Topic:- DU_J19_MPHIL_GEO

1) Specific capacity of a tubewell is a functions of: [Question ID = 2252]
1. Tubewell discharge [Option ID $=9005$ ]
2. All of the above [Option ID = 9008]
3. Formation loss (BQ) [Option ID = 9006]
4. well loss $\left(C Q^{2}\right)$ [Option ID = 9007]

Correct Answer :-

- Tubewell discharge [Option ID = 9005]


## 2) Distribution of isograds in Barrovian patterns can be considered to represent:

[Question ID = 2266]

1. Contact metamorphism [Option ID = 9061]
2. Regional metamorphism of burial type [Option ID $=9063$ ]
3. Regional metamorphism of intermediate $P$ series [Option ID $=9062$ ]
4. Regional metamorphism of low $P$ series [Option ID $=9064$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Contact metamorphism [Option ID = 9061]

3) The Pokharan boulder bed at the base of the Marwar supergroup is related to: [Question ID = 2271]
1. Glaciofluvial deposit [Option ID $=9083$ ]
2. Alluvial fan deposit [Option ID $=9081$ ]
3. Aeolian deposit [Option ID = 9084]
4. Submarine fan deposit [Option ID $=9082$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Alluvial fan deposit [Option ID $=9081$ ]

4) The behaviour of ordinary (OR) and extraordinary (ER) ray through a Nicol prism is defined by: [Question ID = 2282]
1. The OR is totally reflected but ER emerges at the end [Option ID $=9126$ ]
2. $\quad$ The ER is totally reflected but OR emerges at the end [Option ID $=9125$ ]
3. Both OR and ER are totally reflected [Option ID = 9127]
4. Both OR and ER are transmitted [Option ID $=9128$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- The ER is totally reflected but OR emerges at the end [Option ID $=9125$ ]

5) Evaluate the two statements and choose the correct option from:

Statement I- In crystallization from a magma, early crystal will be composed of magnesian
$(\mathrm{Na}+\mathrm{K}) / \mathrm{Ca}$, in $\mathrm{Fe}+2 / \mathrm{Mg}$ and in ( $\mathrm{Na}+\mathrm{K}$ )/Fe+2
[Question ID = 2263]

1. Statement I is correct and II incorrect [Option ID $=9049$ ]
2. Statement II is correct and I incorrect [Option ID $=9050$ ]
3. Statement I and II are incorrect [Option ID = 9052]
4. Statement I and II are correct [Option ID = 9051]

## Correct Answer :-

- $\quad$ Statement I is correct and II incorrect [Option ID $=9049$ ]

6) Which amongst the following represents crystal form of two non-parallel faces related by a twofold rotation? [Question ID = 2264]
1. Sphenoid [Option ID = 9056]
2. Pinacoid [Option ID = 9054]
3. Dome [Option ID = 9055]
4. Pedion [Option ID $=9053$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Pedion [Option ID = 9053]

7) Maximum separation of the reflectance value of vegetation, soil, and water is seen in: [Question ID = 2268]
1. Red band [Option ID $=9071$ ]
2. Blue band [Option ID $=9069$ ]
3. Green band [Option ID $=9070$ ]
4. Infrared band [Option ID $=9072$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Blue band [Option ID = 9069]

8) If competent layers of different thickness are encased close to each other in a relatively incompetent material, which type of folds is most likely to be produced by layer-parallel shortening? [Question ID = 2247]
1. harmonic folds [Option ID $=8985$ ]
2. polyharmonic folds [Option ID $=8987$ ]
3. disharmonic folds [Option ID $=8986$ ]
4. no folding of layers. [Option ID $=8988$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- harmonic folds [Option ID $=8985$ ]

9) The Cumbum Formation of the Cuddapah Supergroup is characterized by: [Question ID = 2278]
1. Shallow marine carbonates [Option ID = 9110]
2. Deep water facies with black shales [Option $\mathrm{ID}=9109$ ]
3. Fluvio-glacial sediments [Option ID $=9112$ ]
4. Shallow water clastics [Option ID $=9111$ ]
10) Saurischian dinosaurs are distinguished from ornithischian dinosaurs in having
[Question ID = 2260]
1. Tetraradiate pelvis [Option $\operatorname{ID}=9037]$
2. Triradiate pelvis [Option ID $=9038$ ]
3. Locomotion [Option ID = 9039]
4. None of the above [Option ID = 9040]

