

DERMATOLOGY AND VENEREOLOGY**PAPER – II**

DVD/D/17/06/II

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks :100

Important instructions

- Attempt all questions in order.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Read the question carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.
- Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space
- Answer all the parts of a single question together.
- Start the question to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.
- Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate.

Write short notes on:

1. Physical urticaria under the following headings: 2+3+3+2
 - a) Classification
 - b) Dermographism
 - c) Provocation tests in physical urticaria
 - d) Management
2. a) Newer agents in management of skin involvement in systemic sclerosis. 3+5+2
b) Management of interstitial lung disease in scleroderma.
c) Treatment monitoring of interstitial lung disease.
3. a) Chapel Will consensus classification of cutaneous vasculitis 2+3+2+3
b) ANCA associated vasculitis
c) Management of Kawasaki's disease
d) Investigations in cutaneous vasculitis
4. a) Recent advances in the pathogenesis of Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis (TEN) 5+5
b) Management of TEN.
5. Palmoplantar Keratoderma under the following headings: 4+3+3
 - a) Pathogenesis
 - b) Mutilating keratodermas
 - c) Pachyonychia congenita
6. a) Infantile hemangiomas 3+3+4
b) Congenital hemangiomas
c) Syndromes associated with vascular malformation
7. a) Tuberculids 3+3+4
b) Immuno-histopathological spectrum in cutaneous tuberculosis.
c) Drug resistance in cutaneous tuberculosis

P.T.O.**-I-**

POSSESSION/USE OF CELL PHONES OR ANY SUCH ELECTRONIC GADGETS IS NOT PERMITTED INSIDE THE EXAMINATION HALL.

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8. a) Sezary syndrome 2+2+2+2+2
b) Erythrodermic CTCL
c) Folliculotropic mycosis fungoides
d) Evaluation of a patient with CTCL
e) Treatment of stage I and II disease
9. Porphyrias under the following headings: 5+3+2
a) Heme biosynthetic pathway
b) Congenital erythropoietic porphyria
c) Porphyric cutaneous tarda
10. Differential diagnosis of erythroderma in: 3+2+3+2
a) Neonates
b) Young adults
c) Elderly individual
d) Role of skin biopsy in erythroderma
