

			DU MA Sociology	
Sr.No	Questi on Id	Question Descripti on	Question Body	Options
1	13391	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q01	What is common sociologically to the following set of items: turbans and burqas	23561:Bot head cover 23562:Bot banned in schools . 23563:Bot symbols . 23564:All
2	13392	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q02	What is different sociologically in the following set of items: football and wrestling	23565: Th fan clubs , 23566:The internation 23567:The the sport: individual , 23568:All
3	13393	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q03	There are a large number of women in sociology and few in engineering. This reflects	23569:Diff capabilities women 23570:Ind 23571:Ger occupation 23572:Soc high dema
4	13394	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q04	Deduction as a method refers to:	23573:The adding up instances t general co



www.FirstRanker.com www.FirstRanker.com

			23574:The
			particular i
			reference t
			or principle 23575:Infe
			the conclu
			greater ge
			premises . 23576:The
			particular i
			reference t
			or principle
			which the
			no greater
			the premis
5	13395	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q05	23577:If the change of not involve internation not referre migration.
			23578:Intemigration i only by the the origin also by the



www.FirstRanker.com

				23579:Mig are made i isolated ind by larger u families an
				23580:Net
				easier for i
				find jobs ir
				countries.
6	13396	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q06	Cricket fans may be forgiven for not noticing the caste differences in Indian cricket, but as the country takes a leading role in the sport worldwide, questions are being asked. Why is the national team made up mostly of high caste players? In the Indian Test team's nearly 86-year	23581:1 &
			history only four low-caste dalits, formerly the "untouchables", players have made the national team out of 289 A recent article in Mumbai's Political and Economic Weekly raised the question of affirmative action calling on selectors to take a leaf from South Africa, which two years ago decreed the national team must include six players of colour. (Source:	23582:1, 2
			https://www.smh.com.au/world/asia/why-no-dalit-cricketers-in-india- 20180531-p4zim6.html) Now read the following statements 1. International sports is concerned about the ethnic composition of teams 2. Indian cricket has been dominated by upper castes 3. One solution to inequality in access to cricket could be reservation for dalits in the Indian cricket team 4. There must be ten percent reservation for economically depressed classes because cricket is an expensive	23583:1, 2
			game Which of the following is true based on the passage	23584:2,3
7	13397	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q07	Some American Executives visiting Japan have expressed surprise that so many Japanese directors are unable to explain the details of their own enterprise. They rely cheerfully on their beloved and trusted subordinates to run the business. One would have to search widely in	23585:1 &
			Japan to find the company, so common in the west, run by only one or two men at the top while the employees act as simple tools. It follows from this that: 1. Japanese and American enterprises have very different leadership structures 2. Japanese directors do not work much 3. Relations between employers and employees are very strong in the	23586: 2
			Japanese business enterprise. 4. Business enterprises are culturally	23587:1 &



			neutral Choose the appropriate option:	23588:3 &
8	13398	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q08	Seventeen of the hottest years in history were all within the last 18 years Changing climate will "affect human health with primarily negative consequences" (IPCC). These facts and figures can feel dense and impersonal, but we must remember there are people already suffering the consequences of that data, people like my patients in rural India. (Source: Anup Agarwal and Jennifer Bass, Climate Change has made healthcare a bigger concern for vulerable communities. The Wire, 16 February 2019.) 1. Climate Change affects all individuals equally 2. Climate change cannot be seen through its individual impacts but only mass data 3. Climate Change impacts vulnerable communities more 4. Climate change has impacts on human health Based on the passage and the statements which follow which of the following is correct	23589:1 & 23590:1 & 23591:2 & 23592:3 &
9	13399	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q09	The influence of the city continues to be dominant in our civilization. But the urban and rural communities cannot be viewed as always standing apart, in relative isolation and frequently in antagonism. For there is a tendency for these two types of social organization and human environment to coalesce, a trend according to one Sociologist "in which the specifically urban and rural traits are merged together, preserving the plusses of both and decreasing the shortcomings of each of these agglomerations. This new trend is emerging in only a few regions and countries, but it is bound to develop more and more, creating a new form of socio-cultural world." (Source: MacIver and Page. 2007. Society: An Introductory Analysis. New Delhi: MacMillan, pg. 341). Choose the option which best communicates the central meaning of the passage.	23593:The differences and rural of 23594:The conflict wh rural comn together 23595:Soc either rura communiti together 23596:The social worl urban com



