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		GUJARAT T MBA (PART TIME)- SI	ECHNOLOG EMESTER III- E	ICAL UNIVI	ERSITY SUMMER – 2019	9
	Sub	ject Code: 3539905			Date:17/05	/2019
	Sub Tim Instr	ject Name: COST & N e:02:30 PM To 05:30 I uctions: 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assump 3. Figures to the right in	IANAGEMENT PM otions wherever nece dicate full marks	' ACCOUNTIN	NG Total Marl	ks: 70
0.1	Def	ine the following terms. Eac	ch term carry two ma	arks:-		Marks 14
Q.1		<ul> <li>(a) Historical Cost</li> <li>(b) Financial Accounting</li> <li>(c) Unit Costing</li> <li>(d) Cost Centers</li> <li>(e) Zero Base Budget</li> <li>(f) Budgeting</li> <li>(g) Variances</li> </ul>				
Q.2	<b>(a)</b>	What do you mean by Ma accounting.	nagement Accountin	ng? Explain the sc	cope of manageme	nt <b>07</b>
	(b)	Define Activity based cos O	ting and its objectiv <b>R</b>	es.		07
	(b)	Explain the techniques of	the strategic manag	ement accounting	in brief.	07
Q.3	<b>(a)</b>	Define budget and budget budgetary control in brief	ary control. State the	e advantages and I	limitations of	07
	(b)	What do you mean by Ma costing.	rginal Costing? Def	ine characteristic	s of marginal	07
Q.3	(a)	A medical product manufactured by Thomas Pharma, passes through three distinct <b>07</b> processes to completion. During a week 10000 grams of materials valued at Rs. 50000 were introduced and following expenses were incurred:-				
			Process A	Process B	Process C	
		Machine Expenses	5000	4000	3000	
		Labour Direct Expenses	20000	30000	25000	
		Normal Wastage (On input)	5%	10%	5%	
		Scrap value per gram (Rs.)	1	2	2.5	

(b) Following particulars have been extracted for the year 2016 from a Factory.

Actual Output (Grams)

07

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9000

8000

7700



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Cost of Materials	600000	Selling Charge	224000	
wages	500000	Distributions	140000	
		overheads		
Factory overhead	300000	Profit	420000	
Administration	336000			
charges				

A work order has to be executed in 2017, and estimated expenses are:-Material Rs.8000, and Wages Rs. 5000.

Assuming that in 2017, the factory overheads will go up by 20%, distribution overheads will come down by 10% and selling and administration charges will go up by 15%. At what price the product to be sold, so as to earn same rate of profit on selling price as in 2016? Factory overheads are charged on the basic wages and administration, selling and distribution overheads are on factory cost. Calculate the estimated cost of this work order

## Q.4 CASE STUDY:

A company produces three types of products X, Y and Z. The cost per unit of these three products is given below:-

Particulars	Product	Product	Product
	Х	Y	Z
Direct Material	10	8	9
Direct labour	6	7	6
Variable expenses	4	5	3
Fixed expenses	2	3	2
Total Cost	23	23	20
Profit	9	7	6
Selling Price	32-	30	26
Number of units Produced	20000	10000	16000

Production arrangements are such that if one product is given up, the production of the others can be raised by 50%. The Directors propose that Product Z should be given up because the contribution from the product is the lowest.

Do the analysis of data and give your comment that the proposal of Directors of the company should be accepted or is there another better option available for the company?

## OR

Q.4 (a) A Company produces a single product and sell it at Rs. 200 each. The variable cost of the product is Rs. 120 per unit and fixed cost for the year is Rs. 96000/-. Calculate:-

(i) P/V Ratio

- (ii) Sales at Break- even point
- (iii) Sales units required to earn a target net profit of Rs. 120000
- (iv) Sales units required to earn a net profit of Rs. 100000 after to income tax, assuming tax rate to be 50%
- (v) Profit at sales of Rs. 700000.
- (b) Describe the various classifications of costs in brief.

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The Director of Good luck Ltd. are considering the result of the profits and loss statement 14 for the year that ended on 31 December 2009. The extract is as follows:

Particulars	Rs.	Rs.
Sales		1500000
Direct material	450000	
Direct wages	300000	
Variable overheads	120000	
Fixed overheads	440000	1310000
profits		190000

The budgeted capacity of the company is RS. 2000000, but the key factors is sales demand. The sales manager is proposing that in order to utilize the existing capacity, the selling price of the only product manufactured by the company should be reduced by 5%

You are required to help the Board of Director to accept the proposed reduction in the selling price by prepare a forecast statement of profit and costs expected during the year 2010.

The following additional information is provided:-

- 1. Sales forecast Rs. 19,00,000.
- 2. Direct material prices are expected to increase by 2%
- 3. Direct wages are expected to increase by 5%
- 4. Variable overhead costs are expected to increase by 5% per unit.
- 5. Fixed overhead costs are expected to increase by Rs.20000.

## OR

Q.5 (a) From the following information, calculate various material variances:-

Material	Standards	<b>Actuals</b>
А	100 Kg @ Rs. 20 per Kg	215 Kg @ Rs. 18 per Kg
В	200 Kg @ Rs. 17 per Kg.	385 Kg @ Rs. 20 per Kg
	300 Kg	<sup>*</sup> 600 Kg.
Loss	<u>30 Kg</u>	<u>    70 Kg</u>
Output	270 Kg	530 Kg

(b) Write a detail note on Kaizen costing.

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07