

## MBBS II (Second) Professional Examination 2019-20

Course Code:MBS204 Paper ID: 03219207

Forensic Medicine

Time: 2 Hours 40 Minutes Max Marks: 30

Note: Attempt all questions. Draw proper diagrams to support

your answer.

Define putrefaction. Describe all stages of putrefaction and also differentiate 2 main variants of putrefaction.

Write short notes on:

(2x4=8)

- Healing Stages of Burns (due to flames)
- b) Professional Death Sentence
- c) Cross Examination d) "Vicarious Liability" doctrine

## Part 'C'

- Classify poisons systemically. Describe in detail dhatura poisoning with treatment and medicolegal aspects.
- Write short notes on:

(2x4=8)

- Artificial insemination Hydrostatic test
- b)
- Criminal abortion c)
- Chelating agents

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Roll No.		Student's Name
Student's Signature	50	Invigilator's Signature
Course Code:MBS204		Paper ID: 03219207

Forensic Medicine Part 'A'

Time: 20 Minutes Max Marks: 10

- Note: 1. Attempt all questions and return this part of the question paper to the invigilator after 20 Minutes.

  2. Please tick  $(\sqrt{})$  correct one only. Cutting, overwriting or any other marking are not allowed.

  3. For answering please use Ball- pen only.

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- Acetic acid
- Which of the following toxins comes from 0.2
  - the castor oil plant:
  - Strychnine Digitalin b.

  - d. Atropine
- Run-Amok is feature of: 0.3
  - Opium
  - b) Dhatura
  - c) Cannabis
  - d) Alcohol
- Danbury tremor is seen in:
  - Mercury poisoning
    - b) Iron poisoning
    - c) Lead poisoning
    - d) Arsenic poisoning
- Lichtenberg figures are seen in: a) Heat stroke 0.5

  - Radiation injury b)
  - c) Lightning
  - d) Electrocution
- Rigor mortis does not occur in fetus less than:
  - a) 9 months
    - b) 7 months
    - 6 months c)
  - 8 months d)
- Maggots in a dead body normally do not appear before:
  - 4 hours a)
  - 12 hours b)
  - 24 hours
  - d) 48 hours
- The brick red colour of post mortem lividity is seen in poisoning due to:
  - Carbon monoxide a)
  - Hydrogen sulphide b)
  - b) Phenolic acid
  - c) Oxalic acid
  - Carbolic acid d)
- Q.17 There modes of death:
  - Two
  - b) Three
  - c) Four
  - None of above d)
- Q.18 Auto-Rikshaw ran over a child's thigh,

there is a mark of the tyre tracks, it is an:

- Contact bruise a)
- b) Patterned bruise
- Imprint abrasion
- d) Ectopic bruise
- Q.19 The examination of a dead body taken out of the grave for the suspicion of death because poisoning or any other foul play is called:
  - Exhumation a)
  - Medical examination b)
  - Reverse cremation c)
- Q.20 In chronic arsenic poisoning the following samples can be sent for laboratory examination, except:

  a) Nail clippings
  b) Hair samples
  c) Bone biopsy
  d) Blood sample

- www.FirstRanker.com www.FirstRanker.com Q.10 Café coronary commonly occurs when a
- Mercury poisoning c) d) Phosphorus poisoning

Leau poisoning

Intoxicated

person is:

- Eating fatty food b)
- c) Eating meat
- Empty stomach d
  - P.T.O

- Q.11 Which of the following is true regarding superfecundation:
  - Fertilization of a second ovum in a woman who is already pregnant b)
    - Occurs in bipartite uterus
    - Both ova do not always develop to c) maturity d) The second foetus is born later as a
    - mature child
- Q.12 The most reliable criteria in Gustafson's method of identification is:
  - Cementum apposition
  - b) Transparency of root
  - c) Attrition
  - Root resorption d)
- Q.13 Statutory rape is rape on girl below:
  - a) 12yrs
  - b) 16yrs
  - 18vrs c)
  - 21yrs d)
- Q.14 The ideal place to record body temperature in a dead body is:
  - a) Rectum
  - b) Axilla
  - Mouth c)
  - d) Groin
- Q.15 Burtonian line is seen with poisoning of:
  - Mercury a)
  - b) Lead
  - Arsenic c)
  - d) Zinc
- Q.16 Acrodynia is associated with:
- Mercury restranted

