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O 1	0 5			and a constant
Q. I -	V. D	Carry	one ma	ark each.

0.1 The chairman requested the aggrieved shareholders to

(A) bare with

0.2Identify the correct spelling out of the given options:

(A) Managable

(B) Manageable (C) Mangaeble (D) Managible

0.3 Pick the odd one out in the following:

13, 23, 33, 43, 53

(A) 23

(C) 43

(D) 53

0.4 R2D2 is a robot. R2D2 can repair aeroplanes. No other robot can repair aeroplanes.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above statements?

- (A) R2D2 is a robot which can only repair aeroplanes
- (B) R2D2 is the only robot which can repair aeroblanes.
- W3 is Ranker com
 (B) -1/3
 (B) -1/3
 (C) -1/3 (C) R2D2 is a robot which can repair only aeroplanes.
- (D) Only R2D2 is a robot.

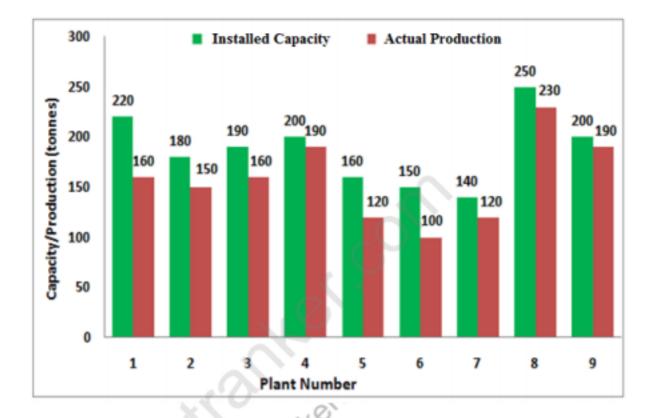
0.5 If |9y-6| = 3, then y





Q. 6 - Q. 10 carry two marks each.

Q.6 The following graph represents the installed capacity for cement production (in tonnes) and the actual production (in tonnes) of nine cement plants of a cement company. Capacity utilization of a plant is defined as ratio of actual production of cement to installed capacity. A plant with installed capacity of at least 200 tonnes is called a large plant and a plant with lesser capacity is called a small plant. The difference between total production of large plants and small plants, in tonnes is



Q.7 A poll of students appearing for master in origineering indicated that 60 % of the students believed that mechanical engineering is a profession unsuitable for women. A research study on women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering found that 99 % of such women were successful in their professions.

Which of the following car be logically inferred from the above paragraph?

- (A) Many students have misconceptions regarding various engineering disciplines.
- (B) Men with advanced degrees in mechanical engineering believe women are well suited to be mechanical engineers.
- (C) Mechanical engineering is a profession well suited for women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering.
- (D) The number of women pursuing higher degrees in mechanical engineering is small.





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Q.8 Sourya committee had proposed the establishment of Sourya Institutes of Technology (SITs) in line with Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) to cater to the technological and industrial needs of a developing country.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above sentence?

Based on the proposal,

- In the initial years, SIT students will get degrees from IIT.
- SITs will have a distinct national objective.
- SIT like institutions can only be established in consultation with IIT.
- (iv) SITs will serve technological needs of a developing country.
- (A) (iii) and (iv) only.

(B) (i) and (iv) only

(C) (ii) and (iv) only.

- (D) (ii) and (iii) only.
- Q.9 Shaquille O' Neal is a 60% career free throw shooter, meaning that he successfully makes 60 free throws out of 100 attempts on average. What is the probability that he will successfully make exactly 6 free throws in 10 attempts?
 - (A) 0.2508
- (B) 0.2816
- (C) 0,2934
- (D) 0.6000
- Q.10 The numeral in the units position of 211870 + 146107 × 3124 is ______

END OF THE OUESTION PAPER





E: THERMODYNAMICS

Notation used:

P - pressure, V - volume, T - temperature, S - entropy, H - enthalpy, U - internal energy, A - Helmholtz free energy, C_p - specific heat capacity at constant pressure. Specific properties are designated by lower case symbols.

