



B

Total No. of Questions - 21

Total No. of Printed Pages - 2

Regd.
No.

1	8	6	0	2	2	3	2	7	9
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Part - III
CHEMISTRY, Paper - II
(English Version)

Max. Marks : 60

Time : 3 Hours

Note : Read the following instructions carefully.

- 1) Answer all questions of Section 'A'. Answer any six questions in Section 'B' and any two questions in Section 'C'.
- 2) In Section 'A', questions from Sr. Nos. 1 to 10 are of "Very Short Answer Type". Each question carries two marks. Every answer may be limited to 2 or 3 sentences. Answer all these questions at one place in the same order.
- 3) In Section 'B', questions from Sr. Nos. 11 to 18 are of "Short Answer Type". Each question carries four marks. Every answer may be limited to 75 words.
- 4) In Section 'C', questions from Sr. Nos. 19 to 21 are of "Long Answer Type". Each question carries eight marks. Every answer may be limited to 300 words.
- 5) Draw labelled diagrams wherever necessary for questions in Sections 'B' and 'C'.

SECTION A

10 × 2 = 20

Note : Answer all questions.

1. State Raoult's law.
2. State Faraday's second law of electrolysis.
3. What is PHBV? How is it useful to man?
4. Write the names of the monomers for the following polymers.
a) Bakelite b) Nylon 6, 6
5. What is a ligand? Give one example for unidentate ligand.
6. What are the neutral oxides of nitrogen?
7. What happens when Cl_2 reacts with dry slaked lime?
8. What is blister copper? Why is it so called?
9. Explain carbylamine reaction with an example.
10. Explain the reaction of Aniline with Nitrous acid.



$$6 \times 4 = 24$$

SECTION B

Note : Answer any six questions.

11. Explain Schottky and Frenkel defects.
12. Define mole fraction. Calculate the mole fraction of H_2SO_4 in a solution containing 98% (w/w) H_2SO_4 by mass.
13. What are emulsions? How are they classified? Give one example for each.
14. Explain calcination and roasting with suitable examples.
15. Explain Werner's theory of coordination compounds with suitable examples.
16. What are hormones? Give one example for each of the following :
 - a) Steroid hormones
 - b) Polypeptide hormones
 - c) Amino acid derivatives
17. What are analgesics? How are they classified? Give one example for each.
18. Explain S_N^1 and S_N^2 reactions with an example.

SECTION C

$$2 \times 8 = 16$$

Note : Answer any two questions.

19.
 - a) What are Galvanic cells? Explain the working of a Galvanic cell by taking Daniel cell as example.
 - b) Describe the salient features of the collision theory of reaction rates.
20.
 - a) Write the important reactions involved in the manufacture of sulphuric acid by 'contact process'.
 - b) Write the preparation of the compounds XeF_2 and XeF_4 . Give their structures.
21. Explain the following reactions with equations.
 - a) Kolbe's reaction
 - b) Riemer - Tiemann reaction
 - c) Williamson's ether synthesis
 - d) HVZ reaction