



Total No. of Questions—24

Total No. of Printed Pages—4

Regd. No.

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Part III

MATHEMATICS, Paper - I(A)

(English Version)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

Note :—This question paper consists of three Sections A, B and C.

SECTION A

I. Very Short Answer Type Questions : 10×2=20

(i) Answer ALL questions.

(ii) Each question carries TWO marks.

1. If $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$, $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = ax + b$ ($a \neq 0$), find f^{-1} .

2. Find the domain of real valued function :

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4x - x^2}.$$

3. If

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -1 & k \end{bmatrix}$$

and $A^2 = 0$, then find the value of 'k'.

4. Find the rank of the following matrix :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

5. Find the vector equation of the line joining the points $2\vec{i} + \vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$ and $-4\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - \vec{k}$.



6. If $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 4\vec{i} + m\vec{j} + n\vec{k}$ are collinear vectors, then find 'm' and 'n'.

7. If $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ and $\vec{b} = \vec{i} + 4\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$, then find $(\vec{a} + \vec{b}) \times (\vec{a} - \vec{b})$.

8. Prove that :

$$\frac{\cos 9^\circ + \sin 9^\circ}{\cos 9^\circ - \sin 9^\circ} = \cot 36^\circ.$$

9. Prove that :

$$\sin 50^\circ - \sin 70^\circ + \sin 10^\circ = 0.$$

10. Show that :

$$(\cosh x + \sinh x)^n = \cosh (nx) + \sinh (nx),$$

for any $n \in \mathbb{R}$.

SECTION B

II. Short Answer Type Questions :

5×4=20

(i) Answer **ANY FIVE** questions.

(ii) Each question carries **FOUR** marks.

11. If

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

is a non-singular matrix, then prove that $A^{-1} = \frac{\text{Adj } A}{\det A}$.

12. If $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are non-coplanar vectors, then prove that :

$$-\vec{a} + 4\vec{b} - 3\vec{c}, 3\vec{a} + 2\vec{b} - 5\vec{c}, -3\vec{a} + 8\vec{b} - 5\vec{c}, -3\vec{a} + 2\vec{b} + \vec{c}$$

are coplanar.



13. For any two vectors $\vec{a}$ and $\vec{b}$, show that :

$$(1 + |\vec{a}|^2)(1 + |\vec{b}|^2) = |1 - \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}|^2 + |\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{a} \times \vec{b}|^2.$$

14. Prove that :

$$\frac{1}{\sin 10^\circ} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cos 10^\circ} = 4.$$

15. Solve the equation :

$$\sin x + \sqrt{3} \cos x = \sqrt{2}.$$

16. Prove that :

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$

17. Prove that :

$$\cot A + \cot B + \cot C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{4\Delta}.$$

SECTION C

- III. Long Answer Type Questions :

5×7=35

(i) Answer **ANY FIVE** questions.

(ii) Each question carries **SEVEN** marks.

18. Let $f : A \rightarrow B$, I_A and I_B be identity functions on A and B respectively, then prove that $f \circ I_A = f = I_B \circ f$.
19. Show that $49^n + 16n - 1$ is divisible by 64 for all positive integers ' n '.
20. Show that :

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ b & c & a \\ c & a & b \end{vmatrix}^2 = \begin{vmatrix} 2bc - a^2 & c^2 & b^2 \\ c^2 & 2ac - b^2 & a^2 \\ b^2 & a^2 & 2ab - c^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc)^2.$$



21. Solve the following system of equations by Cramer's rule :

$$2x - y + 3z = 8$$

$$-x + 2y + z = 4$$

$$3x + y - 4z = 0.$$

22. If $\vec{a} = \vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$, $\vec{b} = 2\vec{i} + \vec{j} + \vec{k}$, $\vec{c} = \vec{i} + \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$, then find $\left| (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times \vec{c} \right|$ and $\left| \vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) \right|$.

23. If $A + B + C = 2s$, then prove that :

$$\cos(s - A) + \cos(s - B) + \cos(s - C) + \cos s = 4 \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B}{2} \cos \frac{C}{2}.$$

24. If P_1, P_2, P_3 are altitudes drawn from vertices A, B, C to the opposite sides of a triangle respectively, then show that :

$$(i) \quad \frac{1}{P_1} + \frac{1}{P_2} + \frac{1}{P_3} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$(ii) \quad P_1 P_2 P_3 = \frac{(abc)^2}{8R^3} = \frac{8\Delta^3}{abc}.$$