## Correct Answer :-

- Tetraradiate pelvis [Option ID $=9037$ ]

11) Authigenic precipitation of $K$ rich mica in shallow marine sediments during low sedimentation rate refers to: [Question ID = 2277]
1. Rapid fall of sea level [Option ID =9107]
2. Large storm [Option ID = 9108]
3. Flow expansion [Option ID $=9105$ ]
4. Glaucony [Option ID = 9106]

## Correct Answer :-

- Flow expansion [Option ID $=9105$ ]

12) In symmetry operations reflection in a point, reflection in a line and reflection in a plane can be represented respectively as: [Question ID = 2265]
1. Inversion, mirror reflection and reversal [Option ID $=9060$ ]
2. Reversal, inversion and mirror reflection [Option ID $=9057$ ]
3. Reversal, mirror reflection and inversion [Option ID $=9059$ ]
4. Inversion, reversal and mirror reflection [Option ID $=9058$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Reversal, inversion and mirror reflection [Option ID = 9057]

```
13) Mr. Singh looks down onto a broad valley but can't find the stream that carved it. Mr. Singh (correctly!) concludes that this represents a(n)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` stream valley: [Question ID = 2254]
1. youthful [Option ID \(=9015\) ]
2. misfit [Option ID \(=9016\) ]
3. impotent [Option ID = 9013]
4. overfit [Option ID = 9014]
```


## Correct Answer :-

- impotent [Option ID = 9013]

```
14) As one moves away from MOR, the depth and age of the oceanic lithosphere
```

$\qquad$

``` due to compensation: [Question ID = 2286]
1. Both depth and age decrease [Option ID \(=9143\) ]
2. Depth decreases but age increases [Option ID \(=9144]\)
3. Depth increases but age remains same [Option ID \(=9141\) ]
4. Both depth and age increase [Option ID = 9142]
```

15) The carbon isotopic composition of the paleosol carbonates with $\delta^{13} \mathrm{C}$ values ranging from $-9.4 \%$ to -11.3\%o indicate: [Question ID $=2292]$
1. Dominance of C 3 type of vegetation [Option $\mathrm{ID}=9165$ ]
2. Dominance of C 4 type vegetation [Option $\mathrm{ID}=9166$ ]
3. Dominance of a mixed vegetation [Option ID $=9168]$
4. Dominance of CAM vegetation [Option ID $=9167$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Dominance of C3 type of vegetation [Option ID = 9165]

16) Stream saltation is: [Question ID = 2253]
1. a measure of the total dissolved solids in a stream [Option $\operatorname{ID}=9012$ ]
2. a jumping process in bed load [Option ID $=9011$ ]
3. the dissolution of salty minerals by flowing water [Option ID = 9009]
4. the grinding of abrasion potholes in a stream bed [Option ID = 9010]

## Correct Answer:-

- the dissolution of salty minerals by flowing water [Option ID = 9009]

17) The thrusting of the Lesser Himalayan rocks over the Sub-Himalayan rocks is defined by: [Question ID = 2290]
1. MCT [Option ID $=9158$ ]
2. ITSZ [Option ID = 9157]
3. MFT [Option ID $=9160$ ]
4. MBT [Option ID = 9159]

Correct Answer :-

- ITSZ [Option ID = 9157]

18) The last 4,200 years has been classified as the distinct age of our planet is: [Question ID = 2273]
1. Northgrippian [Option ID $=9091$ ]
2. Greenlandian [Option ID $=9089$ ]
3. Calabrian [Option ID $=9092$ ]
4. Meghalayan [Option ID $=9090$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Greenlandian [Option ID = 9089]