Useful data:

Universal gas constant R = 8.314 kJ/(kmol.K)

Ratio of	r = 1.005 kJ/(kg.K) fideal gas specific heat lar mass of hydrogen: 2			
Q. 1 –	Q. 9 carry one ma	rk each.		
Q.1	Which of the followir thermodynamic system	ng thermodynamic prope m:	rties is NOT an intensive	e property of a
	(A) Pressure (C) Density		(B) Temperature (D) Volume	
Q.2	pressure P_1 (both z_1 and P_1 in appropriate units). If the height difference between the two columns is $2z_1$, then the corresponding gauge pressure will be:			
	(A) $P_1/2$	(B) 2P ₁	(C) P ₂ O	(D) 4P ₁
Q.3	Water vapour can be	treated as an ideal gas,	16,	
	(C) for very high pres	w pressure, regardless of		
Q.4		y of a Carnot engine is 0 of the hot reservoir is:	.5. If the temperature of	the cold reservoir is 300 K,
	(A) 600 K	(B) 1200 K	(C) 900 K	(D) 450 K
Q.5	In a reversible, consta	int-pressure, non-flow pr	rocess, heat input is give	n by
	(A) change in internal (B) change in enthalp (C) change in entropy (D) work output	y		

0.6

For this process,

(A) Dry bulb temperature increases, specific humidity increases (B) Dry bulb temperature increases, specific humidity decreases (C) Dry bulb temperature decreases, specific humidity increases (D) Dry bulb temperature decreases, specific humidity decreases

Moist air undergoes an adiabatic saturation process such that the relative humidity of air increases.

Q.7	A steadily	flowing id	eal gas i	undergoes	adiabatic	throttling,	where
		40	407	40		437	

 T_1 : temperature before throttling

T2: temperature after throttling

Assuming no change in kinetic and potential energy due to throttling, which of the following is correct:

(A)
$$T_1 = T_2$$

(B)
$$T_1 > T_2$$

(C)
$$T_1 < T_2$$

(D)
$$T_1 = \gamma T_2$$
, γ : specific heat ratio

Q.8 For irreversible heat transfer from a hot body to a cold body, if Δ denotes the property change of both hot and cold bodies (i.e. difference between its final and initial values), then

(A)
$$\Delta S = 0$$

(B)
$$\Delta U > 0$$

(C)
$$\Delta S < 0$$

(D)
$$\Delta S > 0$$

Q.9 A closed system undergoes a cyclic process. For the net work done by the system on the surroundings, which of the following statements is FALSE:

- (A) Net work is always zero
- (B) Net work is $\oint P \, dV$ if the process is reversible
- (C) Net work can be negative
- (D) Net work can be positive

Q. 10 - Q. 22 carry two marks each.

Q.10 Consider the following statements related to the second law of thermodynamics:

- P. A cyclic heat engine cannot produce net work by exchanging heat only with one reservoir.
- Q. The efficiency of a reversible heat engine is dependent on the nature and amount of working substance undergoing the cycle.
- R. It is impossible to have a cyclic device which will produce no effect other than the transfer of heat from a cold body to a hot body.
- S. It is impossible to have heat engines operating between a heat source and sink to have a lower efficiency than that of a reversible heat engine operating between the same source and sink.

For which of the following options, BOTH the statements are inconsistent with the second law of thermodynamics:

- (A) P and R
- (B) P and O
- (C) R and S
- (D) Q and S

Q.11 Consider the following statements related to air-standard Otto, Diesel, and Brayton cycles:

- P. Brayton cycle has at least one isentropic and one isobaric process.
- Q. Otto cycle has at least one isentropic and one isochoric process.
- R. Diesel cycle has at least one isentropic and one isothermal process.
- S. At least one of the cycles has an isothermal process.