10	13400	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q10	A review of the growth of sociology in India from the perspective of dominant theoretical innovations, changes in methodology and technique, its interactions with other social sciences, its own infrastructure as a profession, and the contribution that all these tendencies have made to the 'universalization' of this discipline during the period of a quarter of a century (1952-77) cannot be undertaken meaningfully without a framework of analysis that would be of a sociology of knowledge within the context of history. Colonialism, and its impact on the intellectual and cultural traditions in India, of which sociology and other social sciences are at a certain level manifestations, provides an important historical backdrop for its theoretic, ideological and professional evaluation. (Source: Singh, Y. 2004. Ideology and Theory in Indian Sociology. New Delhi: Rawat Publications,pg95). Choose the option which best communicates the central meaning of the passage.	23597:The India is sh interaction colonial his different c 23598:Ind primarily a British colo 23599:Ind primarily a Indian cult intellectua 23600:The India can primarily a methodolo
11	13401	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q11	Zidane and Mbappé bookend a couple of decades where the ethnic make- up of the national team has come under fierce scrutiny, often taking worringly racist formsQuestions about the French team's ethnic credentials were present even before their 1998 victory against Brazil. The far-right leader of the Front National (FN), Jean-Marie Le Pen argued that some in the team were "foreigners" who didn't know how to sing the national anthem. When Le Pen made it to the second round of the presidential election in 2002, some of the world cup-winning footballers, including the captain, Marcel Desailly, campaigned hard against him. (Source: http://theconversation.com/success-of-french-football-team- masks-underlying-tensions-over-race-and-class-99781) This passage	theoretica 23601:Spo Identity, 23602:The team is co foreigners natriotism 23603:The anti-footba 23604:Rad
12	13402	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q12	The active connections with memories through visual and material cultures constitute processes of identification for (British Asians). The prismatic qualities of material cultures ensure that these cultures become nodes of connection in a network of people, places, and narration of past stories, history and traditions. Solid materials are charged with memories that activate common connections to pre-	sports , 23605:1 8



			migratory landscapes and environments. These memories signify geographical nodes of connection which shape and shift contemporary social geographies in Britain, post migration. This form of memory- history geographically locates the post-colonial within landscapes, mobilized in the process of migration. These landscapes are neither bounded nationalistic landscapes or lived tangible everyday spaces; these remembered locations situate the post-colonial migrant. (Source: Divya Tolia-Kelly, Locating Processes of Identification, Transactions of the Institute of British Geographers, New Series, Vol. 29, No. 3 (Sep., 2004), pp. 314-329) 1. For migrants, objects evoke a connection to the place of immigration. 2. For migrants, objects evoke their	23606:2 8 23607:3 8 23608:1 8
13	13403	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q13	cosmonolitan global identity. 4. For migrants, objects form a virtual Such a parent, in this view, shares body with the child twice over. First is the body of genetic inheritance, a given, a matter regarded colloquially as being of common blood or common substance. Second is the body that is a sign of the parent's devotion – or neglect – and in this middle class milieu it is above all through the application of knowledge that the parent's efforts make this body what the child ate or played with reflected back on to the mother's local reputation Parents are a special case because of all a child's caretakers and teachers only parents share both bodies with the child. [Source: Strathern, M. 2005. Kinship, Law and the Unexpected: Relatives are always a Surprise. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pg. 5] In the context described, a parent is special because of	23609: tl and subst the child . 23610:eff the child e riahtly . 23611:sh knowledge child's boo 23612:reo neighbour
14	13404	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q14	Scientific facts are shown not simply as `pure truths', placidly awaiting discovery in a natural world, but as actively constructed by scientists whose work practices, gendered identities, and career paths situated them in particular historical and cultural milieus. The view that scientific facts are as much made as they are discovered has radical implications because it runs directly counter to Western assumptions about the `natural world'.[Carsten J. (ed.). 2000. Cultures of Relatedness: New Approaches to the Study of Kinship. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. pp. 10-11] The author suggests that scientific facts	special 23613:are about the that are d 23614:are constructe working in 23615:are about the that are d actively co scientists



				23616:Nor
15	13405	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q15	Techniques welcomed to solve the problems of potential nuclear families may be regarded as suspicious if their end result is more single parent families. Although the desire to have a baby may be taken positively as thoroughly natural, the desire to have a child of a particular kind or for a particular purpose can be taken negatively as an example of parental selfishness. [Strathern, M. 2005. Kinship, Law and the Unexpected: Relatives are always a Surprise. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pg. 18] In the reasoning described in this passage, new techniques	23617:are enabling th couple to h 23618:are they enabl have a bat characteris 23619:are increase th single pare 23620:are enabling th couple to h are accept enable par baby with
16	13406	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q16	To raise the question of narrative is to invite reflection on the nature of culture and possibly on the nature of humanity itself Narrative might well be a solution to a general human concern, namely, the problem of how to translate knowing into telling, the problem of fashioning human experience into a form assimilable into structures of meaning that are generally human rather than culture-specific. We may not be able fully to comprehend specific thought patterns of another culture but we have relatively less difficulty in understanding a story coming from another culture, however exotic that culture may appear to us. As Barthes says, narrative is translatable without fundamental damage in a way that a lyric poem or a philosophical discourse is not This suggests that far from being one code among many that a culture may utilize for endowing experience with meaning, narrative is a meta-code, a human universal on the basis of which transcultural messages about the nature of a shared reality can be transmitted. (Source: Hayden White 1990The Content of the Form. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, pg. 1) Narrative is a meta-code because	23621:It is , 23622:It is translatabl human ele across cult 23623:It is poems and discourses 23624:Sto translatabl



