

## MBBS I (First) Professional Examination 2017-18

Paper ID: 0322205 Course Code:MBS102

Physiology -I

Time: 2 Hours 40 Minutes Max Marks: 40

Note: Attempt all questions. Draw proper diagrams to support

Part 'B'

Discuss the following: (5x2=10)

Short term regulation of blood pressure Digestion and absorption of fats

b)

2. Describe in brief: (5x2=10)

Excitation contraction coupling in skeletal muscle Erythroblastosis fetalis

(5x2=10)

Write in brief: Surfactant

3.

Structure of nephron

Describe the process of erythropoiesis. Enumerate the 4. factors affecting it.

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Roll No.		Student's Name
Student's Signature		Invigilator's Signature
Course Code:MBS102		Paper ID: 032220
	Physiology - I	

Part 'A'

Time: 20 Minutes Max Marks: 10

Attempt all questions and return this part of the question paper to the invigilator after 20 Minutes. Please tick (√) correct one only. Cutting, overwriting or any other marking are not allowed.

For answering please use Ball- pen only.

Power house in the cell is:

Endoplasmic reticulum

b) Golgi apparatus

c) Nucleus

Mitochondria d)

Glucose is transported across the intestinal mucosa by:

Simple diffusion a) Facilitated diffusion

b) Active transport c)

d) Co- transport

When compared to ECF, the ICF has:

High sodium concentration a)

Low potassium concentration b) Equal chloride concentration

c) d)

High protein concentration

Pernicious anemia is an example of: Hypochromic anemia a)

b) Nutritional anemia

Hemolytic anemia

d) Hemorragic anemia

The first step during hemostasis is: Q.5

Platelet plug formation

a) b) Clot formation

c) Vasoconstriction

d) None of the above

The form of hemoglobin that has CO2 attached to it is called as:

- Deoxyhemoglobin
- b) Carboxyhemoglobin
- c) Carbaminohemoglobin
- d) Reduced hemoglobin

Which of the blood vessel has maximum compliance:

a) Arteries

b) Veins

Arterioles c)

Capillaries d)

Pulmonary artery carries deoxygenated blood from:

a) Right atrium

Left atrium b)

Right ventricle c)

Left ventricle

0.9 If radius of blood vessel is decreased to half, blood flow will change to:

a) 1/2

1/4 c) 1/8

1/16 d)

Q.10 To allow atrial contraction prior to ventricular contraction, cardiac impulse is

held up at: S.A. Node

A.V. Node b)

Bundle of His c) Purkinje fibers



0.3

0.4.



- Resistance vessels are: Q.11
  - Capillaries a)
  - b) Veins
  - Arterioles
  - d) Arteries
- Q.12 Plateau in the action potential is seen in:
  - Nerve
  - Muscle fiber b)
  - c) S.A. Node
  - None of the above d)
- Q.13 Inspired air is warmed, moistened and cleaned in all except:
  - Trachea a)
  - b) Larynx
  - c)
  - d) Alveoli
- Q.14 One of the following statements is TRUE for alveolar ventilation:
  - More than pulmonary ventilation a)
    - b) Same as pulmonary ventilation.
    - c) Less than pulmonary ventilation
    - Is a product of tidal volume and d) respiratory rate
- Q.15 All of the following are TRUE for intra pleural pressure EXCEPT:
  - a) It is a negative pressure
  - Becomes more negative during inspiration b)
  - Becomes positive during inspiration
  - d) Prevents collapsing of lungs
- on Siliankei . Q.16 Pancreatic juice rich in bicarbonates is because of:
  - Cholecystokinin
  - b) Pancreozymin
  - c) Secretin
  - d) Gastrin
- Q.17 In infants, defecation following a meal is caused by:
  - Gastroileal reflex a)
  - Gastro colic reflex b)
  - Enterogastric reflex c)
- Q.18 Majority of the water and salts reabsorption occurs in:
  - Proximal tubule
  - b) Distal tubule

- Loop of Henle c)
- Collecting tubule
- Q.19 Major source of NH3 in kidney is:
  - Glycine
  - b) Glutamate
  - Uric acid c)
  - None of the above d)
- Q.20 Transport maximum for glucose is closest
  - 100 mg a)
  - 180 mg b)
  - 250 mg c)
  - 325 mg

