

Subjt Code: R16MBA401

MBA - IV Semester Regular Examinations, April - 2018 COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 60

Question Paper Consists of Part_A and Part_B.

Answering the question in **Part**-**A** is Compulsory & Four Questions should be answered from Part-B All questions carry equal marks of 12.

PART-A (CASE STUDY)

I X 12 = 12

1. A Manufacturer of 'X' product makes an average profit of Rs. 2.50 per pie on a selling price of Rs. 14.50 by producing 60000 pies at 60% production capacity. His cost of sales **per pie** is:

-	Dirt materials	Rs. 4.00
	Dirt wages	Rs. 1.00
-	Factory over heads(variable)	Rs. 3.00
-	Sales overheads(variable)	Rs .0.25
_	Total fixed cost	Rs. 225000

During current period, he intends to produce the same number of units but anticipates that

- a) Fixed cost will go up by 10%
- b) Material and labour cost go up by 5%

Under these circumstances, he obtains an offer for a further 20% of his capacity. What minimum price you would rommend for acceptance to earn an overall profit of Rs.160000

PART-B

4X 12 = 48

- 2. (a) Explain briefly the role of accounting information in planning and control.
 - (b) Explain any four cost concepts with their managerial uses.
- 3. ABC company Ltd., supplies the following information and requires you to prepare a cost sheet:

	Amount (Rs
1) Stock of raw materials as on 1-9 -2006	75000
2) Stock of raw materials as on 30-9-2006	91500
3) Dirt wages4) Indirt wages	52500
4) Indirt wages	2750
5) Sales	200000
6) Work in process as on 1-9-2006	28000
7) Work in progress as on 30-9-2006	35000
8) Purchase of raw materials	66000
9) Factory rent, rates and power	15000
10) Depriation of Plant & machinery	3500
11) Carriage out ward	2500
12) Advertising	3500
13) Office rent & taxes	2500
14) Stock of finished goods as on 1-9-2006	54000
15) Stock of finished goods as on 30-9-2006	31000



4. (a) What is a limiting factor? Explain www.FirstRanker.com

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(b) The following information is extracted from the rords of XYZ company.

Particulars	(per unit)		
	Product A	Product B	
- Sales (Rs.)	50.00	60.00	
Consumption of material(qty)	1 kg	1.50 kg	
Material cost (Rs)	5.00	7.50	
Dirt wages cost (Rs)	7.50	5.00	
Dirt expenses cost (Rs)	2.50	3.00	
Overhead expenses (Rs)			
- Fixed	2.50	3.00	
- Variable	7.50	10.00	

Assuming that raw material is the limiting factor workout which product is profitable.

- 5. (a) What are the limitations of Break-even analysis?
 - (b) Sales were 150000 producing a profit of Rs.20000 in a week. In the next week sales amounting to Rs.200000 affted producing a profit of Rs. 40000. Find out break even point(BEP)
- 6. The following data are available in a manufacturing company for a yearly period:

Fixed expenses:	Rs. In Lakhs
Wages and Salaries	9.5
Rent, rates and taxes	6.6
Depriation	7.4
Sundry administration expenses	6.5
Semi-variable expenses:	
Maintenance and repairs	
Indirt labour	7.9
Sales department salaries, etc.	3.8
Sundry administration salaries	
Sales department salaries, etc. Sundry administration salaries Variable expenses: Materials Labour Other expenses	
Materials	21.7
Labour	20.4
Other expenses	7.9
Total cost	98.0

Assume that the fixed expenses remain constant for all levels of production.

Semi-variable expenses remain constant between 45% to 65% of capacity, and It increases by 10% between 65% to 80% capacity, and It increase by 20% between 80% to 100% capacity.

Sales at various levels are:

50% capacity Rs.100 Lakhs	90% capacity Rs. 180 Lakhs
60% capacity Rs.120 Lakhs	100% capacity Rs. 200 Lakhs
75% capacity Rs.150 Lakhs	

- 7. a) what is standard cost and standard costing? Explain?
 - b) write short notes on material variance?