



[LH 829]

AUGUST 2015

Sub. Code: 4890

**POST BASIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING
DEGREE EXAMINATION**

FIRST YEAR – NON SEMESTER

PAPER IX – ENGLISH

Q.P. Code: 684890

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 marks

Answer ALL questions

I. Rewrite the following sentences as directed:

(1 x 20 = 20)

Change the sentences into active or passive voice.

1. The bus is being driven by him (into active)
2. Alexander Fleming discovered Penicillin (into Passive)
3. Fruits are being sold by Ramu (into active)
4. Usha has won many medals. (into passive)

Fill in the blanks with verbs using the correct tense:

5. I _____ (play) hockey next week.
6. She _____ (watch) TV since morning.
7. Last year I _____ (attend) a conference on AIDS.

Change the sentences into indirect speech:

8. "What a beautiful sunset!" said Rani.
9. My Father told me "I will come to your school next Friday".
10. "Wait here till I come" he said to her.
11. The teacher said "Have you understood the lesson?"

Fill in the blanks with the correct word:

12. Either my sister or my friend _____ (has/have) taken my book.
13. She _____ (do/does) her work well.
14. Everyone _____ (is/are) ready to go for the picnic.

Do as directed:

15. I saw Reena. I invited her for the party. (simple sentence)
16. The children went to the museum yesterday. (frame question with 'where')
17. The train passed _____ the tunnel. (use a preposition)

Correct the mistakes in the following sentences:

18. This food is hard to be digested.
19. Gas is more cheaper than electricity.
20. Her hairs are brown.

II. Give meanings of the phrases:

(5 x 1 = 5)

1. Eminent
2. Overpowered.
3. Doused.
4. Monitor
5. Sterile.

Frame sentences using phrases given below:

(5 x 1 = 5)

6. Ambience –
7. Appalled –
8. Look into –
9. Comforts –

10. Enhance



III. Write short notes on any FIVE questions based on the prescribed text (5 x 2 = 10)

1. Why was Mr. Connor's speech unclear?
2. How did the Jharkhandis Protect their forest?
3. What does "patient who have been given a second chance at life" mean?
4. Mention two contributions of the Haemophilia society?
5. According to the author what makes nursing exciting.
6. What made Agatha's mother scream?

IV. Summarise the given passage to one third of its length: Give a suitable title: (1 x 10 = 10)

Communication is part of our everyday life. We greet one another, smile or frown, depending on our moods. Animals too communicate, much to our surprise. Just like us, interactions among animals can be both verbal or non-verbal.

Singing is one way in which animals can interact with one another. Male blackbirds, often use their melodious songs to catch the attention of the females. These songs are usually rich in notes variation, encoding a various kinds of messages. Songs are also used to warn and keep off other blackbirds from their territory, usually a place where they dwell and reproduce.

Large mammals in the ocean sing too, according to adventurous sailors. Enormous whales groan and grunt while smaller dolphins and porpoises produce pings, whistles and clicks. These sounds are surprisingly received by other mates as far as several hundred kilometers away.

Besides singing, body language also forms a large part of animals' communication tactics. Dominant hyenas exhibit their power by raising the fur hackles on their necks and shoulders. While the submissive ones normally "surrender" to the powerful parties by crouching their heads low and curling their lips a little, revealing their teeth in friendly smiles.

Colors, which are more conspicuously found on animals, are also important means of interaction among animals. Male bird of paradise, which have the most gaudy colored feathers, often hang themselves upside down from branches, among fluffing plumes, displaying proudly their feathers, attracting the opposite sex.

The alternating black and white striped coats of zebras have their role to play too. Each zebra is born with a unique set of stripes which enables its mate to recognize it. When grazing safely, their stripes are all lined up neatly so that none of them lose track of their friends. However, when danger such as a hungry lion approaches, the zebras would dart out in various directions, making it difficult for the lion to choose his target.

Insects such as the wasps, armed with poisonous bites or stings, normally have brightly painted bodies to remind other predators of their power. Hoverflies and other harmless insects also make use of this fact and colour their bodies brightly in attempts to fool their predators into thinking that they are as dangerous and harmful as the wasps too.

V. Letter Writing: (1 x 10 = 10)

Water stagnation in your locality has caused the increase of mosquitoes.

Write a letter to your local councilor to improve the drainage system in your locality.

VI. Write an essay in about 350 words on ONE of topic given below: (1 x 15 = 15)

1. Write an essay on the most difficult patient you had to take care of in your ward.
2. The importance of regular exercises for Nurses.