19) A region is characterized by the following: few lakes or swamps, well-developed floodplains, upland divides with even slopes and with rounded-to-knife-edged summits within easy view of the stream margin. William Morrison Davis would have gazed upon this region and classified it as: [Question ID $=2255$ ]
1. youthful [Option ID = 9019]
2. old age [Option ID = 9020]
3. adolescent [Option ID = 9017]
4. mature [Option ID = 9018]
20) Mesozoic reefs are formed primarily by [Question ID $=2262$ ]
1. $\quad$ Sponges [Option ID $=9045$ ]
2. Rugose corals [Option ID $=9047$ ]
3. Scleractinian corals [Option ID $=9048$ ]
4. Archaeocyathids [Option ID $=9046$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- $\quad$ Sponges [Option ID $=9045$ ]

21) The kerogen consisting of woody terrestrial source material that typically generates gas is: [Question ID = 2272]
1. Type-I [Option ID = 9085]
2. Type-III [Option ID $=9087$ ]
3. Type-IV [Option ID $=9088$ ]
4. Type-II [Option ID $=9086$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Type-I [Option ID = 9085]


## 22) The braided channel is defined by: [Question ID = 2289]

1. Low width/depth ratio, steep slope, Iow bed load, Iow sinuosity [Option ID = 9155]
2. High width/depth ratio, gentle slope, high bed load, high sinuosity [Option ID = 9156]
3. Low width/depth ration, gentle slope, low bed load, high sinuosity [Option ID = 9154]
4. High width/depth ratio, steep slope, high bed load, low sinuosity [Option ID = 9153]

## Correct Answer :-

- High width/depth ratio, steep slope, high bed load, low sinuosity [Option ID = 9153]

23) During the last glacial maxima (LGM) the global sea level was $\qquad$ lower than it is today:
[Question ID = 2279]
1. 400 m [Option ID = 9113]
2. 100 m [Option ID = 9114]
3. 300 m [Option ID = 9115]
4. 200 m [Option ID $=9116$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- 400 m [Option ID $=9113$ ]

24) During groundwater pumping through a tubewell at high discharge, the drawdown observed inside the tubewell: [Question ID = 2251]
1. Is generally more then expected drawdown in the aquifer [Option ID $=9001$ ]
2. Is generally same as expected drawdown in the aquifer [Option ID $=9003$ ]
3. None of the above [Option ID = 9004]
4. Is generally less then expected drawdown in the aquifer [Option ID $=9002$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Is generally more then expected drawdown in the aquifer [Option ID = 9001]

2. $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Option ID $\left.=9140\right]$
3. $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Option ID $\left.=9137\right]$
4. $-8.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Option ID $\left.=9139\right]$

## Correct Answer :-

- $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Option ID $\left.=9137\right]$

26) Well loss in pumping well leads to: [Question ID $=2248]$
1. Full loss of drawdown [Option ID $=8991$ ]
2. Increase in drawdown [Option $I D=8989$ ]
3. Decrease in drawdown [Option ID $=8990$ ]
4. Loss in recovery of pumping well [Option ID $=8992$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Increase in drawdown [Option ID $=8989$ ]

27) A SOI toposheet 44D/11 has a stream stretch measured as 5.5 cm , this corresponds to
.........km on land: [Question ID = 2281]
1. 5.75 km [Option ID $=9124]$
2. 3.75 km [Option ID $=9121]$
3. 4.75 km [Option ID $=9122$ ]
4. 2.75 km [Option ID $=9123]$

## Correct Answer :-

- 3.75 km [Option ID = 9121]

28) Paired terraces form when $\qquad$ of the river channel: [Question ID = 2270]
1. none of the above [Option ID = 9080]
2. vertical incision is more rapid than lateral migration [Option $I D=9078$ ]
3. lateral migration is more rapid than vertical incision [Option $I D=9077$ ]
4. there is only lateral migration [Option $\mathrm{ID}=9079$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- lateral migration is more rapid than vertical incision [Option ID $=9077$ ]

29) Which of the following data gives maximum vertical accuracy? [Question ID = 2269]
1. ASTER [Option ID $=9076$ ]
2. $\operatorname{SRTM}$ [Option ID $=9075$ ]
3. LiDAR [Option ID = 9073]
4. RADAR [Option ID = 9074]

## Correct Answer :-

- LiDAR [Option ID = 9073]

30) The mean annual surface/subsurface temperature of dry base glaciers is about: [Question ID $=2291$ ]
1. $\quad 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Option ID = 9162]
2. $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Option ID $\left.=9161\right]$

