Do not write anything on the q	uestic	on paper.		
	(2)	Write your register number on	the ar	nswer-sheet provided.		
	(3)	Select the appropriate answe answer-sheet provided.	r and	l encircle the alphabet against each question in the		
	(4)	In the answer-sheet enter the provided.	total	number of your answers in the appropriate box		
	(5)	Each question carries ½ mark.				
1.	Which is	a disease subjected to Internation	nal H	ealth Regulations?		
	(A) C	cholera.	(B)	Typhoid.		
	(C) C	hickenpox.	(D)	Measles.		
2.	Endophili	sm refers to mosquito and its:				
	(A) C	hoice of breeding place.	(B)	Preference for human blood.		
	(C) In	ndoor resting habit.	(D)	Preference for bite inside house.		
3	Which a measure of operational efficiency in Malaria?					
	(A) A	PI.	(B)	ABER		
	(C) A	FI.	(D)	SPR.		
4.	Common	ncubation period of rabies in man:				
	(A) 1	0-15 days.	(B)	3-8 weeks.		
	(C) 3-	-6 months.	(D)	6-12 months.		
5.	The prophylactic dose of human tetanus immunoglobulin:					
	(A) 48	000 u.	(B)	1000 u.		
	(C) 2	000 u.	(D)	250 v.		
ΰ.	Project M	ONICA is involved for :				
	(A) M	fonitoring of CAD.	(B)	Health education.		
	(C) P	rovision of scute coronary care.	(D)	Preventing risk factors for CAD.		
7.	Multifacto	orial causation was proposed by :				
	(A) Je	olin Snow.	(B)	Edwin Chadwick.		
	(C) P	etenkofer.	(D)	Lennel Shettuck.		
δ.	Which is a	not an iudicator in PQLI?				
	(A) II	MR.	(B)	Life expectancy at age one.		

(D) Literacy.

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9.	Method for identifying missing cases is:					
	(A)	Monitoring.	(B)	Surveillance.		
	(C)	Evaluation.	(D)	Sentinel surveillance.		
10.	To prev	vent epidemic spread of diphtheria,	herd	immunity should be at least ———— %.		
	(A)	50.	(B)	70.		
	(C)	80.	(D)	90.		
11.	Ratio o	f incidence among exposed to incide	ence a	among non-exposed is ——— risk.		
	(A)	Relative.	(B)	Attributable.		
	(C)	Population attributable.	(D)	None.		
12.	Propor	tion of clinical cases resulting in sev	rere cl	linical manifestation is:		
	(A)	Infectivity.	(B)	Pathogenicity.		
	(C)	Virulence. '	(D)	None.		
13.	Screen	ing is ——— prevention.				
	(A)	Primary.	(B)	Secondary.		
	(C)	Tertiary.	(D)	Primordial.		
14.	Dead e	nd infection is seen in:				
	(A)	Rabies.	(B)	Bubonic plague.		
	(C)	Tetanus.	(D)	All.		
15	Numbe	r of ice packs used in vaccine carrie	er:	a all		
	(A)	2.	(B)			
	(C)	6.	(D)	8.		
16.	Disinfe	ction of water by chlorine is an exa	mple	of ———— disinfection.		
	(A)	Concurrent.	(B)	Terminal.		
	(C)	Prophylactic.	(D)	None.		
17.	Cheape	est of all disinfectants:				
	(A)	Bleaching powder.	(B)	Lime.		
	(C)	Cetrimide.	(D)	Savion.		
18	Advant	age gained by screening:				
	(A)	Lead time.	(B)	Yield.		
	(C)	Predictive value.	(D)	Likelihood ratio.		
19.	Cost ef	fective form of screening is ————	- scre	ening.		
	(A)	Mass.	$\langle B \rangle$	Selective.		
	(C)	Multiphasic.	$\langle D \rangle$	Nose.		
20.	WHO o	leclared that smallpox had been ex	adicat	ed in :		
	(A)	April 1977.	(B)	May 1975.		
	(C)	July 1975.	(D)	May 1980.		