

## MBBS II (Second) Professional Examination 2016-17

Course Code: MBS201 Paper ID: 0322401

## Pathology-I

Time: 2 Hours 40 Minutes Max Marks: 30

Note: Attempt all questions. Draw proper diagrams to support your answer.

## Part 'B'

- A 38 years old man with a history of blood transfusion 1. presented with weakness and yellow.
  - What is your diagnosis? Which investigations would you like to do, to confirm
  - our diagnosis? What future health risks are there with the disease?
- c) (2)
- 2 What is Shock? What are its Types? Comment on Etiopathogenesis and outcome of Hypovolemic shock. (7)
- Answer of the following short questions: 3. (2x4=8)
  - Enumerate cells of Myeloid Series
  - Compare Lepromatous and Tuberculoid Leprosy
  - List the morphological changes seen in Reversible cell
  - d) Enumerate four tumor suppressor genes (Antioncogenes)
- Write short notes on:

- Metaplasia
- b) Alcohol abuse

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Roll No.	£ ()	Student's Name
Student's Signature		Invigilator's Signature
	( )	
Course Code: MBS201		Paper ID: 032240
	Pathology-I	
	Part 'A'	

Time: 20 Minutes Max Marks: 10

- Attempt all questions and return this part of the question paper to the invigilator after 20 Minutes.
- Please tick (√) correct one only. Cutting, overwriting or any other marking are not allowed.
- For answering please use Ball- pen only.
- Which of the following is reversible:
  - Hyperplasia a) b) Hypertrophy
  - Dysplasia
  - d) All the above
- 0.2 Which of the following is malignant: Hematoma
  - b) Fibroma
  - c) Hepatoma
  - None of the above d)
  - An inflammatory exudate has:
- 0.3 High specific gravity a)
  - High protein content b)
  - Numerous cells d)
  - All the above features
- Q.4. Alpha fetoprotein acts as a tumor marker for:
  - Gall bladder carcinoma a)
  - b) A.M.L.
  - Hepatocellular carcinoma c)
  - Choriocarcinoma
- Besides bone marrow, Erythropoiesis can 0.5
- take place in the following organ:
  - Lymph Node d)
- Which of the following is a definite feature 0.6 of malignant neoplasia:
  - Metaplasia a)
  - Pleomorphism b) Metastasis

- d) Anisonucleosis
- Sugar Level of C.S.F. in Pyococcal
  - meningitis is: 500 mg / dl a)
  - 100 mg / dl
  - 50 mg/dl
  - d) 00 mg / dl
  - Hypersegmented neutrophils are classically seen in:
  - Hemolytic anemia a)
  - b) Megaloblastic anemia
  - Iron deficiency anemia c)
  - d) Thalassemia
- Vim Silverman needle is used for: 0.9
  - Bone marrow biopsy a)
  - b) Lymph node FNAC
  - Pleural biopsy c)
  - d) Liver biopsy
- O.10 Normal platelet count is::
  - 7-50 lakh / cumm a)
  - 1,500 to 5000 / cumm b)
  - 1.5 to 4-0 million / cumm
  - d) None of the above
- Q.11 Reversible ischaemic change includes all Except:
  - Cell swelling
  - Bleb formation b)
  - c) Dissociation of polysomes to
    - monosomes Lysosomal swelling
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d)



- Q.12 Who discovered Viral oncogenes:
  - William Boyd a)
  - James Mackenzie
  - Varmus & Bishop
  - d) Knudson
- Q.13 Replacement of dead tissue cannot occur

  - a) Stable cells
  - Embryonic cells b)
  - Permanent cells c)
  - d) Labile cells
- Q.14 Normal cell cycle is:
  - b)
  - c)
  - $S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow M$   $G_1 \rightarrow S \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$   $S_1 \rightarrow M \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow G_2$   $S \rightarrow G_1 \rightarrow G_2 \rightarrow M$ d)
- Q.15 Acidic urine will not be suitable for studying:
  - Ca. Oxalate crystals a)
  - b) Amorphas phosphate crystals
  - c) Urinary proteins
  - All the above d)
- Q.16 Encapsulation is not a feature of:
  - a) Fibroadenoma
  - b) Squamous papilloma
  - Lipoma c)
  - d) Leiomyoma
- Q.17 Liquefaction necrosis is characteristically seen in infarct of:
  - a) Spleen
  - Heart b)
  - Brain c)
  - Kidney d)
- Q.18 Which of the following is not a tumor marker:
  - AFP a)
  - b) CEA
  - DIC c)
  - d) HCG
- istrauker com Q.19 Who discovered ABO Blood Group
  - System: a) William Boyd
  - Varmus & Bishop b)
  - Karl Landsteiner c)
  - James Mackenzie
- Q.20 Size of RBCs is nearest to that of:

- Eosinophil
- Lymphocytes
- Promyelocytes
- d) Basophils

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