## 31) Estimation of Storativity using Theis equation for unsteady state radial flow to a tubewell in

 confined aquifer can be done using:[Question ID = 2250]

1. Drawdown \& time data of the observation well near pumping well [Option ID $=8997$ ]
2. None of the above [Option ID = 9000]
3. Only after we estimate transmissivity value [Option ID = 8998]
4. Drawdown \& time data of the observation well near pumping well and only after we estimate transmissivity value [Option ID $=8999$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Drawdown \& time data of the observation well near pumping well [Option ID $=8997]$

32) The river type defined by multiple channels, large stable islands and dominance of suspension load is: [Question ID = 2275]
1. Meandering River [Option ID $=9098$ ]
2. Anastomosing river [Option ID = 9099]
3. $\quad$ Braided River [Option ID $=9100$ ]
4. Straight river [Option ID = 9097]

## Correct Answer :-

- Straight river [Option ID = 9097]

33) The sedimentary structures marked by mud drapes and bipolar cross stratification demarcate: [Question ID = 2276]
1. Deep water currents [Option ID = 9103]
2. Tidal current processes [Option ID $=9102$ ]
3. Waves and storm processes [Option ID = 9101]
4. Fluvial processes [Option ID = 9104]

## Correct Answer :-

- Waves and storm processes [Option ID = 9101]

34) The sedimentary shell of Earth is marked by $\sim 50 \%$ of $\qquad$ [Question ID = 2288]
1. Limestone [Option ID = 9152]
2. Sandstone [Option ID $=9150$ ]
3. Shale/mudrocks [Option ID $=9149$ ]
4. Conglomerate [Option ID = 9151]

Correct Answer :-

- Shale/mudrocks [Option ID = 9149]

35) Amount of the bed load in the sedimentary flux from all rivers to ocean is commonly:
[Question ID = 2284]
4. Equal to suspended [Option ID = 9133]

## Correct Answer :-

- Equal to suspended [Option ID $=9133]$

36) In a thrust sequence, the first (earliest) thrust forms ahead and successively younger thrusts form in the hanging wall of the preceding thrusts. The sequence is called: [Question ID = 2246]
1. none of the above. [Option ID $=8984$ ]
2. a break-back sequence [Option ID $=8982$ ]
3. an irregular sequence [Option ID $=8983$ ]
4. a piggyback sequence [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8981$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- a piggyback sequence [Option ID $=8981$ ]

37) Assertion (A): The amount and character of strain can be assessed with greater precision in deformed fossils than in inorganic structures
Reasoning_(R): Undeformed specimens of same species better preserve originall Shape [Question ID = 2259]
1. $\quad$ A is false [Option ID $=9035$ ]
2. $R$ is false [Option ID $=9036$ ]
3. R explains A [Option ID $=9033$ ]
4. $\quad R$ does not explain $A$ [Option ID $=9034]$

## Correct Answer :-

- $\quad \mathrm{R}$ explains A [Option ID $=9033$ ]

38) 



The above figure shows a 'mirror-image' type symmetrical fold interference pattern. Such an interference pattern is characteristic of which type of superposed fold geometry?
[Question ID = 2243]

1. Non-plane, cylindrical [Option ID $=8971$ ]
2. Non-plane, non-cylindrical [Option ID $=8970$ ]
3. Plane, non-cylindrical [Option ID $=8969$ ]
4. Plane cylindrical [Option ID $=8972$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Plane, non-cylindrical [Option ID $=8969$ ]
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The above figure shows the particle paths of flow characteristic of three different types of deformation. From left to right they are:
[Question ID = 2245]

1. Simple shear, General shear, Pure shear [Option ID $=8978$ ]
2. Pure shear, General shear, Simple shear [Option $I D=8979$ ]
3. Simple shear, Pure shear, General shear [Option ID $=8980$ ]
4. Pure shear, Simple shear, General shear [Option ID $=8977$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Pure shear, Simple shear, General shear [Option ID $=8977$ ]

```
40) The upstream geomorphic response of dam on a river profile is characterised by: [Question
ID = 2274]
1. Flattening of the profile and deltaic deposition [Option ID = 9095]
2. Steepening of the profile and increased erosion [Option ID = 9093]
3. Steepening of the profile and increased deposition [Option ID = 9094]
4. Flattening of the profile and increased incision [Option ID = 9096]
```


