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# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD MCA I Semester Examinations, June/July - 2018 <br> ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT 

Time: 3hrs
Max.Marks:75

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.
Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ as sub questions.

## PART - A

$$
5 \times 5=25 \text { Marks }
$$

1. Answer the following briefly:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { a) Intangible Assets. } & {[5]} \\ \text { b) Cost of Debt } & {[5]} \\ \text { c) Operating Ratio. } & {[5]} \\ \text { d) Margin of safety } & {[5]} \\ \text { e) Capital budgeting decision. } & {[5]}\end{array}$
PART - B

$$
5 \times 10=50 \text { Marks }
$$

2. How do you prepare the Profit and Loss Account and Balance sheet of the firm? Explain the procedure step by step.
3. From the following transactions find out the nature of account and also state which Account should be debited and the other to be credited.
(a) Wages paid.
(b) Discount received.
(c) Interest paid.
(d) Machine purchased for cash.
(e) Furniture sold.
(f) Outstanding rent.
4. Explain the Role of the financial manager in a modern business concern.

## OR

5. A firm has Sales of Rs.10,00,000, Variable cost $55 \%$ of sales, Fixed cost Rs. 150000 and Debt of Rs.6,00,000 with $10 \%$ interest. Compute operating and financial Leverages.[10]
6. Discuss the following:
a) Cash Flow statement
b) Profitability Ratios.

## OR

7. With the help of the following information calculate fixed assets.

Equity is Rs. $1,00,000$ and the relevant ratios of the firm as follows:
Current debt to total debt 0.40 ; Total debt to owners equity 0.60
Fixed assets to owners equity 0.60
Total assets turnover 2 times; Inventory turnover 8 times.
8. Discuss the practical applications and limitations of Break-even analysis.
9. A factory which expects to operate 7,000 hours, i.e., at $70 \%$ level of activity, furnishes details of expenses as under:

Variable expenses
Semi-variable expenses
Fixed expenses
₹ 1,260
₹ 1,200
₹ 1,800

The semi-variable expenses go up by $10 \%$ between $75 \%$ and $85 \%$ activity. Construct a flexible budget for 80 per cent activity level.
10. Explain the methods and sources of mobilizing working capital.

## OR

11. A limited company is considering investing in a project requiring a capital outlay of Rs. 20,000. The annual cash inflows after taxes are as follows:

| Year | Rs. |
| :---: | ---: |
| 1 | 10,000 |
| 2. | 10,000 |
| 3. | 6,000 |
| 4. | 8,000 |
| 5. | 8,000 |

You are required to evaluate the project according to NPV at $10 \%$ cost of capital and suggest whether the project is accepted or not. The present value factors at $10 \%$ from $1^{\text {st }}$ year to $5^{\text {th }}$ year are $0.91,0.86,0.75,0.68$ and 0.62 respectively.

