Paper ID: 03118404



## MBBS III (Third) Professional Part-2 Examination 2018-19

Course Code: MBS403 Paper ID: 03118404

Obstetric and Gynaecology - I

Time: 2 Hours 10 Minutes Max Marks: 30

**Note:** Attempt all questions. Draw proper diagrams to support your answer.

Part 'B'

- Classify hypertensive disorders in pregnancy and how will you manage a case of primigravida with 36 weeks of gestation with severe preclampsia (7)
- Define postpartum hemorrhage (PPH). Enumerate the causes of PPH. Discuss the management of atonic PPH. (7)

Part 'C'

- Write short notes on the following: (4x4=16)
  - a) Non Stress Test (NST)
- b) Caput succedaneum
- c) Partogram.
- d) Threatened preterm labour

## MBBS III (Third) Professional Part-2 Examination 2018-19

Roll No.	Student's Name
Student's Signature	Invigilator's Signature

Course Code:MBS403 Obstetric and Gynaecology - I

Part 'A'

Time: 20 Minutes Max Marks: 10

- Note: 1. Attempt all questions and return this part of the question paper to the invigilator after 20 Minutes.
  - Please tick (√) correct one only. Cutting, overwriting or any other marking are not allowed.
  - 3. For answering please use Ball- pen only.



FirstRanker.com Firs Whirken shelfollowing is seen in the infant of

a diabetic mother:

- Hyper kalemia
- b) Hyper calcemia
- c) Macrocytic anaemia
- d) Polycythemia
- Twin peak sign seen in:
- - Monochorionic diamniotic twins
  - b) Dichorionic mono amniotic twins
  - Conjoined twins c)
  - Diamniotic dichorionic twins d)
- Which test differentiates maternal and fetal blood cells:
  - APT test a)
  - Kleihauer test b)
  - Bubble test c)
  - d) Lilys test
- Choriocarcinoma commonly metastasize to: 0.5
  - a) Brain
  - b) Lung
- d) Vagina
- All of the following drugs have been used for 0.6 medical abortion except:
  - Mefepristone
  - b) Misoprostol
    - c) Methotrexate
    - Atosiban d)
- In anticipated preterm delivery the dose of dexamethasone given to mother is:
  - a)
  - 12mg 12hourly 2 doses 12mg 24hourly 4 doses b)
  - c) 6mg 24hourly 2 doses
  - 6mg 12 hourly 4 doses d)
- 0.8 Spalding's sign is seen in:
  - Fresh Still born
  - b) Live born
  - c) Premature
  - Macerated still born d)
- Best method to deliver arms in breech:
- 0.17 Shortest diameter of fetal skull is:
  - a) Suboccipito-bregmatic
  - b) Bitemporal
  - Suboccipitofrontal c)
  - d)
- O.18 Induction of labour is usually avoided in:
  - Malpresentation a)
  - b)
  - Diabetes c)
  - d) IUFD
- Q.19 Most commonly used antihypertensive in pregnancy is:
  - Nifedipine
  - b) Methyldopa
  - Frusemide c)
  - Hydralazine d)
- Q.20 Commonest cause of breech presentation is:

  - Prematurity Diabetes mellitus b)
  - Postmaturity c)
  - www.FirstRanker.com d) Contracted pelvis

- www.FirstRanker.com
- - c) L4-L5

dermatomes:

Pain

- d) L2-L3

labour is

P.T.O.

Q.11 Early deceleration occur due to: a) Fetal head compression

in early

- - Umbilical cord compression b) Fetal hypoxia c)
  - d) Congenital heart block
- Q.12 Bishop's scoring includes all except:
  - Cervical consistency a)
  - Cervical length
  - Station of head
  - d) Cervical colour
- Q.13 The therapeutic serum level of magnesium during magnesium sulphate therapy for eclampsia is:
  - 4-7meq/L
  - 7-10 meq/L b)
  - 10-12 meq/L c)
  - d) 12-15 meq/L
- 0.14 Most common cause of secondary PPH is:
  - Uterine atony a)
  - b) Rupture uterus
  - c) Retained placental bits
  - d) Vaginal lacerations
- Q.15 The period of gestation at which the crown rump length is used to estimate the gestational age is:
  - 4-6 weeks
  - 6-12 weeks b)
  - 15-20 weeks c) 20-24 weeks d)
- Q.16 Number of antenatal care in an uncomplicated pregnancy should be minimum:
  - 4 times b) 8 times
  - 12 times
- d) 16 times Hauker