

# Consumer Influer Diffusion of Inno



- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nUxDq
   https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ONgMa

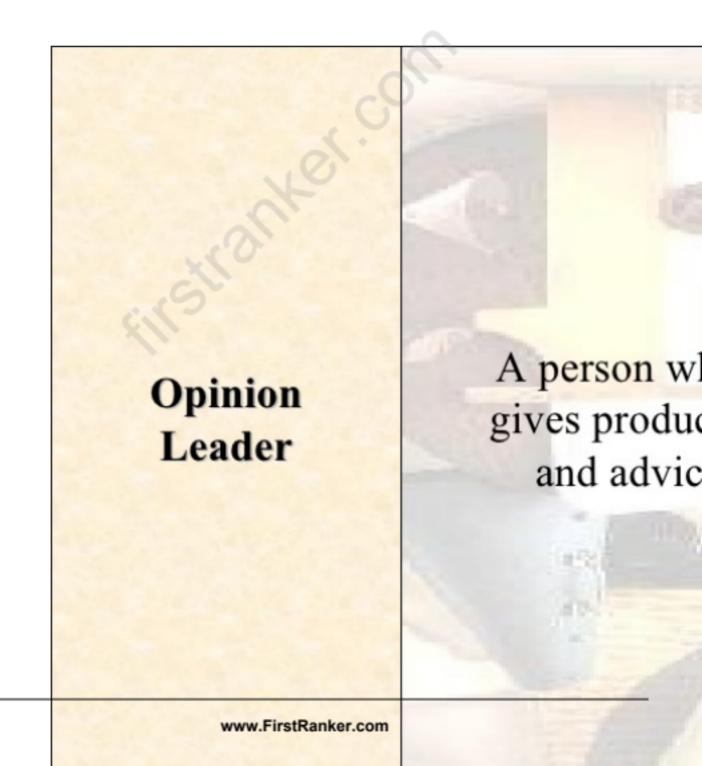
# Opinion Leaders

 The process by which one person informally influences the consumption of others who may be opinion seeken

