General Insurance

MODULE 6

General insurance

- First general insurance company in India called Triton insurance co was started in Calcutta.
- First general insurance co with Indian prowas started in 1906-07, by the name Indian merchantile Insurance company
- Following world war 1 several foreign companies started general insurance in having about 40% market share at the tir Independence.

Laws related to general Insurance

- General insurance in India is governed by the Insurof 1938 which was later amended in 1969.
- Nationalisation of all companies by the General instructionalisation Act, 1972. GIC covered 107 companies
- GIC was entrusted with responsibility of superintend controlling, and smooth conduct of the sector with subsidiaries in all zones of India.
- ▶ Following laws also touch upon general insurance:
 - The motor vehicles act, 1939
 - The inland steam-vessels (amendment act), 1977
 - The marine insurance act, 1963

- The carriage of goods by the sea act, 1925
- The merchant shipping act, 1958
- The bill of lading act, 1956
- The indian ports (major ports) act, 1956
- The indian railways act, 1989
- The carriers act, 1965
- The indian post office act 1898
- The carriage by air act, 1972
- The multi-modal transportation act, 1993
- The public liability insurance act, 1991
- The indian stamp act, 1899
- The consumer protection act, 1986

Read P K Gupta old book for explanation page



General insurance contrac

- General insurance aims to protect the economic value or life of a person.
- Contract agrees to make good the loss on the proper the insured that may occur during the term of the con small premium to be paid by the insurer.
- In addition any insurance contract is bound by the foll PRINCIPLES:
- Principle of utmost good faith
- Principle of insurable interest
- Principle of indemnity
- Principle of subrogation
- Principle of contribution
- Principle of proximate cause

General insurance corpn (C

- GIC was formed on 1.1.1973 under the Insurance Act, 19 accordance with provisions of general insurance busine (nationalisation) act, 1972.
- All the existing insurance companies were merged into subsidiaries of GIC starting from 1.1.1973
- National insurance co, incorporated in 1906 in Calcutta privately managed till 1972. 21 foreign and 11 indian co were merged with national insurance to form a subsidia
- The new india assurance company was incorporated in operating from Bombay. Got nationalised in 1972 along other private players to form a subsidiary of GIC
- United india insurance co was incorporated as a composition of LIC
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- The Oriental fire and general insurance co with in Delhi was incorporated in 1947 as a subsidiar oriental government security life assurance in 1 became a subsidiary of LIC in 1956, it came un GIC in 1973 after nationalisation of general insubusiness.
- In 2002 after passage of insurance amendmen (2002) all the four public sector companies wer delinked from GIC and started operating as independent companies.
- Malhotra committee 1993 recommended ope of insurance sector for private players.
- IRDA is currently the governing body responsible regulation and control of insurance sector in in Their main aim is protection of policy holders' in

Performance of private and pageneral insurance companies

- Insurance penetration is very low in india due to lack of a Therefore potential for growth is large with new regulation new players coming in and economy growing at healthy General insurance has grown from Rs 11000 Cr in 1999 to cr in 2011. target is to cross Rs 1,00,000 by 2020.
- Factors that enabled the sector to grow are as follows:
- 1. Leverage: private players have leveraged upon the imbusiness relationships of their parent organisations. This has build awareness and penetration.
- 2. Operational flexibility: operational flexibility of private princluding pricing policy, marketing etc has contributed to growth of the sector.

- 3. innovation: innovative pricing and cross-subsidised promixes have helped private players grow as against public
- 4. strong infrastructure and systems: private players have state-of-the-art infrastructure and systems in order to pro better service to customers. Quicker decision making an settlements have boosted their business as compared to players.
- Claims settlement: selective underwriting by the private on 3P insurance have reduced claims burden and waiting tribunal judgements. This has led to better claim settlement service by private players as compared to public players
- 6. Distribution: traditionally agency channel had dominal industry but of late bancassurance, brokers, corporate of direct sales channels are gaining importance.

Health insurance

Introduction

- Increasing rate of ill health
- Increasing cost of treatment
- Health insurance has become importance
- Health insurance covers the financial arising out of poor health condition due to permanent disability which re in loss of income
- Insurance contract that promise cover medical expenses upon di illness or hospitalisation upon payir premium.

