

Paper ID: 0314103

General Medicine - II

Time: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Max Marks: 45

Note: Attempt all questions. Draw proper diagrams to support your answer.

Part 'B'

1. Describe Hemiplegia, its causes, and investigative workup needed for management. (8)
2. Write about Rheumatoid Arthritis, clinical presentation, causes, diagnosis and treatment. (8)
3. Write short notes on: (3x3=9)
 - a) Clinical feature of depression
 - b) Causes of Poly articular pain
 - c) Scabies

Part 'C'

1. Write about Pulmonary Tuberculosis, how to diagnose, complications and treatment? (8)
2. Write short notes on: (3x4=12)
 - a) Weight loss
 - b) Renal Tubular Acidosis
 - c) Respiratory causes of clubbing
 - d) Obesity

MBBS III (Third) Professional Part-2 Examination 2015-16

Roll No.

[illegible]

Student's Signature						

Student's Name

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Invigilator's Signature

[illegible]

Course Code: MBS401

Paper ID: 0314103

General Medicine - II

Part 'A'

Time: 30 Minutes

Max Marks: 15

Note: 1. Attempt all questions and return this part of the question paper to the invigilator after 30 Minutes.
2. Please tick (✓) correct one only. Cutting, overwriting or any other marking are not allowed.
3. For answering please use Ball- pen only.

- Q.3 Nephrotic syndrome has all except:
a) proteinuria
b) hyperlipidemia
c) swelling
d) hyperuricemia
- Q.4 Genetically transmitted kidney disease is:
a) hypertensive nephropathy
b) diabetic nephropathy
c) chronic glomerulonephritis
d) autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease
- Q.5 Calcitonin secreting C cells are found in:
a) thyroid gland
b) parathyroid gland
c) endocrine pancreas
d) renal tubular cells
- Q.6 Festinating gait is found in:
a) Cerebellar disease
b) parkinson's disease
c) hemiparesis
d) lower motor neuron paresis
- Q.7 Waddling gait is feature of:
a) pelvic girdle muscular weakness
b) LMN paresis
c) LMN paresis
d) cerebellar disease
- Q.8 Romberg's sign is a test of:
a) cerebellar disease
b) sensory ataxia
c) motor ataxia
d) raised intracranial pressure
- Q.9 Extensor planter response is observed in:
a) LMN paresis
b) sensory neuropathy
c) spinal shock
d) children below age of 1 year
- Q.10 Root value for supinator jerk is:
a) cervical spinal 5&6
- Q.19 Least likely cause of Papilloedema is:
a) post fossa tumour
b) CO₂ narcosis
c) raised intracranial pressure
d) glaucoma
- Q.20 Magnesium sulfate is used in treatment of:
a) Aluminium phosphide poisoning
b) organophosphorus poisoning
c) opium poisoning
d) methanol poisoning
- Q.21 Body mass index is:
a) weight in Kg/height in meters
b) weight in Kg/height in meters²
c) weight in Kg/body surface area
d) weight in Kg/height in meters³
- Q.22 Unlikely cause of systolic murmur:
a) anaemia
b) mitral regurgitation
c) tricuspid regurgitation
d) aortic regurgitation
- Q.23 Osteoporosis is:
a) decreased amount of bone with increased risk of fractures
b) defective bone mineralisation
c) increased osteoid formation
d) increased bone turnover
- Q.24 Kwashiorkor best describing words are:
a) state of protein malnutrition
b) state of energy malnutrition
c) mineral deficiency
d) vitamin deficiency
- Q.25 sleeping sickness is caused by:
a) Trypanosoma species
b) Leishmania species
c) Plasmodium species
d) Wuchereria species
- Q.26 Unlikely feature of Horner's syndrome is:
a) ptosis
b) miosis
c) anhidrosis
d) exophthalmos
- Q.27 Maximum possible score on Glasgow coma scale is:
a) 12
b) 15
c) 18
d) 9

- Q.12 Microcytic anaemia is:
a) MCV<80 fl
b) MCV>80 fl
c) MCV>100 fl
d) MCV 80-100 fl
- Q.13 For Liver biopsy, contraindication is:
a) pyrexia of unknown origin
b) diagnosis of liver mass
c) suspected hemangioma/Vascular tumour
d) following liver transplant
- Q.14 Charcot's triad is:
a) fever, headache and neck rigidity
b) fever, right upper quadrant pain and jaundice
c) fever, suprapubic pain and dysuria
d) fever, lumbar pain and dysuria
- Q.15 Hemochromatosis is:
a) excess iron deposition in body
b) decrease in total body iron.
c) reduced hepatic iron
d) functional iron deficiency
- Q.16 notable clinical sign of Pleural effusion is:
a) impaired note on percussion
b) dull note on percussion
c) Gallium-67 DTPA scan
d) stony dull note on percussion
- Q.17 'Pink puffer' has been used in:
a) chronic bronchitis
b) bronchial asthma
c) emphysema
d) pleural effusion
- Q.18 Which of the following is least likely to cause Hypoxemia:
a) pleural effusion
b) congestive heart failure
c) metabolic acidosis
d) pneumothorax

P.T.O.

- Q.29 Which is a DNA virus disease:
a) Hepatitis B
b) Hepatitis C
c) HIV disease
d) Hepatitis A
- Q.30 Pernicious anaemia is due to:
a) Iron deficiency
b) vit B₁₂ deficiency
c) folic acid deficiency
d) erythropoietin deficiency