·				
17	13407	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q17	[I]n the study of Sanskritization it is important to know the kind of caste which dominates in a particular region. If they are Brahmans, or a caste like the Lingayats, then Sanskritization will probably be quicker and Brahmanical values will spread, whereas if the dominating caste is a local Kshatriya or Vaishya caste, Sanskritization will be slower, and the values will not be Brahmanical. The non-Brahmanical castes are generally less Sanskritized than the Brahmans, and where they dominate, non- Sanskritic customs may get circulated among the people. It is not inconceivable that occasionally they may even mean the de- Sanskritization of the imitating castes. (Srinivas, M.N. 1956. 'A Note on Sanskritization and Westernization'.The Far Eastern Quarterly, 15(4): 481-496. pg.496) From the passage above we understand that the process of Sanskritization 1. always involves imitating the customs and habits of Brahmans. 2. could result in castes getting de-sanskritized. 3. does not refer to imitation of the Kshatriyas or Vaishyas 4. cannot be	23625:1, 3 23626:2 8 23627:1 8
			understood without an understanding of the particular power dynamics in a region.	23628:2,
18	13408	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q18	For over forty years the nature-culture dichotomy has been a central dogma in anthropologyMaterialists considered nature as a basic determinant of social action and would import from the natural sciences models of causal explanation which, they hoped, would give sounder foundations and a wider scope to the social sciences. For cultural ecology, sociobiology, and some brands of Marxist anthropology, human behaviour, social institutions and specific cultural features were seen as adaptive responses to, or mere expressions of, basic environmental or genetic constraints. Internal or external nature—defined in the ethnocentric terms of modern scientific language—was the great driving force behind social life. As a result, little attention was paid to how non-western cultures conceptualized their environment and their relation to it, except to evaluate possible convergences or discrepancies between bizarre emic ideas and the etic orthodoxy embodied in the laws of nature. (Source: Philippe Descola 2013 The Ecology of Others, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, pg. 2) The nature-culture dichotomy has	23629:Na considered for social l 23630:In culture is adaptatior environme constraint 23631:Oth disputed t nature , 23632:All



www.FirstRanker.com

r		T	1	1
19	13409	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q19	But politics and representation are controversial terms. On the one hand, representation serves as the operative term within a political process that seeks to extend visibility and legitimacy to women as political subjects; on the other hand, representation is the normative function of a language which is said either to reveal or to distort what is assumed to be true about the category of women. For feminist theory, the development of a language that fully or adequately represents women has seemed necessary to foster the political visibility of women (Judith Butler. 1999. Gender Trouble: Feminism and the subversion of identity. New York: Routledge, pg.3) According to Butler, representation is controversial for the following reason	23633:It f meaning c as well as presenting 23634:The representa political via 23635:It f meaning c as well as presenting of represe the politica
20	13410	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q20	The Acrobat Reader's hand shaped cursor works as a foil for both the disciplined writing hand and the mechanized typing one. Called the 'hand tool' for 'navigation' by Adobe the cursor represents the reader's hand not an author's or editor's hand it is a part of a long tradition in which reading has been considered hand orientedThey have also long been figured graphically on the page the small pointing hand or 'manicule' is a visually striking version of the most common marginal notation – nota or nota bene. Thousand of manicules were drawn on the pages of early modern books where they point, they index, literally with an index finger, and they select, all in the expanded sense of 'showing and teaching'. The Acrobat hand cursor, by contrast does not point. It shows only as it positions selected regions of the page image for viewLimited in its movements across the plane of the window it abets the 'dictatorial perpendicular' of modern readingComputer screens offer reading surfaces that are more vertical than horizontal and at odds with the kind of penetrative or absorptive reading that a book might inspireas it lies open on a table(Source:Lisa Gitelman 2014 Paper Knowledge, NC: Duke University Press, pp. 129-130) How is the Acrobat hand cursor	23636:Noi 23637:The does not p passages t teach. 23638:It o rather tha reading su 23639:It s positions s of the pag viewer. 23640:All