Individual medical expense insurance

- Taken on individual basis for self or for family. I from group insurance
- Generally more expensive but suitable for individuals who have no access to group policies
- Best suited for people who have better health average.
- Flexibility to choose from a wide choice of poli-
- Non-dependency on employer and avlid eve resignation/shift/retirement
- It can be turned down based on risk and higher attracts higher premium

Long term care coverage

- With increase in life expectancy long term care becomes i
- Nuclear family, less children, no children and more working makes it difficult to take care of elders
- Policy covers nursing home care and hospital care for the the long term, not necessarily sick
- Popular concept in the US, Canada, UK etc
- Can be in-house or at hospital
- Premiums and eligibility depends upon age
- Benefits are varied like home care, visiting experts expense nurse, etc
- Can be taken for a specific period or for life time. Life time expensive
- Inflation protection clause available
- Can be home healthcare/facilities only or comprehensive policy

Disability income insurance

- One of the oldest coverages where insurer provides compensation to the insured when he is unable to perform regular duties due to sickness or injuries arising out of an accident.
- Injury is any bodily injury caused due to an accident du period of the policy
- Provides security against loss of income.
- Policies can be a short term or long term.
- Provided by life insurers or health insurers.
- Either to group or individually.
- Exclusions: doesn't cover disability due to wars, intention injuries, and normal pregnencies in individual and group Pre-existing conditions are excluded.

Mediclaim policy

- Reimbursement of hospital expenses caused dusickness or disease or injuries. Payable only if the is admitted into a hospital for more than 24 hrs. policy of more the 101 members gets a discour premium.
 Benefits of mediclaim policy:
- All medical expenses like doctor's fee, room rer medicines, check-ups etc
- Family policy offers a discount in premium
- Some policies offer health check-up expenses of every 3/4 years
- No claim bonus is usually added in terms of incr sum assured
- Income tax benefit u/s 80D to the tune of Rs 250 Rs 30000 for Sr citizens

Features of a mediclaim police

- ▶Premium
- ▶Entry age
- Duration
- Co-payment
- Exclusions
- Pre-existing diseases
- Claim method

Group mediclaim policy

- Applicable to any group, association, institutio corporate bodies having common administrati having a minimum number of persons covered
- Group discounts in premium available but no Nealth check up expenses payable.
- Benefits include-
- inpatient benefits
- covers pre-existing diseases.
- post hospitalisation banefits
- day care procedures but not OPD
- maternity related procedures
- -new born benefits

Personal accident policy

- Policy covers accidents causing disability/deat external violent means. Permanent partial/tota disability and temporary total disability. Disabilit includes loss of organs
- Includes all kinds of accidents including snake I
- There are exclusions like intentional injury, suicic drugs, liquor, danger sports, war etc
- Premia depend upon nature of job, discounts available to family/groups
- Banks tie up with insurance companies to provi cover
- Janatha personal accident insurance scheme cheap and popular

Child welfare policy

- Important for the child's future.
- Involves insuring parent's life
- Involves investment as well for education/marriage.
- Premium depends upon rider, age and company
- Sum assured to take care of goal
- Matures at critical life stage
- Waiver of premiun is a characteristic rider of this policy.
- Critical illness is another imp rider
- Double accident benefit as well
- Money back at intervals also possible
- Some of the imp policies are Child ULIP, Child endowmer specific benefit policy like Bhagyashree for the gorl child

Employee group Insurance

- Group policy issued to the employe
- To cover group of employees
- To submit employees list every mon along with premiums
- An employee loses insurance the moment he/she quits/retires
- New additions are included every r
- ▶ Premiums are cheap
- Non-medical in nature

Features of group health insu

- Cheap and common premium for all irrespecti age, gender, family size
- Easy entry: any new recruit gets enrolled automatically without any questions
- Better benefits: full spectrum benefits apply to specific clauses
- Custom made by the employer for his employed
- Attractive underwriting features like guarantee onetime underwriting, common premium for a simple health questions which also reduces wit number
- One loses policy benefits if he quits the organis

Group availability plan