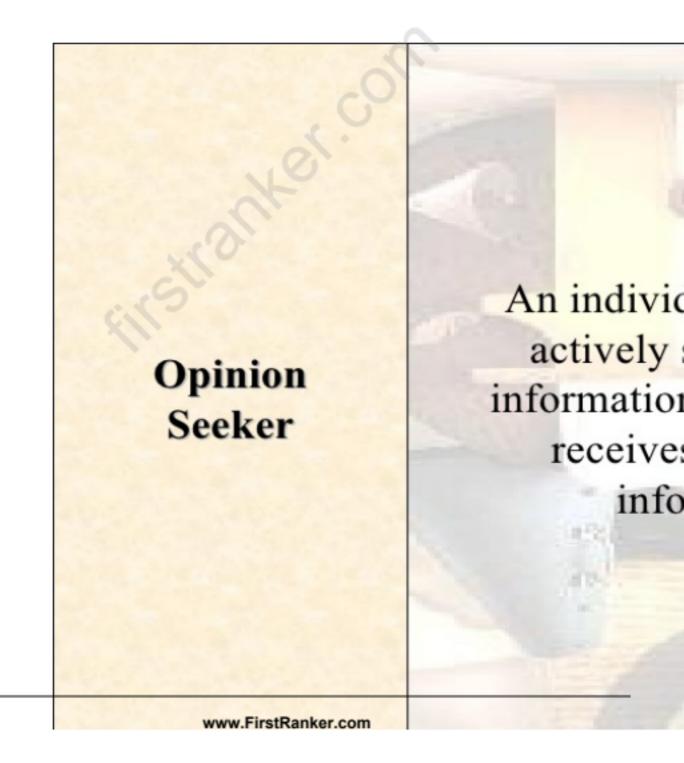












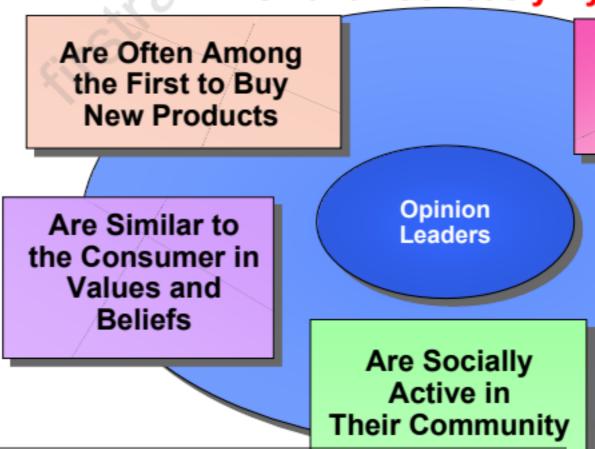
# The person w **Opinion** opinion offer Receiver www.FirstRanker.com

#### Dynamics of opinion



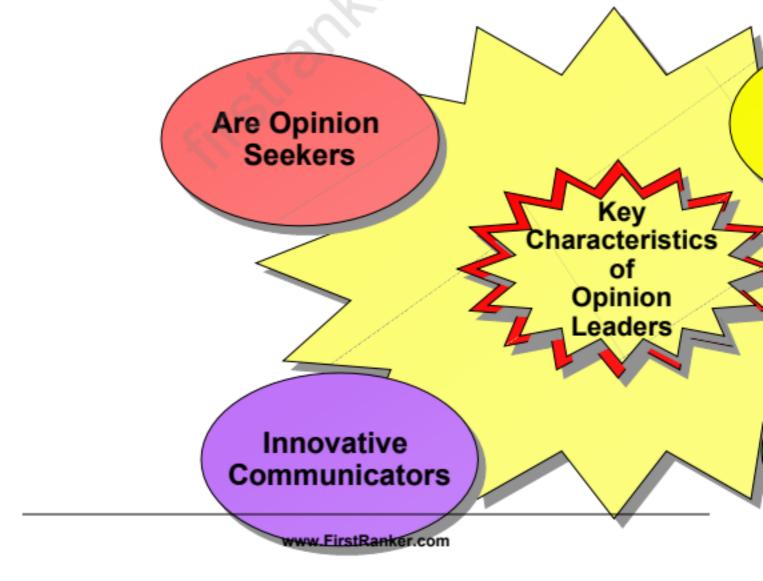
#### **Opinion Leaders**

An **Opinion Leader** is Some Knowledgeable About Products a is Taken Seriously By

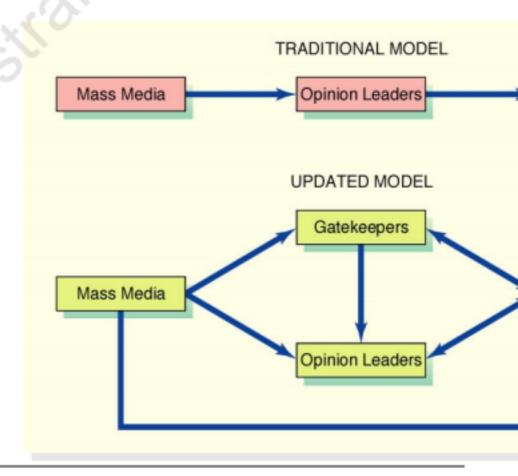




#### Characteristics of Opinion Leaders



## Opinion Leadership Scale



#### **Measuring Opinion Le**

| OPINION LEADERSHIP<br>MEASUREMENT METHOD | DESCRIPTION OF METHOD   |
|--|---|
| SELF-DESIGNATING<br>METHOD               | Each respondent is asked a of questions to determine to degree to which he or she perceives himself or herself an opinion leader. |
| SOCIOMETRIC METHOD                       | Members of a social system asked to identify to whom to give advice and to whom the for advice.                                   |
| www.FirstRank                            | er.com  |

