

MBBS Third Year Part-I Oto-rhino-laryngology Important Question Bank**Essay Questions**

1. What is cholesteatoma? Describe its pathogenesis, etiology, clinical features and management.
2. A male patient aged 60 yrs chronic smoker, comes with hoarseness of voice of 1 year duration. How do you investigate and treat him.
3. What is Stridor? Enumerate the causes of Stridor. Describe briefly the management modalities of Stridor.
4. Mention the differential diagnosis of white patch in Tonsil.
5. Describe the diagnosis, complications and treatment of acute follicular tonsillitis.
6. Give an account of aetiology, clinical features and treatment of Glue Ear.
7. Define Menier's disease. Discuss the etiopathology, clinical features and management of the same
8. Discuss the etiology, spread, clinical presentation and management of juvenile nasopharyngeal angioma.
9. Discuss the aetiopathology, of malignant tumors of the maxilla. Add a note on investigations and its surgical management
10. Discuss in etiology, clinical features, and management of StictureOesophagus
11. Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome-AIDS in ENT – Discuss.
12. Complications of Chronic Otitis Media-Factors in the spread of infection, Classification. Discuss in detail about Lateral Sinus Thrombosis.
13. Enumerate the peripheral vestibular causes of vertigo . Discuss the Pathophysiology, Clinical features and Management of BPPV (Benign Positional Paroxysmal Vertigo).
14. Write an essay on the operative procedure of Tracheostomy, its complications and types of Tracheostomy tubes. Briefly discuss the functions and indications of Tracheostomy.
15. What is stridor? What are its causes? Discuss the indication, procedure and complications of tracheostomy.
16. Describe the aetiology, clinical features and management of Rhinosporidiosis.
17. Enumerate in detail the various causes of epistaxis. How will you manage epistaxis in a 6 year old child?
18. Describe in detail etiopathogenesis, clinical features and management of a patient with nasopharyngeal carcinoma.
19. Discuss etiology, pathology and management of Carcinoma Larynx.
20. Complications of CSOM and discuss on Lateral Sinus Thrombosis.
21. Discuss Etiology, Pathology and management of Carcinoma of Maxilla.

22. What are the causes of stridor in children? Discuss in detail the management of foreign body in the air way.
23. Enumerate the complications of Chronic Suppurative Otitis Media. Write in detail about lateral sinus thrombosis.
24. Enumerate the causes for dysphagia. Write in detail about acute retropharyngeal abscess.
25. List the causes of stridor. Describe the indications, operative technique and complications of tracheostomy.
26. List the causes of the epistaxis. Describe the management of juvenile nasopharyngeal angiofibroma.
27. Describe the anatomy of lateral wall of nose. Describe the types and management of nasal polyps.
28. Describe the aetiopathology, clinical features, diagnosis and management of chronic tonsillitis. Mention complications of tonsillitis.
29. Enumerate the causes of dysphagia. Describe about etiology, clinical features, investigations and treatment of Plummer Vinson syndrome.
30. 50 year old male presents with history of left ear discharge for 3 years. What are the routes of spread of infection to the intracranial structures in this patient? Enumerate the intracranial complications expected. Describe in detail about otogenic brain abscess.
31. Chronic Tonsillitis - Classification, Clinico pathology, Management & Contraindications for Tonsillectomy.
32. What are the complications of chronic suppurative otitis media? Describe briefly about clinical features, investigations and treatment of lateral sinus thrombophlebitis.

Short Answer Questions

1. Middle ear cleft
2. Physiology of nose
3. Glue ear
4. Retro pharyngeal abscess
5. Extra cranial complications of chronic suppurative otitis media
6. Ethmoidal polyposis

7. Hearing loss
8. Vocal nodule
9. Deviated nasal septum
10. Vocal cord paralysis
11. Perforations of tympanic membrane
12. Gradenigo's syndrome
13. Otalgia
14. Nasopharyngeal tonsil
15. Complications of septal surgery
16. Nasal myiasis
17. Heimlich manoeure
18. PV syndrome (Plummer Vinson syndrome)
19. Juvenile papilloma of larynx
20. Tymanogram
21. Functional Endoscopic sinus surgery
22. Stapedial reflex
23. Scarlet Fever
24. Septal Haematoma
25. CROUP
26. Lateral wall of Nasal cavity
27. Atrophic rhinitis
28. Physiology of Hearing
29. Pure tone audiometry
30. Leukoplakia
31. Mention two premalignant lesions of oral cavity
32. Mention any two tuning fork tests
33. Mention two important causes of Sinusitis
34. Any two clinical findings in nasal cavity of a patient suffering from allergic rhinitis
35. Tracheostomy
36. Two absolute indications for tonsillectomy
37. Two causes for perichondritis of pinnae
38. Four modalities for tonsillectomy
39. Two surgical approaches to maxillary sinus
40. Tympanoplasty
41. Nasal cholesteatoma
42. Antrochoanal polyp
43. Rhino scleroma
44. Allergic Rhinitis
45. Menierre's disease