				-
21	13411	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q21	An extreme idealist might claim that the world can be changed by thinking about it. If people decide, for instance, that it is a good idea to start behaving cooperatively, non-aggressively and benignly towards nature, then they can do so. If you want to change society in these directions, then you need to change attitudes and values, particularly those in the minds of people who run the institutions where we learn our values and ideologies—media and education, for instance. (Source: Pepper, David 2002. Eco-Socialism: From Deep Ecology to Social Justice. New York: Routledge) According to this passage, which of the following represents an idealist strategy?	23641:Cor environme for all scho 23642:FM asking peo pledge not fire cracke 23643:Lar indicating
22	13412	DU_J19_	Religion does not simply cushion the effects of oppression; it is also an	the citv , 23644:All 23645:A d
		MA_SOCI O_Q22	instrument of that oppression. It acts as a mechanism of social control, maintaining the existing system of exploitation and reinforcing class relationships. Put simply, it keeps people in their place. By making unsatisfactory life bearable, religion tends to discourage people from attempting to change their situation. By justifying the existing social structure, it dissuades ideas to alter it. By offering an illusion of hope in a hopeless situation, it prevents thoughts of overthrowing the system. (Source: Haralambos M. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. 1980. Oxford University Press,pg 461) Which of the following perspectives does this passage represent	23645:A d perspectiv religion he reconcile t 23646:A s perspectiv religion co oppression 23647:A p perspectiv religions a their own 23648:A s perspectiv religion sy
23	13413	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI	Rather than taking the content of `kinship' for granted, they build from first principles a picture of the implications and the lived experience of	23649: re through bl



		U_Q23	relatedness in local contexts. It is a truism that people are always conscious of connections to other people. It is equally a truism that some of these connections carry particular weight - socially, materially, affectively. And, often but not always, these connections can be described in genealogical terms, but they can also be described in other ways. (Source: Carsten J. (ed.). 2000. Cultures of Relatedness: New Approaches to the Study of Kinship. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pg 1) Kinship relations are connections	23650:buil conceptual are univers for specific 23651:con based on a 23652:Nor
24	13414	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q24	It is a fundamental postulate of sociology that a human institution cannot rest upon error and falsehood. If it did it could not endure. If it had not been grounded in the nature of things, in those very things it would have met resistance that it could not have overcome. The most bizarre or barbarous rites and the strangest myths translate some human need and some aspect of life, whether social or individual. The reasons the faithful settle for in justifying those rites and myths may be mistaken, and more often are; but the true reasons exist nonetheless, and it is the business of science to discover. (Source: Durkheim. E. 1995 The Elementary Forms of Religious Life.The Free Press pg. 2)What does Durkheim mean to say in this passage?	23653: M rituals fulfi 23654:Myt rituals are consciousr 23655:Scie discover w beliefs are are false 23656:The for the exis is the only
25	13415	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q25	Human capital theorists argue that women have less human capital than men because of their position in the family. Women's work as carers of children (and also of husbands and elderly parents) precludes their acquisition of as many qualifications and as much labour force experience as men. (Source: Walby, S. 1990 Theorising Patriarchy.Oxford: Basil Blackwell). The following can be inferred from the passage	23657:Hur the income the capital human car 23658:Mer more hum women , 23659:It is women har capital thar assigned a family care



			23660:It is women ha of the fami acquire les
26	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q26	Much of the creativity of anthropology derives from the tension between two sets of demands: that we explain human universals, and that we explain cultural particulars. By this canon, woman provides us with one of the more challenging problems to be dealt with. The secondary status of woman in society is one of the true universals, a pan-cultural fact. Yet within that universal fact, the specific cultural conceptions and symbolizations of woman are extraordinarily diverse and even mutually contradictory. Further, the actual treatment of women and their relative power and contribution vary enormously from culture to culture, and over different periods in the history of particular cultural traditions. (Source: Ortner, Sherry B. 1974. Is female to male as nature is to culture? In M. Z. Rosaldo and L. Lamphere (eds), Woman, culture, and society. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, pp. 68-87.)We can infer from the above passage that:	23661:The women cor may not be across soc 23662:Cult and humar often contr other , 23663:The treatment across cult constant w 23664:The treatment across cult secondary universal a
27	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q27	In sum, the dominant media firms are quite large businesses; they are controlled by very wealthy people or by managers who are subject to sharp constraints by owners and other market-profit-oriented forces; and they are closely interlocked, and have important common interests, with other major corporations, banks, and government. This is the first powerful filter that will affect news choices. (Source: Herman, S Edward and Chomsky, Noam. Manufacturing Consent: The Political Economy of the Mass Media. New York: Pantheon Books, pg. 14) According to this passage,	23665:Nev objective r whatever r world . 23666:Nev for the pro media mar



www.FirstRanker.com

				23667:The interests a of media o the news 23668:Jou prime sele
28	13418	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q28	The practice of hypergamy that developed among Lewa Patels was founded at least partly on the premise that daughters married into wealthier households would neither have to sell their labor power nor work in the fields; in short, their work in public would be minimized. There was no guarantee, however, that their household work would diminish as well, but this really was not a decisive element for distinction. Ironically, then, the de-objectification of women's work (her dual withdrawal from commoditized work and public work) went hand-in- hand with women's objectification as status goods within the Lewa Patel community. (Source: Gidwani, V. 2008. Capital,Interrupted. Agrarian Development and the Politics of Work in India. University of Minnesota Press, Minneapolis, London, pg. 173) The main argument of the passage above is that there is a direct relationship between:	23669:des daughters households that they d work too n 23670:Wit women fro the practic 23671:Wo objectificat good and t domestic v 23672:Dim household diminishing
29	13419	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q29	Ethnographic research obliges the ethnographer to confront the gap between the chaotic "common sense" of lived realities and the schemes he or she must apply in seeking to make sense of them. It disrupts the ethnographer's prior categories and assumptions, exposing uncharted territory where familiar categories don't hold. As it disrupts, it opens up the possibility of generating new knowledge and connections. This kind of intellectual work is intrinsically political in the definition proposed by the Italian scholar Antonio Gramsci. (Source: Li, T.M. 2014. Lands End. Capitalist Relations on an Indigenous Frontier.NC: Duke University Press.) We can conclude from the above passage that:	23673:Cor chaotic and always ord 23674:Eth disrupts so intrinsically sense prop



