

**C 64819**

(Pages : 2 + 2 + 1 = 5)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FINAL M.B.B.S. (PART II) DEGREE EXAMINATION, AUGUST 2014****OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY—Paper I**

(2007 Scheme)

Time : Two Hours

Maximum : 40 Marks

*Answer all the questions.**Draw diagrams wherever necessary.**Answer Sections A and B in separate answer-books.**MCQs should be answered first in the response sheet provided.***Section A****I. Multiple Choice Questions :**

Single response sheet type 8 (Separate sheet attached).

(8 × ½ = 4 marks)

**II. Match the following.**

Single response type 8 (separate sheet attached).

(8 × ½ = 4 marks)

**III. Draw the diagram and label :**

- (a) Partograph.
- (b) Vertex and its boundaries.

(2 × 1 = 2 marks)

**IV. Short answer questions :**

- (a) Glucose challenge test.
- (b) Complications of breech delivery.
- (c) Internal rotation of fetal head.
- (d) Causes of rupture uterus during labour.

(4 × 1 = 4 marks)

**V. Write short notes on :**

- (a) Intra uterine death.
- (b) Medical management of PPH.
- (c) Treatment of Iron deficiency Anaemia in pregnancy.

(3 × 2 = 6 marks)

**Turn over**

**Section B**

VI. A 26 Years old second gravida with 37 weeks of pregnancy with bleeding per Vagina :

- (a) Mention two important causes.
- (b) How will you confirm the diagnosis.
- (c) Outline the general management measures of this patient.
- (d) Mention the obstetric management of any one condition.

(2 + 2 + 3 + 3 = 10 marks)

VII. Short answer questions :

- (a) Maternal complication of Heart disease.
- (b) Causes of 1st trimester abortion.
- (c) Spalding's sign.
- (d) Classification of APH.

(4 × 1 = 4 marks)

VIII. Write short notes on :

- (a) VBAC.
- (b) Management of Twin pregnancy during labour.
- (c) Non-stress test.

(3 × 2 = 6 marks)

**C 64819****OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY—Paper I**  
(2007 Scheme)**I. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS**

**Note.**—(1) *Do not write anything on the question paper.*  
(2) *Write your register number on the answer-sheet provided.*  
(3) *Select **one** most **appropriate** response and encircle the alphabet against each question in the answer-sheet provided.*

- I. 1 Treatment of choice in a primigravida at term in labour with transverse lie and cervical dilatation of 6 cm. with intact membrane is :
- (A) Watch and wait till full dilatation of cervix.  
(B) Internal podalic version and Breech extraction.  
(C) LSCS.  
(D) Classical Caesarean section.
- 2 Weight of placenta is ——— % of fetus :
- (A) 10 %. (B) 20 %.  
(C) 30 %. (D) 45 %.
- 3 Pulsation felt in the Vagina during pregnancy is called :
- (A) Hegar's sign. (B) Alder's sign.  
(C) Oscander's sign. (D) Piskacek's sign.
- 4 Engaging diameter in brow presentation :
- (A) Suboccipito bregmatic. (B) Occipito frontal.  
(C) Sub mento bregmatic. (D) Mento vertical.
- 5 Which of the following type of twin is associated with increased perinatal complications ?
- (A) Monochorionic diamniotic. (B) Monochorionic monoamniotic.  
(C) Dichorionic diamniotic. (D) All of the above.
- 6 All of the maneuvers are used in shoulder dystocia *except* :
- (A) Mc Robert's. (B) Lovset's.  
(C) Wood's. (D) Rubin's.

**Turn over**

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7 Direct Occipito posterior is more commonly associated with :

- |                        |                          |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) Gynaecoid pelvis.  | (B) Android pelvis.      |
| (C) Anthropoid pelvis. | (D) Platypelloid pelvis. |

8 Atonic PPH occurs in all *except* :

- |                         |                                |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (A) Multiple pregnancy. | (B) Erythroblastosis foetalis. |
| (C) Hydramnios.         | (D) Prolonged labour.          |

(8 × ½ = 4 marks)

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**OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY—Paper I**

II. Match the following :—

- |                           |                               |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 Late deceleration       | (a) Internal podalic Version. |
| 2 Snow storm appearance   | (b) Clomiphene.               |
| 3 Hydramnios              | (c) Fetal distress.           |
| 4 Multiple pregnancy      | (d) DIC.                      |
| 5 Abrutio placenta        | (e) Vesicular mole.           |
| 6 Anovulatory infertility | (f) Gestational Diabetes.     |
| 7 Gonadotrophins          | (g) Deep transverse arrest.   |
| 8 Android pelvis          | (h) OHSS.                     |

(8 × ½ = 4 marks)