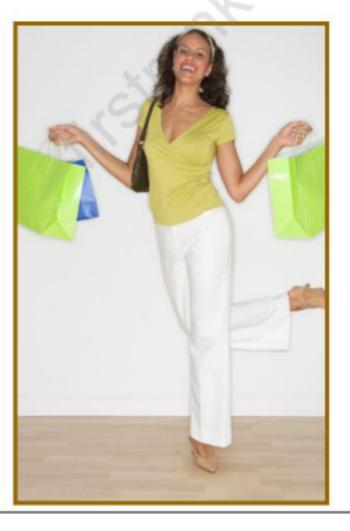
# Measuring Opinion Leaders

|  | OPINION LEADERSHIP<br>MEASUREMENT METHOD | DESCRIPTION OF METHOD  |
|--|--|--|
|  | KEY INFORMANT<br>METHOD                  | Carefully selected key information social system are asked to desopinion leaders.                |
|  | OBJECTIVE METHOD                         | Artificially places individuals i position to act as opinion lead measures results of their effo |
|  |  |  |

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#### The Market Maven



#### Market maven: ac in transmitting information of

- Just into shop what's happen marketplace
- Overall knowle where to get present



#### Opinion Leadership and Mar

- Identify and provide samples t
- Design programs to stimulate
- Develop ads simulating opinio
- Create opinion leaders
- Control negative word-of-mou

#### How to create opinion leaders

- 1- Tell the truth: Always tell the truth to the
  it will harm your company and the goodwill of
  When a company believes its products, then
  to create opinion leaders.
- 2- Do not create enemies: 

   Creating enemies negative opinion leaders, they will kill your be difficult to enter in such target segment.

- 3- The brand value: 
   — Brand value is the most thing that can make opinion leaders, for example obviously the opinion leaders are high for the its brand value and the trust.
- 4- Experience: Opinion leaders must have value and the benefits of the product or serv no opinion leader. This is why celebrities are for almost all the personal care products.

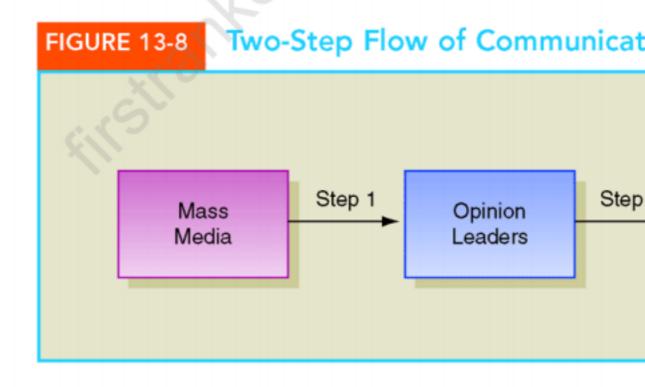




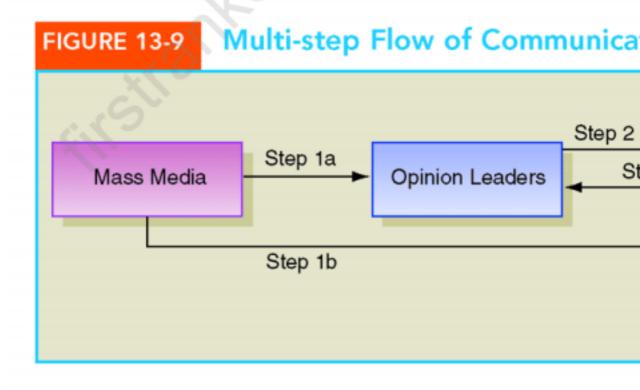
#### The Interpersona Communica

- Two-Step Flow
  - A communication model that portrays op direct receivers of information from mass in turn, interpret and transmit this inform
- Multi-step Flow
  - A revision of the traditional two-step theomultiple communication flows









# Diffusion Proce

The process by which the acception is spread by commembers of social system over time.