www.FirstRanker.com

	30	13420	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q30	I begin with this encounter between Borges and Buñuel because it illustrates some of the ambiguities of the cosmopolitan. In Borges's case, cosmopolitanism was, first, a modernist argument against the tyranny of "tradition" as narrow parochialisms and ethnocentrism: this was the critical aspect of his cultural universalism ("our patrimony is the universe")—in much the same way that the universalism of "structure" was to Claude Lèvi-Strauss a critical safeguard against ethnocentric bias. The problem begins when this universalism is identified with Western culture ("I believe our tradition is all of Western culture ").(Source: Ackbar Abbas, 2000. Cosmopolitan Descriptions: Shanghai and Hongkong. Public Culture 12(3): 769-786. pp 770-771.) Q. In the light of the above passage, which of the following statements is correct?	23675:Nev produced k earlier cate assumption 23676:Eth on categor familiar to ethnograph those hein 23677:The comparison Borges and Borges and Borges sta 'tyranny' o Buñuel sta universalis Culture., 23678:The comparison Buñuel and Strauss an on westerr 23679:The discussion cosmopolit author refe
-	31	13421	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q31	The story is often told that it was an act of emigration, the flight of twenty-one Shanghai industrialist families to Hong Kong with their capital and business expertise, that formed the basis of Hong Kong's industrial development from the 1050c opwords. In chronological terms	Lèvi-Strau Buñuel 23680:All 23681:The Hongkong' Idevelopme



www.FirstRanker.com

32	13422	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q32	Boris Hessen's "The Social and Economic Roots of Newton's 'Principia" (1931) and Henryk Grossmann's "The Social Foundation of Maria States (1932) Boris Hessen's "The Social and Economic Roots of Newton's 'Principia" (1931) and Henryk Grossmann's "The Social Foundation of Mechanistic Philosophy and Manufacture" (1935) are the classic programmatic examples of Marxist historiography of science. The two works were produced completely independent of one another, but both scholars were working within the same intellectual tradition with the same conceptual tools on the same topic They have enough in common that the enlarged thesis that emerges from their work may be called the "Hessen- Grossmann-Thesis." While many Marxists have contributed to the historiography of science, Hessen's and Grossmann's work displays a specifically Marxist approach: they conceptualize science as one kind of labor within the system of social production. (Source: G. Freudenthal and P. McLaughlin, 2009. The Social and Economic Roots of the Scientific Revolution. Springer Publications, pg. 1) According to the passage, what is the "Hessen-Grossmann-Thesis"?	23682: Tr capital and resources 1950's onv 23683:The 21 industri of Hongkon 23684:The 21 industri from Shan Hongkon 23685:A v Marxist his Science , 23686:An manufactu 23687:A h intellectual
33	13423	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q33	Every single farmer family is almost self-sufficient; itself produces directly the greater part of what it consumes; and it earns its livelihood more by means of an interchange with nature than by intercourse with society. We have the allotted patch of land, the farmer and his family; alongside of that another allotted patch of land, another farmer and another family. A bunch of these makes up a village; a bunch of villages makes up a Department. Thus the large mass of the French nation is constituted by the simple addition of equal magnitudes—much as a bag with potatoes constitutes a potato-bag. In so far as millions of families	23689:An individual i conscious a class 23690:The which is co of farmers



34	13424	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q34	live under economic conditions that separate their mode of life, their interests and their culture from those of the other classes, and that place them in an attitude hostile toward the latter, they constitute a class; in so far as there exists only a local connection among these farmers, a connection which the individuality and exclusiveness of their interests prevent from generating among them any unity of interest, national connections, and political organization, they do not constitute a class. (Source: K. Marx, 1852. The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Bonaparte, https://www.marxists.org/archive/marx/works/download/pdf/18th- Brumaire.ndf)In this nassace. the 'notato ban' is a metanhor for: In India we are suffering from this conflict between the spirit of the West and the Nation of the West. The benefit of the Western civilization is doled out to us in a miserly measure by the Nation, which tries to regulate the degree of nutrition as near the zero-point of vitality as possible. The portion of education allotted to us is so raggedly insufficient that it ought to outrage the sense of decency of a Western humanity. We have seen in these countries how the people are encouraged and trained and given every facility to fit themselves for the great movements of commerce and industry spreading over the world, while in India the only assistance we get is merely to be jeered at by the Nation for lagging behind. While depriving us of our opportunities and reducing our education to the minimum required for conducting a foreign government, this Nation pacifies its conscience by calling us names, by sedulously giving currency to the arrogant cynicism that the East is east and the West is west and never the twain shall meet. [Source: Rabindranath Tagore. 1918 Nationalism. Macmillan.] The essence of this passage is that:	
				their colon failure by r essential d East ,