46. Allergic Otitis externa
47. Lateral Sinus Thrombosis
48. Chronic retropharyngeal abscess
49. Killian's dehiscence
50. Management of Juvenile angiomyxoma
51. Two important indications for total laryngectomy
52. Four intra-temporal complications of CSOM
53. Epistaxis digitorum
54. Four important causes of referred otalgia
55. Fistula sign
56. Tonsillolith
57. Functional Aphony
58. Furuncle Nose
59. Two important clinical features in fungal sinusitis
60. Two common sites of CSF leak in Nose
61. Bleeding polypus septum
62. Functions of nose
63. Laryngeal papillomatosis
64. Phonation
65. Aphthous ulcers
66. Acute Epiglottitis
67. Malignant Otitis Externa
68. Nasal Myiasis
69. Pleomorphic Adenoma
70. Waldeyer's Ring
71. Acute Tonsillitis
72. Rhinosporidiosis
73. Lefort's Fracture
74. Glomus Tumour
75. Achalasia cardia
76. Rhinolith
77. Kiesselbach's Plexus
78. Eagle's Syndrome
79. Gradenigo Syndrome
80. Four causes of Rhinolalia clausa
81. Secondary hemorrhage
82. Mucormycosis
83. Rhinitis Medicamentosa
84. Trotter's Triad
85. Ringertz Tumor

86. Pharyngeal pouch
87. CPAP
88. Reinke's Edema
89. Define Cholesteatoma and draw diagram
90. Auditory Pathway
91. Benign tumours of the larynx
92. Acute Mastoiditis
93. Seasonal allergic rhinitis
94. Epistaxis
95. Sphenoid sinus
96. Parapharyngeal space
97. Clinical Otosclerosis
98. Otomycosis
99. Nasal Septal perforation
100. Surgical management of Atrophic rhinitis
101. Antrochoanal polyp
102. Keratosis tonsil
103. Intratympanic Muscles
104. Referred otalgia
105. Oral submucous fibrosis
106. Septoplasty
107. Rhinolalia Clausa
108. Tuning fork tests
109. Glue ear
110. Retro pharyngeal abscess
111. Extra cranial complications of chronic suppurative otitis media
112. Ethmoidal polyposis
113. Malignant otitis externa
114. Vocal nodule
115. Stapes
116. Functions of Larynx
117. Little's Area
118. Tympanometry
119. Diagnostic Nasal Endoscopy
120. Vocal cord paralysis-Theories on position
121. Swimmer's Ear
122. RhinoCerebral-Phycomycosis
123. Potential Neck Spaces, Acute Reyro Pharyngeal Abscess
124. Ethmoidal Polyp
125. Ototoxicity

126. Nerve Supply of External Auditory Canal
127. Rhinolalia Aperta-Mention any causes
128. Causes of Right Recurrent Laryngeal Nerve Palsy-any causes
129. Potato Nose
130. White patch on Tonsil- conditions
131. Rima Glottidis
132. Functions of Nose- functions
133. Valsalva maneuver
134. Tinnitus-Classify
135. Trotter's Triad
136. Barret's Oesophagus
137. Gradinigo's Syndrome
138. Orbital Blow out Fracture
139. Gerlach's Tonsil
140. Pseudocyst Pinna
141. Tuning Fork tests
142. Juvenile Nasopharyngeal angiofibroma modes of spread and clinical features
143. Allergic Fungal Sinusitis
144. Physiology of swallowing
145. Quinsy
146. Singers Nodules
147. Treatment for Atrophic Rhinitis
148. Presbyacusis
149. Cholesteatoma
150. Semon's Law
151. Dysphagia Lusoria
152. Griesinger's sign
153. Paracusis of Willisi
154. Crocodile tears
155. Blood Supply of Tonsil
156. Reinke's space
157. Potato nose
158. Adenoid facies
159. Draw the diagram of medial wall of middle ear and name the parts
160. Premalignant conditions of oral cavity
161. Vocal cord nodule
162. Vincent's angina
163. Etiology of carcinoma esophagus
164. Classification of carcinoma maxilla

165. Presbyacusis
166. Tubal tonsil
167. Rhinophyma
168. Fungal polyposis
169. Anterior nasal packing
170. Impedance audiometry
171. Myringoplasty
172. Mesotympanum
173. Otosclerosis
174. FESS
175. Lignocaine in ENT
176. Rhinoscleroma
177. Osteomeatal complex
178. Aphthous ulcer
179. Waldeyer's ring
180. Tonsillolith
181. Facial palsy
182. Lateral sinus thrombophlebitis
183. Functional endoscopic sinus surgery
184. Cottle's test
185. Cardinal features of chronic tonsillitis
186. Kobrak test
187. Tympanoplasty
188. Killian dehiscence
189. MERI Index
190. Secretory otitis media
191. Adenoid facies
192. Turban epiglottis
193. Steeple sign
194. Weber test
195. Causes of red ear drum
196. Wegner Grossmann theory
197. Microbiology of acute epiglottitis
198. Laryngeal crepitus
199. Fistula test
200. Myiasis of nose
201. Antrochoanal polyp
202. Plummer vinson syndrome
203. Stricture oesophagus
204. Thyroglossal cyst