#### **Elements of the Diffusion**

- The Innovation
- The Channels of Communication
- The Social System
- Time

#### Defining Innovati

- Firm-oriented definitions
- Product-oriented definitions
- Market-oriented definitions
- Consumer-oriented definitions



## Product-Oriented Def

**Continuous Innovation** 

Dynamical Innovation

Discontinuous Innovation

#### Continuous Innovation

A new product an improve version of product rathenew product innovation disruptive established particles.



#### Amazon's Continuous Innova

#### **Innovation Examples**

- Kindle
- Web services
- Amazon Prime
- Drones?



#### Manager

- Think
- Focus
- Disrug
   Kindle
- Set up
   Lab 12
- Acqui
- Missic disrup (calcu

#### Dynamically Continuous Innovation

A new proc sufficiently have some d on establish

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### Dynamically Continuous

- Dynamically continuous innover A pronounced modification to product
  - Requires a small amount of behavior change











iPhone 5 S



iPhone 6

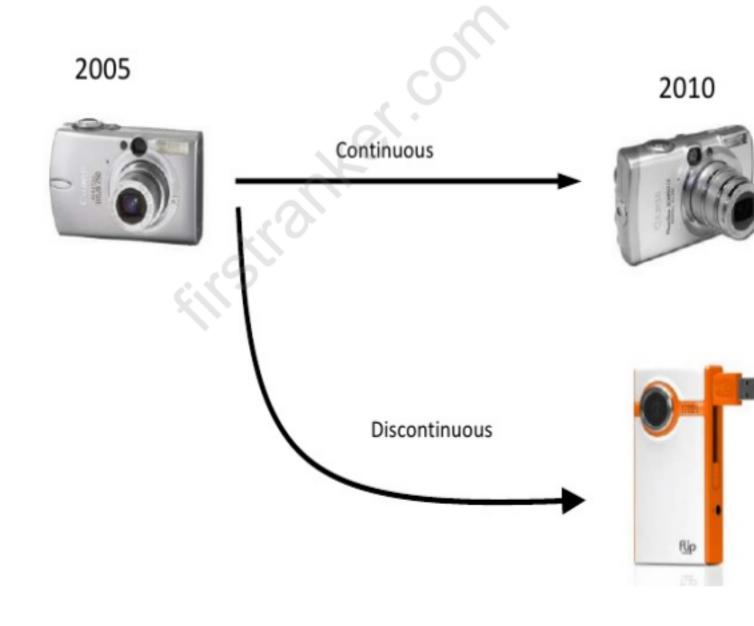


iPhone 6 Plus



# Discontinuous Innovation A dramatically entry that re establishme consumption

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#### Social System and Diffusion

#### Does the target market have

- A positive attitude toward
- Technological skill?
- A general respect for educ
- A focus on rational and ordered relationship?
- An outreach perspective?
- The ability to accept differ

# Time and Diffusi

- Purchase Time
- Adopter Categories
- Rate of Adoption

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# Adoption Proce

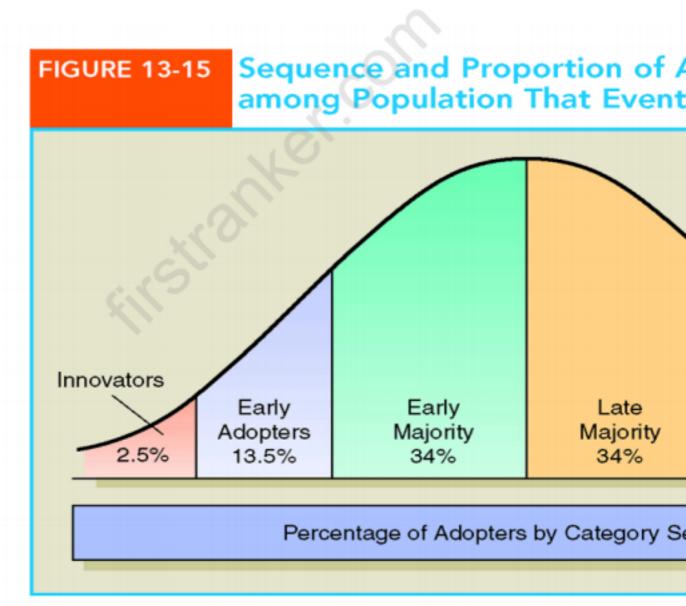
 The stages through which an passes in arriving at a decision to continue using (or discontinue usi