## Correct Answer :-

- Steepening of the profile and increased erosion [Option ID = 9093]

41) A polar wandering curve: [Question ID $=2256$ ]
1. is a graph utilized to interpret the Richter Scale [Option ID $=9024$ ]
2. shows that the continents wandered relative to generally-fixed pole positions [Option ID = 9023]
3. shows that the magnetic poles wandered relative to fixed continents [Option ID $=9021$ ]
4. shows that the rotational poles wandered to fixed continents [Option ID $=9022$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- shows that the magnetic poles wandered relative to fixed continents [Option ID $=9021]$

42) Which of the following facies is absent in the low $P$ series of metamorphism of mafic rocks? [Question ID = 2267]
1. Epidote hornfels facies [Option ID $=9068$ ]
2. Epidote amphibolite facies [Option $\mathrm{ID}=9067$ ]
3. Greenschist facies [Option ID $=9065$ ]
4. Sanidintie facies [Option ID $=9066$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Greenschist facies [Option ID = 9065]

2. Equatorial divergence [Option ID $=9031$ ]
3. Coastal upwelling [Option ID = 9030]
4. Thermohaline circulation [Option ID $=9029$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Thermohaline circulation [Option ID = 9029]

44) Which of the following is considered as the largest extinction in Earth's history that killed $\mathbf{9 0 - 9 6 \%}$ of the species? [Question ID = 2280]
1. Ordovician-Silurian [Option ID $=9117]$
2. Late Devonian [Option ID = 9118]
3. Cretaceous-Paleogene [Option ID $=9120$ ]
4. Permian-Triassic [Option ID = 9119]

## Correct Answer :-

- Ordovician-Silurian [Option ID = 9117]

45) The Skolithos assemblage of Ichnofacies defined by vertical tube-like features refer to: [Question ID = 2283]
1. Sandy shore [Option ID $=9129$ ]
2. Sub-littoral [Option ID = 9130]
3. Bathyal zone [Option ID $=9131$ ]
4. Abyssal Zone [Option ID $=9132$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- $\quad$ Sandy shore [Option ID = 9129]

46) structures indicate evolution from a common ancestor
[Question ID = 2261]
1. Analogous [Option ID $=9041$ ]
2. Homologous [Option ID $=9042$ ]
3. vestigial [Option ID $=9043$ ]
4. None of the above [Option ID = 9044]

Correct Answer :-

- Analogous [Option ID = 9041]

47) A fold-mullion structure is typically the surface expression of hinges of
[Question ID $=2244]$
1. cuspate-lobate folds [Option ID $=8974$ ]
2. chevron folds [Option ID $=8975$ ]
3. none of the above. [Option ID $=8976$ ]
4. ptygmatic folds [Option ID $=8973$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- ptygmatic folds [Option ID $=8973$ ]

2. Meso pelagic layer [Option ID $=9026$ ]
3. Ocean bottom [Option ID = 9028]
4. Bathy pelagic layer [Option ID $=9027$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Upper ocean [Option ID = 9025]

49) The significant water level fluctuation is generally:
[Question ID $=2249]$
1. Both Inversely related to change of atmospheric pressure in confined aquifers and directly related to change of Tidal amplitude in unconfined and confined aquifers [Option ID = 8995]
2. Directly related to change of Tidal amplitude in unconfined and confined aquifers [Option ID $=8994$ ]
3. Inversely related to change of atmospheric pressure in confined aquifers [Option ID = 8993]
4. None of the above [Option ID = 8996]

Correct Answer :-

- Inversely related to change of atmospheric pressure in confined aquifers [Option ID $=8993$ ]

50) The solar radiation/electromagnetic spectrum provides $\qquad$ of all energy received by the Earth: [Question ID = 2287]
1. $80.98 \%$ [Option ID $=9147]$
2. $99.98 \%$ [Option ID $=9148$ ]
3. $10.98 \%$ [Option ID $=9145$ ]
4. $50.98 \%$ [Option ID $=9146$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- $10.98 \%$ [Option ID $=9145$ ]