For which of the following options, BOTH the statements are consistent with the operation of the above cycles:

- (A) P and R
- (B) P and Q
- (C) R and S
- (D) P and S



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Q.12	Volumetric analysis of a hydrocarbon combustion product shows 8% CO2, 15% H2O (vapour),
	5.5% O2 and 71.5% N2. The combustion product flows steadily through a heat exchanger at 200
	kPa pressure. Assume each component in the mixture to be an ideal gas. In order to avoid the
	condensation of H ₂ O in the heat exchanger, the minimum allowable temperature (in °C) is

Saturated H₂O Table:

butuited 1120 1 doie.					
P (kPa)	10	20	30	40	50
T(°C)	45.83	60.09	69.12	75.82	81.35

Q.13	An equimolar mixture of two ideal gases (A, B) ex	spands isentropically in a nozzle.	The gas mixture
	enters the nozzle at 300 kPa, 400 K and exits at 10	00 kPa. Assuming the mixture to b	e an ideal gas,
	the exit temperature of the gas mixture (in K) is		

	Molar mass (kg/kmol)	C_p (kJ/kg-K)
Gas A	28.013	1.04
Gas B	2.016	14.21

Q.14	A rigid vessel of volume 10 m3 is filled with hydrogen at 25°C and 500 kPa. Due to leakage, some
	gas has escaped from the vessel until the pressure in the vessel drops down to 200 kPa, and the
	corresponding temperature of the gas inside the vessel is found to be 15°C. The amount of gas
	leaked (in kg) from the vessel is .

- Q.15 A hot ideal gas (C_p = 1.2 kJ/(kg.K)) steadily flows through a turbine with inlet and exit temperatures of 1500 K and 500 K respectively. The minimum mass flow rate (in kg/s) of the hot gas to achieve a power output of 12 MW is ______.
- Q.16 Air pressure inside a spherical balloon is proportional to its diameter. The balloon undergoes a reversible, isothermal, non-flow process. During the process, the balloon maintains its spherical shape, and the air inside the balloon consumes 2 kJ of heat. Initial air pressure inside the balloon was 120 kPa, while the initial balloon diameter was 20 cm. Assuming air to be an ideal gas, the final diameter of the balloon (in cm) is
- Q.17 An air-standard diesel engine has a compression ratio of 18 (the ratio of the volume at the beginning of the compression process to that at the end of the compression process), and a cut-off ratio of 2 (the ratio of the volume at the end of the heat addition process to that at the beginning of the heat addition process). The thermal efficiency (in %) of the engine is
- Q.18 Compressed air, at 1 MPa pressure, 400 K temperature flows through a large pipe. An evacuated, insulated rigid tank of 0.5 m³ volume is connected to the pipe through a valve. The valve is opened to fill the tank and the valve closes automatically when the tank pressure reaches 1 MPa. Assuming ideal gas behaviour, the final air temperature in the tank (in K) is ______.
- Q.19 A 40 kg metal block (C_p = 0.5 kJ/(kg.K)) at T = 450°C is quenched in 150 kg oil (C_p = 2.5 kJ/(kg. K)) at T = 25°C. If the combined (metal block and oil) system is fully isolated from its surroundings, then the net change in the entropy (in kJ/K) of the combined system is
- Q.20 For phase change from solid (sol) to liquid (liq) state, if the slope of the solid-liquid coexistence line in the P-T diagram is negative, then:
 - (A) $v_{liq} < v_{sol}$
- (B) $v_{liq} > v_{sol}$
- (C) s_{liq} < s_{sol}
- (D) $h_{liq} \le h_{sol}$



- A house-hold refrigerator operates under steady state condition between an evaporator temperature of 263 K and a condenser temperature of 323 K. The heat load to the refrigerator is 3 kW. The actual COP of the refrigerator is half of that of a Carnot refrigerator operating between the same condenser and evaporator temperatures. The power required (in kW) to run the refrigerator is
- Q.22 The Maxwell relation that results from the expression for the Helmholtz free energy A = U TS,

$$(A) \frac{\partial T}{\partial v} \Big|_{s} = -\frac{\partial P}{\partial s} \Big|_{v}$$

$$(C) \frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \Big|_{v} = \frac{\partial s}{\partial v} \Big|_{T}$$

$$(C) \frac{\partial P}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial s}{\partial s}$$

(B)
$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial P}\Big|_{S} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s}\Big|_{P}$$

(B)
$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial P}\Big|_{S} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s}\Big|_{P}$$

(D) $\frac{\partial v}{\partial T}\Big|_{P} = -\frac{\partial s}{\partial P}\Big|_{T}$

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Space for Rough Work





Space for Rough Work