#### FIGURE 13-18 An Enhanced Adoption Pro Pre-existing Evaluation - Tria Interest -Problem or Need Evaluation Discontinuation Rejection or Rejection www.FirstRanker.com

# Adoption Catego

 A sequence of categories that describes how consumer adopts a new product in relation t





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### Early Adopters: Desc

- 13.5% of population
- Respected
- More integrated into the local social system
- The persons to check with before adopting a
- Category contains greatest number of opinion
- Are role models

# Early Majority: Desci

- 34% of population
- Deliberate
- Adopt new ideas just prior to the average tin
- Seldom hold leadership positions
- Deliberate for some time before adopting

### Late Majority: Descr

- 34% of population
- Skeptical
- Adopt new ideas just after the average time
- Adopting may be both an economic necessit pressures
- Innovations approached cautiously



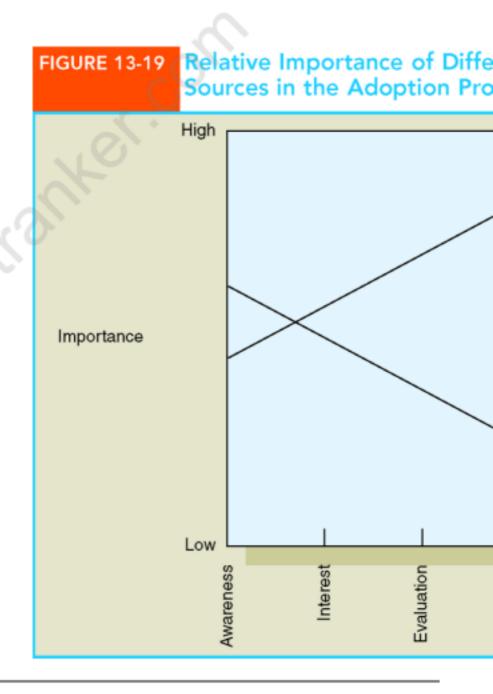
# Laggards: Descrip

- 16% of population
- Traditional
- The last people to adopt an innovation
- Most "localite" in outlook
- Oriented to the past
- Suspicious of the new

# Rate of Adoptic

 Insert Figure 13-16 A, B and C as small not possible, then have one or two





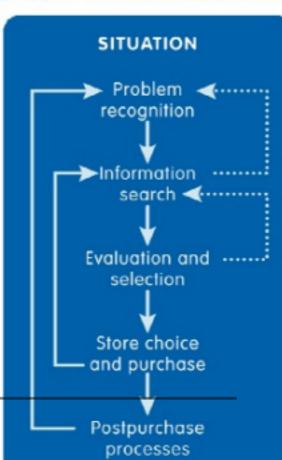
# Post Purchase Processes

- Post Purchase Processes
- Customer satisfaction
- Customer commitment/ loyalty



# Post-purchase processes, custome and consumer loyalty Final consideration in the consumation making process

FIGURE 1.6 / The consumer decision



# Postpurchase process

- Postpurchase dissonance
- Product use and non-use
- Disposal
- Purchase evaluation
- Customer satisfaction, repeat behaviour and consumer loya



# Post purchase disson

- Some purchases are followed by purchase dissonance
- Probability of post purchase diss and the magnitude of dissonance function of the:
  - degree of commitment and/or w decision can be revoked
  - importance of the decision to th
  - difficulty of choosing among the
  - individual's tendency to experie

## Postpurchase Dissonance

Consumption guilt - when guilt feelings are aroused by the product/service use.