		MA_SOCI O_Q35	In the United States both scholars and the general public have been conditioned to viewing human races as natural and separate divisions within the human species based on visible physical differences. With the vast expansion of scientific knowledge in this century, however, it has become clear that human populations are not unambiguous, clearly demarcated, biologically distinct groups. Evidence from the analysis of genetics (e.g. DNA) indicates that most physical variation, about 94%, lies within so-called racial groups. Conventional geographic "racial" groupings differ from one another only in about 6% of their genes. This means that there is greater variation within "racial" groups than between them. In neighboring populations there is much overlapping of genes and their phenotypic (physical) expressions. Throughout history whenever different groups have come into contact, they have interbred. The continued sharing of genetic materials has maintained all of humankind as a single species.[Source: American Anthropological Association Statement on Race 1998] According to this passage:	23697:Hur defined by difference 23698:The racial grou problemati 23699: Ge identified t within eact 23700:Nor
36	13426	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q36	Ethical considerations are of particular importance to sociologists because sociologists study people. Thus, sociologists must adhere to a rigorous code of ethics. In the context of sociological research, a code of ethics refers to formal guidelines for conducting research, consisting of principles and ethical standards concerning the treatment of human individuals. The most important ethical consideration in sociological research is that participants in a sociological investigation are not harmed in any way. Exactly what this entails can vary from study to study, but there are several universally recognized considerations. For instance, research on children and youth always requires parental consent. All sociological research requires informed consent, and participants are never coerced into participation. Informed consent in general involves ensuring that prior to agreeing to participate, research subjects are aware of details of the study including the risks and benefits of participants are also told that they may stop their participation in the study at any time. (Source: https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-sociology/chapter/ethics- in-sociological-research/) Based on the above passage, we can say that	23701:Soc share their with partic concluding 23702:Soc share the details of t before invi 23703:Eth depends o research p maintain to 23704:Res peculiar to



37	13427	DU_J19_	In opportunity hoarding, the clique excludes people on the opposite	23705:a c
		MA_SOCI O_Q37	boundary from use of the value-producing resource, captures the returns, and devotes some of the returns to reproducing the boundary. For instance, people in the diamond trade organize ethnically recruited circuits for acquisition, cutting, polishing, distribution, and sale of different types of gems, excluding others from their sections of the trade. Some of the monopoly's return goes into reinforcing ethnic ties, thus making new recruits to the trade available. (Tilly, Charles. 2003. Changing Forms of Inequality. Sociological Theory, 21 (1): 31-36. P. 34) <i>Please mark the incorrect answer</i> According to the passage above, opportunity hoarding refers to a system by which:	are exclud of value p resources 23706:The use the re capture th to strengt between g
				23707:A c efficiently 23708:a c are excluc of value p resources resources strengthen exclusiona
38	13428	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q38	We can discern growing concern in the social sciences and humanities with questions of atmosphere. Much of it has been an accounting of atmospheric violences, fast and slow. Increasingly explicative attunements to the air track its defilement from gas warfare and gas chambers through a roster of toxic airborne events wherein atmospheres are forced into explicitness in a thanatopolitics of compromised life: Cold War mushroom clouds, windblown radioactive isotopes, chemical leaks, nuclear accidents, tear gas assaults on an agitating crowd; these and others compose a repertoire of atmospheric trespasses, mapping a	23709:Co Clouds , 23710:Ra Isotopes , 23711:No Agitating (
			proliferation of airspaces filled with danger. (Timothy Choy and Jerry Zee, 2015. "Condition. Suspension". Cultural Anthropology Vol.30(2): 210-223. P211) According to the above passage, in the growing concern with questions of atmosphere, which of the following cannot be included?	23712:Ch
39	13429	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q39	If it is true that only some sociologists are women and some women are self-reflexive, we can conclude that:	23713:Se common a sociologist



