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(Pages: 2 + 3 + 1 = 6)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

# THIRD PROFESSIONAL M.B.B.S. (Part II) DEGREE EXAMINATION JULY/AUGUST 2007

Paper 1-GENERAL MEDICINE

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Answer Sections A and B in separate answer-books. Response sheet for MCQ be provided.

#### Section A

Multiple Choice Questions: Single response type-20 (separate sheet attached).

 $(20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

II. Match the following : Single response type-6 (separate sheet attached).

 $(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$ 

- III. Draw and label:
  - 1 Trophozoite of Entamoeba Histolytica.
  - 2 Life cycle of Tapeworm.

 $(2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

- IV. Write briefly on :
  - 1 Control and preventive measures of hospital acquired infections.
  - 2 Chemical mediators in Sepsis.
  - 3 Pre and post exposure prophylaxis for Rabies.
  - 4 Diagnosis of Syphilis.
  - 5 Trophic ulcer.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$ 

- V. Write short notes on :
  - Laboratory abnormalities in SLE.
  - 2 Korsakoff's psychosis.
  - 3 Erythema nodosum.
  - 4 Gonorrhoea in females.
  - 5 Antiviral agents.

(5 x 2 = 10 marks)



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#### Section B

VI. Read the paragraph and answer the following questions :-

A 50-year old diabetic female is admitted with h/o fever, chills, rigor, vomiting lower-abdominal pain and burning micturition of 3 days duration.

- 1 What is the provisional diagnosis and name laboratory tests?
- 2 Name common causative agents.
- 3 What complications do you anticipate?
- 4. Outline the management.

(2 + 3 + 2 + 3 = 10 marks)

## VII. Write briefly on :

- 1 Causes of bronchiectesis in adults.
- 2 Erythema marginatum
- 3 Delusion.
- 4 Radiological signs in mitral stenosis.
- 5 Hypokalemia.
- 6 Uses of Recombinant DNA.
- 7 Treatment of anaphylaxis.
- 8 Reiter's disease.
- 9 Hyperpyrexia.
- 10 Management of Kerosene poisoning.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

## VIII. Write short notes on :

- 1 Infiltrative lung disease (ILD).
- 2 Pellagra.
- 3 Angioedema.
- 4 HLA antigens.
- 5 MRI Scan of Brain.



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# GENERAL MEDICINE-Paper I

		I. MULTIPLE	CHOIC	CE QUESTIONS		
ľ	Note.—(1) Do not write anything on the question paper.					
	(	(2) Write your register number of	the ar	aswer-sheet provided.		
	(	<ol> <li>Select one most appropriate reach question in the answers</li> </ol>	-	e and encircle the corresponding alphabet against ovided.		
1,	Which	of the following is restrictive lung	g diseas	se ?		
	(A)	Bronchiectasis.	(B)	Cystic fibrosis.		
	(C)	Bronchiolitis.	(D)	Kyphoscoliosis.		
2.	Pülse o	xymeter calculates :				
	(A)	SPO <sub>2</sub> .	(B)	PaO <sub>2</sub> .		
	(C)	both.	(D)	neither.		
3.	Oral tr	catment of Brucellosis with Doxy	cycline	and Rifampicin should be:		
	(A)	8-12 days.	(B)	2-4 weeks.		
	(C)		(D)	8-12 months.		
4.	Cerebra	al Malaria is caused by :				
	(A)	Plasmodium vivax.	(B)	Piasmodium Ovale.		
	(C)	Plasmodium malariae.	(D)	Plasmodium falciparum.		
5.	Ankylo	stoma duodenale measures :				
	(A)	40 cms.	(B)	1 cm.		
	(C)	3-5 cms.	(D)	3-5 nm.		
6.	"Woody	leg" is a feature of :				
	(A)	Protein energy malnutrition.	(B)	Vitamin C deficiency.		
	(C)	Vitamin K deficiency.	(D)	Marasmus.		
7.	The mo	est common cause of amoebic lung	g absce	ss is:		
	(A)	Aspiration.	(B)	Direct spread from liver.		
	(C)	Haematogenous spread from liv	er. (D)	Haematogenous spread from gut.		
8.	8. Bilateral hilar lymphadenopathy along with non-causating granuloma is characteristic feature of:					
	(A)	Pulmonary tuberculosis.	(B)	Sarcoidosis.		
	(C)	Rheumatoid lung	(D)	Ashestosis.		





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o. All a	Timed recognic disease is climit	actor and a	of the tollowing inflertedate pattern			
(A	A) A vertical transmission.					
(H	3) 50 % of female carriers if mal	le is affect	ed and female is normal.			
((	c) 50 % male affected if female	is carrier a	and normal male.			
(I	(D) 50 % male carriers of female is affected and normal male.					
). Heal	th education :					
(/	A) Health promotion.					
(I	Health distortion.					
((	is delivered through public a	gencies on	dy.			
(I	(D) does not help in prevention of cancer.					
. Chromosomal defect is feature amongst all of the following except :						
(/	A) Intersex.	(B)	Concealed sex.			
. ((	C) Psuedohermophrodite.	(D)	True hermophrodite.			
. The	poison that can be detected in ha	ir long aft	er death is:			
(/	A) Lead.	(B)	Mercury.			
((	C) Arsenic.	(D)	Cannabis.			
Inte	rleukin-II is secreted by :					
(/	A) B. lymphocytes.	(B)	T-lymphocytes.			
((	C) Neutrophils.	(D)	Macrophages.			
. First	First drug of choice in anaphylactic shock is:					
·(A	A) Subcutaneous adrenaline.	(B)	Intravenous corticosteroid.			
((	C) Theophylline.	(D)	Antihistamines.			
Bind	ling of protein is regulated by :					
. (/	A) Copper.	(B)	Zinc.			
((	C) Selenium.	(D)	Nickle.			
Surf	actant is made up of :					
(1	A) Fibrin.	(B)	Mucoprotein.			
((	C) Phospholipids.	(D)	Fibrinogen.			
Felty	's syndrome is component of :					
(/	A) SLE.	· (B)	Rheumatoid arthritis.			
((	Dermatomyositis.	(D)	Systemic sclerosis.			
. The	following gland is involved in Sjo	gren's syn	ndrome :			
(/	A) Prostate.	(B)	Thyroid gland.			
((	C) Adrenal gland.	(D)	Salivary gland.			





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- 19. All of the following lesions may be seen in leprosy expect:
  - (A) Erythematous macules.

(B) Vesicles.

(C) Hypopigmented patches.

(D) Flat and raised patches.

20. Cognition is:

(A) Perception.

(B) Thought.

(C) Behaviour.

(D) Feeling.





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(3 × 16 = 5 marks)

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# GENERAL MEDICINE-Paper I

- II. Match the following :-
  - 1 Haemoptysis
  - 2 Vesicles
  - 3 Jaundice
  - 4 Tachycardia
  - 5 Hypotension
  - 6 Sunken eyes

- (a) Dehydration.
- (b) Lung cancer.
- (c) Shock.
- (d) Hepatitis.
- (e) Herpes.
- (f) Fever.
- (g) Beriberi.
- (h) Depression.
- (i) Scabies.