Marketers need to focus on validating the consumption for "high guilt" products.



Indulging in chocolat consumption guilt



# Post-purchase consumer

FIGURE 7.1 / Postpurchase consumer behaviour Purchase POSTPURCHASE Non-use DISSONANCE Usage **PRODUCT** DISPOSAL CO Evaluation BEH Satisfaction Loyal Repeat Increased Brand customers purchases www.FirstRanker.com



### Product use and non-us

- Product use
  - use innovativeness
  - regional variations
  - multiple vs single use
- Packaging
- Defective products
  - product recalls

## Product Use and Nonuse

#### **Product Use**

Marketers need to understand how consuproducts.

Use innovativeness refers to a consumer using a product in a new way.

Marketers who discover new uses for their products can greatly expand sales.

Clas inno incre

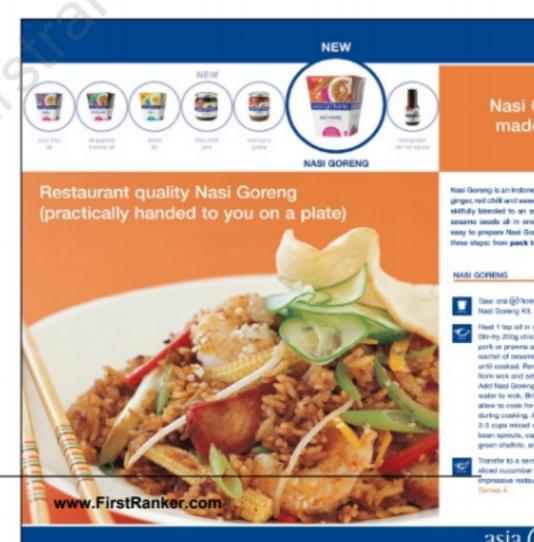
# Applications in Consumer Behav

The Arm & Hammer web site provides another avenue for marketers to communicate new uses!





# Unique packaging for competitiv





### Product Use and Nonuse

Product Use

Retailers can frequently take advantage the use of one product may require or of other products, e.g., dresses and s

Retailers can promote such items

- jointly
- display them together, or
- train sales personnel to make relevant complementary sales

Displa togeth

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## Product Use and Nonuse

#### **Product Nonuse**

Product nonuse occurs when a constact acquires a product that is not used or relative to its potential use.

The division between the initial purcha decision to consume is particularly strongline purchases.