www.FirstRanker.com

	I	1	I	23714:So
				reflexive of
				23715:So
				are not se
				23716:No
40	13430	DU_J19_	Some animals are insects. Some insects are butterflies. All butterflies are	23717:All
		MA_SOCI O_Q40	colourful things. Based only on the three preceding statements, we can conclusively show that 1. Some colourful things are insects2. Some	concluded
		0_040	insects are animals 3. Some colourful things are animals	23718: C
				23719:On
				23720:No
	_			can be co
41	13431	DU_J19_	Some Western countries still use the death penalty to reduce violent	23721:De
		MA_SOCI O_Q41	crime. What conclusion can be made based only on the preceding statement	reduces v
		0_Q41	statement	23722:De
				countries
				on the de
				reduce vi
				23723:De
				should be
				23724:No
42	13432		If all biologists are scientists and all botanists are biologists, which of the	23725:Or
		MA_SOCI O_Q42	following conclusions follow:1. All botanists are scientists. 2. Some biologists are botanists.	23726:Bo
				23727:Ne
				follow,
				23728:Eit
43	13433	DU_J19_	Some artists are eccentric. All painters are artists. Some artists are	, 23729:2
		MA_SOCI	women. Which of the following conclusions can be drawn based on these	23730:0
		0_Q43	statements? 1. Women artists are eccentric 2. Some women are	23731:Al
			eccentric 3. Some painters are eccentric	23732:No
				20,0211
44	13434	DU_J19_	Books by authors Margaret Mead, Simone de Beauvoir, Irawati Karve,	23733:Si
		MA_SOCI	Pierre Bourdieu, Talcott Parsons and George Simmel are stacked one on	,



		U_Q44	top of each other on a table. There are three books between books by Talcott Parsons and George Simmel, and two books between books of Margaret Mead and Irawati Karve. George Simmel's book is placed below Talcott Parsons, and Margaret Mead is placed above. There is at least one book below Simone de Beauvoir's book. Which is the second book from the top in this stack?	23734:Tal 23735:Ira 23736:Pie
45	13435	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q45	Four friends Ramirez, Ananya, Tashi and Mutul come to Delhi from four places AP, Uttarakhand, J&K and MP using different modes of transport, train, bus, airplane, and car. Tashi never travels by road as she gets car sick, Ananya took a flight from AP, Ramirez travelled from MP, and there is no convenient train connection from JK. Where did Tashi come from and by which mode of transport?	23737:Utt train , 23738:MP 23739:JK
46	13436	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q46	Four friends Kishan, Guddu, Munni and Bantu are sharing a pizza with 5 slices and decide the extra slice will go to the youngest person. Bantu is two months older than Kishan, who is four months younger than Munni. Guddu is one month older than Bantu. Who gets the extra slice?	23741:Kis 23742:Guo 23743:Mu 23744:Bar
47	13437	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q47	The following household chores are shared between the members of a household: Cooking, sweeping, mopping, washing and dusting. Father, mother, son, daughter and uncle do one household chore on one day of the week between Monday and Friday. Father does the sweeping on Friday, and Mother does housework only on Thursday. Daughter does the Washing and Cooking is done on Tuesday, and the Son does housework on Wednesday. What household task does Uncle do?	23745:Coo 23746:Wa 23747:Mo 23748:Noi
48	13438	DU_119_ MA_SOCI O_Q48	Rumi's dog is bigger than Laila's dog but smaller than Elena's dog. Alia's dog is the same size as Raj's dog, which is bigger than Laila's dog, but smaller than Rumi's dog. If bigger dogs are friendlier and smaller dogs are more obedient, which of the following pairs lists the most friendly and most obedient dog in that order?	23749:Lail dogs, 23750:Alia 23751:Lail dogs, 23752:Ele dogs,