- 205. Functional aphonia
- 206. Middle meatus
- 207. Korner's septum
- 208. Myringotomy
- 209. Tympanometry
- 210. Masking
- 211. Keratosis obturans
- 212. Bell's palsy
- 213. Rhinolith
- 214. Oroantral fistula
- 215. Sluder's Neuralgia
- 216. Laryngomalacia
- 217. Obstructive Sleep Apnoea
- 218. Reactionary Haemorrhage
- 219. Dysphagia Lusoria
- 220. Meniere's disease
- 221. Hiatus semilunaris
- 222. Optokinetic nystagmus
- 223. Frey's syndrome
- 224. Ludwig's angina
- 225. Quinsy
- 226. Otogenic brain abscess
- 227. Bilateral abductor paralysis
- 228. Hearing aids
- 229. Pure tone audiometry
- 230. Nasal Polypsis
- 231. Management of Cholesteotoma
- 232. Malignant Otitis externa
- 233. Management of Secretory Otitis Media
- 234. Management of Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma
- 235. Features of Laryngeal Tuberculosis
- 236. Complications of septal surgery
- 237. Surgical management of atrophic Rhinitis
- 238. Littles area
- 239. Investigations in a case of Dysphagia
- 240. Acute epiglottitis
- 241. Choanal atresia
- 242. Difference between Antro choanal polyp and Ethmoidal polyp
- 243. Plummer Vinson syndrome
- 244. Tympanogram

245. Signs of retracted tympanic membrane
246. Haller cell
247. Four causes for unilateral tonsillar enlargement
248. Four uses of laser in ENT
249. CARHART'S notch
250. Frontal mucocele
251. Bronchial foreign bodies
252. Otosclerosis
253. Rhinosporidiosis
254. Keratosis obturans
255. Functions of eustachian tube
256. Cottles line and its significance
257. Immediate complications of tracheostomy
258. Name major complications of FESS
259. Prevertebral shadow widening
260. Obstructive sleep apnoea
261. Ludwig's angina
262. Thyroglossal cyst
263. Acute otitis media
264. Atrophic rhinitis
265. Laryngomalacia
266. Medical treatment of meniere's disease
267. Causes and treatment of secondary haemorrhage
268. Premalignant lesions of larynx
269. Name four complications of cortical mastoidectomy
270. Malignant otitis externa
271. Allergic rhinitis
272. Causes and management of sudden sensorineural hearing loss
273. Differential diagnosis of membrane on the tonsil
274. Meniere's disease – clinical features and management
275. Unpaired cartilages of larynx
276. Boundaries of parapharyngeal space
277. Name four complications of tonsillectomy
278. Indications for radical mastoidectomy
279. Name four causes for left recurrent laryngeal nerve palsy
280. Ototoxicity
281. Presbyacusis
282. Vocal cord nodules
283. Thyroglossal cyst
284. CP angle tumors

285. Cricothyroidotomy
286. Maxillectomy - types and indications
287. Littles area
288. Oesophageal diverticulum
289. Cochlear implant- indications
290. Secretory otitis media
291. Mucociliary clearance mechanism
292. Antro-choanal polyp
293. OAE (Otoacoustic Emission)
294. Polysomnography
295. Levels of neck lymph nodes
296. Name four complications of tracheostomy
297. Otosclerosis – diagnosis, medical management
298. Enumerate four complications of FESS (Functional Endoscopic Sinus Surgery)
299. Surgery for facial palsy
300. Orbital complications of sinusitis
301. Bilateral abductor palsy
302. Myringoplasty
303. Impedance audiogram
304. Organ of corti
305. Name four complications of tonsillectomy
306. Gradenigo syndrome
307. Parts of hypopharynx
308. Rhinitis sicca
309. Laryngocele
310. Lingual tonsil
311. Cochlear implants
312. Choanal atresia
313. Fungal sinusitis
314. Pharyngeal pouch
315. Signs of malignant otitis externa
316. Rhinomanometry
317. Signs of tuberculosis of larynx
318. Dangerous area of face
319. Any four speech rehabilitation methods after laryngectomy
320. Tuning fork tests for Non Organic Deafness
321. Sleep apnoea syndrome
322. Patterson Brown Kelly syndrome
323. Oto-toxicity

- 324. Rhino scleroma
- 325. Trautmann's triangle
- 326. Traveling wave theory
- 327. Sulcus vocalis
- 328. Ventilation tube
- 329. Sialo-lithiasis
- 330. Rhinolith
- 331. Vocal cord polyp
- 332. Eustachian tube
- 333. Eagle's syndrome
- 334. Caldwel-luc surgery
- 335. Glue ear
- 336. Tullio's phenomenon
- 337. Vasomotor rhinitis
- 338. Killian's dehiscence
- 339. Achalasia cardia

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