

MBBS II (Second) Professional Examination 2015-16

Course Code:MBS202 Paper ID: 0322407

Microbiology-II

Time: 2 Hours 40 Minutes Max Marks: 30

Note: Attempt all questions. Draw proper diagrams to support your answer.

Part 'B'

- Enumerate the nematodes causing intestinal infections. Give flow diagram of the life cycle of one such parasite; 1. discuss its pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis.
- Define AIDS. Discuss the pathogenesis of HIV, its laboratory diagnosis and drugs available for the therapy.
- Describe briefly: (8x2=16) 3.
 - Opportunistic fungal infections
 Hypersensitivity reactions

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Roll No.		Student's Name
Student's Signature		Invigilator's Signature
	A. (C)	
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Course Code:MBS202		Paper ID: 0322407

Microbiology-II

Part 'A'

Time: 20 Minutes Max Marks: 10

Note: 1. Attempt all questions and return this part of the question paper to the invigilator after 20 Minutes.

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Please tick (v) correct one only. Cutting, overwriting or any other marking are not allowed.
 For answering please use Ball- pen only.



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Firstranker's choice Q.2 In malaria, the form of plasmodia that is transmitted from HUMAN to Mosquito is

Sporozoite Merozoite

c.

h Hypnozoite d. Gametocyte

Q.3 Each of the following parasite is transmitted by mosquitoes except:

Plasmodium vivax

Wuchereria bancrofti b)

Leishmania donovani c)

d) Plasmodium falciparum

Which of the following parasite normally does not cause Larva migrans;

Enterobius vermicularis a)

Toxocara canis b)

Ancylostoma braziliense c)

d) Ancylostoma canis

of the following statements Each concerning Candida albicans is correct except:

C. albicans is a budding yeast that a) forms psuedohyphae when it invades tissue

b) C. albicans causes thrush

C. albicans is transmitted primarily c) by respiratory aerosol

d) Impaired cell mediated immunity is an important predisposing factor to disease

0.6 Which of the following is not the characteristics of histoplasmosis:

a) Specific geographic distribution

b) Yeasts in tissue

Mycelial phase in the soil c)

d) Person to person transmission

A girl who pricked her finger while pruning some rose bushes develops a local pustule that progresses to an ulcer. Several nodules

> b) Detection of viral-specific IgD

c) Detection of viral-specific IgE

Detection of viral-specific IgM d)

Which of the following virus is not 0.14 transmitted from animals to human:

Influenza virus H5N1 a)

Hepatitis B virus b)

c) Rabies virus

Ebola virus

Which of the following marker usually present in a hepatitis B carrier with chronic 0.15 active hepatitis

a) HbsAg

b) HbsAb

HBeAg c)

Anti-HBc IgM d)

Which of the following bacteria is an indicator of fecal contamination of drinking Q.16 water:

Klebsiella pneumoniae

b) Staphylococcus aureus

Bacillus subtilis c)

d) Escherichia coli

count in air of neurosurgery operation theatre: Q.17 What is the acceptable limit of bacterial

a) 1 per cubic feet

10 per cubic feet b)

100 per cubic feet c)

d) 40 per cubic feet

Which color code plastic bag is used for O.18 microbial contaminated medical waste e.g. culture media:

Red bag a)

Black bag b)

c) Yellow bag

d) Blue bag

Which of the following vaccine should be given at the time of birth:

a) BCG

MMR b)

DPT c)

d) Measles

Burning and frequency of maturation usually occurs in:

Q.8 Aspergillosis is recognized in tissue by the www.FirstRanker.com www.FirstRanker.com

Metachromatic granules a)

b) Psuedohyphae

Septate hyphae c)

d) Budding cells

P.T.O.

of the following 0.9Each statements concerning Cryptococcus neoformans is correct EXCEPT:

Its natural habitat is the soil, a) especially associated with pigeon feces

b) Budding yeasts are found in the lesions

The initial site of infection is c) usually the lung

Pathogenesis is related primarily to d) the production of exotoxin A

Q.10 Infection with dermatophyte is most often associated with:

Intravenous drug abuse

b) Inhalation of the organism from contaminated bird feces

Adherence of the organism to c) perspiration moist skin

d Fecal-oral transmission

Q.11 Viruses do not contain:

Either DNA or RNA

b) Enzymes

Both RNA and DNA c)

d) Glycoprotien

Q.12 Which one of the following is not a method of direct detection viruses in clinical samples:

Electron microscopy a)

b) Antibodies

PCR

d) Antigen

A serological diagnosis of a primary viral infection may be made:

Detection of viral-specific IgA a)

Proctitis