49	13439	DU_J19_							23753:Wo
		MA_SOCI	D 11 CH						
		0_Q49	Read the fol	Table A: Percentage Shar Enrolment in Higher Edu	e of Various	Social Grou	ups in Total]	
				Enrolment in Higher Edu Social Groups	Percentag Total S Enrolment Educ	e Share in Student in Higher ration	Percentage Share in Total Population Census		
					2010-11	2017-18	2011	_	
				Women Persons with Disability	44.0 0.2	47.6 0.2	48.5		
				Scheduled Tribes	4.4	5.2	8.6		
				Scheduled Castes	11.1	14.4	16.6		
				Other Backward Classes	27.6	35.0	42.0		
				Muslims	3.8	5.0	14.2		
				Other Minorities	1.8	2.2	4.5		
				"Upper Caste" Hindus Note: Women & PWD inch	51.3	38.2	20.0	20	
			higher educa in the popula	Education, MHRD. Govt on 18. Population share figure <u>Census</u> . Table A, only one social grou tion (i.e., its share in higher es- tion) and all other groups are <i>ler-representation</i> is the <i>lowes</i> .	for OBC from up = "Upper ducation enror under-repres	m NSSO, res Caste" Hindu Iment is grea	t from 15 – is <i>over-rep</i> iter than its est	imated share	23754:Pe Disability 23755:Sc
									23756:Ot
50	13440	DU_J19_ MA_SOCI O_Q50							23757:On
			10	following table and answer the Female Students per 100 M	ale Student		e and Allied	Fields, 2013-	
			Table B:	Female Students per 100 M	ale Student 2018 2013-	s in Medicin 2014-	2015- 20	16- 2017-	23758·On
			Table B: 1 Programme	Female Students per 100 M	ale Student 2018 2013- 14	s in Medicin 2014- 15	2015- 20 16 17	16- 2017- 18	23758:On
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phan	Female Students per 100 M macy)	Tale Student 2018 2013- 14 8	s in Medicin 2014- 15 2 85	2015- 20 16 17 85	16- 2017- 18 83 82	23758:On
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phan B.Sc. (Nursi	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng)	ale Student 2018 2013- 14	s in Medicin 2014- 15 2 85	2015- 20 16 17	16- 2017- 18	23758:On
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phan B.Sc. (Nursi M.B.B.S. (I Surgery)	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng) Bachelor of Medicine &	(ale Student 2018 2013- 14 8 52 9	s in Medicin 2014- 15 2 85 3 462 3 95	2015- 20 16 17 85 445 97	16- 2017- 18 83 82	23758:On
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phari B.Sc. (Nursi M.B.B.S. (I Surgery) Source: Add	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng) Bachelor of Medicine & upted from All India Survey of	(ale Student 2018 2013- 14 8 52 9	s in Medicin 2014- 15 2 85 3 462 3 95	2015- 20 16 17 85 445 97	<i>16-</i> 2017- 18 83 82 384 379	23758:On
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phan B.Sc. (Nursi M.B.B.S. (I Surgery)	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng) Bachelor of Medicine & upted from All India Survey of	(ale Student 2018 2013- 14 8 52 9	s in Medicin 2014- 15 2 85 3 462 3 95	2015- 20 16 17 85 445 97	<i>16-</i> 2017- 18 83 82 384 379	
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phan B.Sc. (Nursi M.B.B.S. (I Surgery) Source: Add (ATSHE), E Consider the	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng) Bachelor of Medicine & upted from All India Survey of	tale Student 2018 2013- 14 8 52 9 9 0f Higher Ea	s in Medicin 2014- 15 2 85 3 462 3 95 hucation 2018	2015- 20 16 17 85 445 97 8	16- 2017- 18 83 82 384 379 99 101	
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phar. B.Sc. (Nursi M.B.B.S. (I Surgery) Source: Add (ATSHE), E Consider the males) in three 1. In 2013-14 and-half time Pharmacy and	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng) Bachelor of Medicine & apted from All India Survey of tox 20, p.41. following statements based of the health related disciplines: 4, the number of women enros 5 and five-and-a-half times n 4 the M.B.B.S. courses respe	ale Student 2018 2013- 14 8 52 57 Higher Ea on Table B, v 11ed in the B nore than the theore than the	s in Medicin 2014- 15 22 85 33 462 33 95 hucation 2018 which shows .Sc. Nursing e number of p	2015- 20 16 17 85 445 97 8 the sex ratio (course is appr women enrolle	16- 2017- 83 82 384 379 99 101 (females per 100 roximately six- oin the B.Sc.	
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phar. B.Sc. (Nursis) M.B.B.S. (R Surgery) Source: Add (AISHE), E Consider the males) in three 1. In 2013-14 and-half time Pharmacy and and-a-half and-and-and fine Phoportion in the M.B.B.	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng) Bachelor of Medicine & upted from All India Survey of tox 20, p.41. following statements based of the health related disciplines: 4, the number of women enro s and five-and-a-half times n 1 the M.B.B.S. courses respe d three-and-three-quarters by nate to its level in 2016-17, th S. course.	ale Student 2018 2013- 14 8 52 9 of Higher Ed on Table B, v lied in the B nore than the criviely, but t 7 2017-18. he biggest ch	s in Medicin 2014- 15 22 85 33 462 33 95 hucation 2010 which shows Sc. Nursing p number of v these margin	2015- 20 16 17 85 445 97 8 the sex ratio (course is approved women enrolle s come down	16- 2017- 83 82 384 379 99 101 (females per 100 roximately six- ed in the B. Sc. to roughly four-	23758:On 23759: Bo
			Table B: 1 Programme B.Sc. (Phar. B.Sc. (Nursis) M.B.B.S. (R Surgery) Source: Add (AISHE), E Consider the males) in three 1. In 2013-14 and-half time Pharmacy and and-a-half and-and-and fine Phoportion in the M.B.B.	Female Students per 100 M macy) ng) Bachelor of Medicine & upted from All India Survey of iox 20, p.41. following statements based of e health related disciplines: 4, the number of women enro s and five-and-a-half times n 1 the M.B.B.S. courses respe d three-and-three-quarters by nate to its level in 2016-17, tt	ale Student 2018 2013- 14 8 52 9 of Higher Ed on Table B, v lied in the B nore than the criviely, but t 7 2017-18. he biggest ch	s in Medicin 2014- 15 22 85 33 462 33 95 hucation 2010 which shows Sc. Nursing p number of v these margin	2015- 20 16 17 85 445 97 8 the sex ratio (course is approved women enrolle s come down	16- 2017- 83 82 384 379 99 101 (females per 100 roximately six- ed in the B. Sc. to roughly four-	