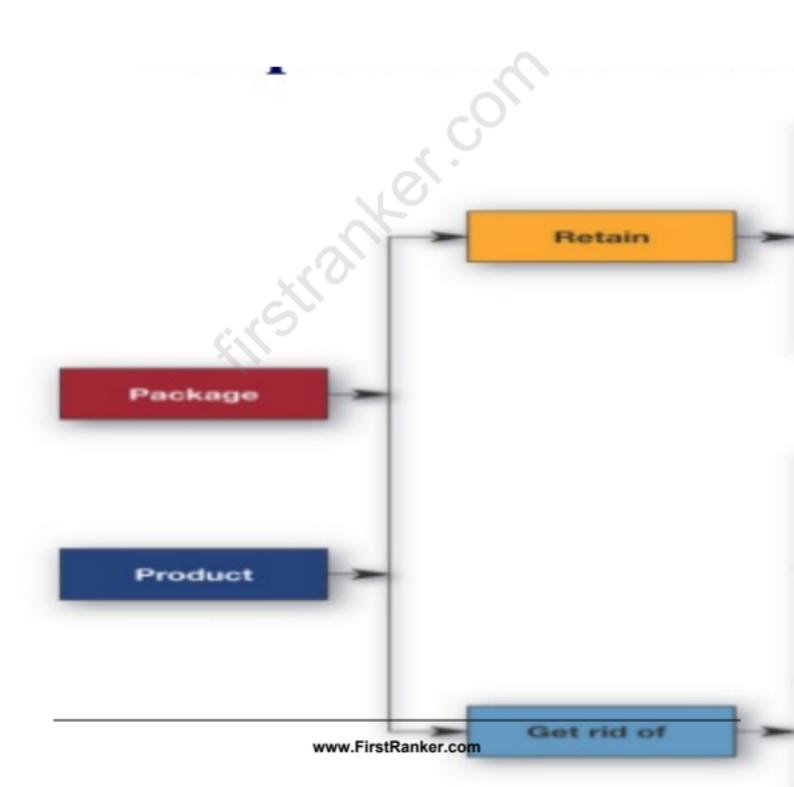
# Disposition

Disposition of product or product conta before, during, or after use. Or, for procompletely consumed, no disposition n

A physical product often continues to exist even though it may no longer meet a consumer's needs.

Exploding demand and short product spans for high-tech items is creating a growing concern over e-waste.







# Product disposal marketing strate

### Recycling

- product
- package

### Trade-ins

to motivate replacement

### Second-hand markets

- E.g. textbooks, clothes
- 'Cash converters'

# Disposition

Product Disposition and Mark

Five major ways disposition decision firm's marketing strategy:

- Reluctance to purchase a new iter "gotten their money's worth" from the
- Requiring disposition to occur before replacement due to space or finan

### Disposition

### Product Disposition and Marketing

- Consumer selling, trading, or giving av products may result in a large used-pr
- Many consumers are concerned with their purchase decisions affect waste.
- Environmentally sound disposition dec society as a whole, including the firms that society.



# Purchase Evaluation and Cust Satisfaction

The Evaluation Proces

Determinants of Satisfaction and Dissatisfa

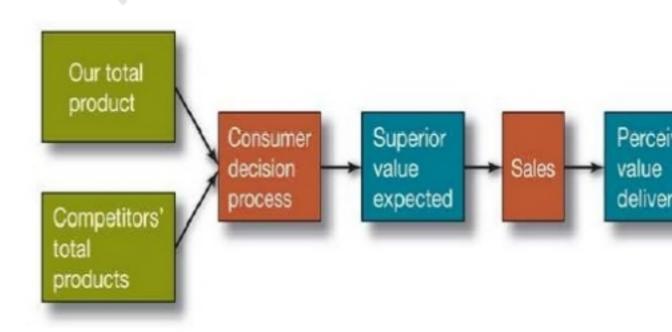
- Instrumental performance relates to the p the product.
- Symbolic performance relates to aestheti enhancement performance.
- Affective performance is the emotional re using the product or outlet provides

# Importance of custome

- The business of business is good keeping customers.
   (Drucker, 1979)
- Delivering high-quality service customer satisfaction is close profits, cost savings, and man (PIMS, Profit Impact of Market)

# Customers Satisfaction, Rep and Customer Commitment

#### Customer Satisfaction Ou



# Customers Satisfaction, Repeated and Customer Commitment

#### **Creating Committed Custor**

Is Increasingly the Focus of Marketi



# Customers Satisfaction, Repeated and Customer Commitment

Repeat purchasers continue to b brand though they do not have an attachment to it.

Switching costs are the costs of evaluating, and adopting another s

Brand loyalty involves commitme it is a biased behavioral response time.



# Customers Satisfaction, Rep and Customer Commitment

### Relationship Marketing

Relationship marketing is an attempt to expanding exchange relationship with

Relationship marketing involves:

- databases
- customized mass communication
- advanced employee training an



# Customers Satisfaction, Repeated and Customer Commitment

### Relationship Marketing

Customer loyalty programs, such as frograms, are designed to generate re However, they do not necessarily creat customers.

Generating committed customers requires a customer-focused attitude in the firm.

# Measuring customer sat

- 1. Qualitative measurement
- 2. Focus groups
- Monitoring surveys



