# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY <br> BE - SEMESTER- III (New) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2019 

Subject Code: 3130502
Date: 26/11/2019
Subject Name: Fluid Flow Operations
Time: 02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM

## Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

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Q. 4 (a) Enlist different types of valves used in pipe fittings. 03
(b) A pitot tube is used to measure velocity of water at the center of a pipe, the stagnation pressure head is 6 m and static pressure head is 5 m of water. Determine the flow velocity assume $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}}=0.98$
(c) The pressure drop for the flow of fluid through long, straight and circular pipe depends upon the length and diameter of pipe as well as velocity, density and viscosity of a fluid. Develop an expression for the pressure drop as a function of dimensionless groups by using Buckingham's $\pi$ theorem for dimensional analysis.
Q. 5 (a) Discus in brief Drag force and Drag coefficient.

03
(b) Give two applications in chemical industries where centrifugal pump cannot be used.
(c) Water is to be pumped from ground level tank, which is open to atmosphere to a cooling tower. The difference between the level of water in the tank and discharge point is 15 m . The velocity of water through 40 mm internal diameter discharge pipe is $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. In the pipe line there is a valve which is equivalent to 200 pipe diameters and fitting equivalent to 150 pipe diameters. The length of the entire is 30 meters. Calculate the power requirement of the pump if efficiency of pump is 60\%.
Data : density of water $=1000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ Viscosity of water $=0.0008 \mathrm{PaS}$. Friction factor ' f ' $=0.004$.

OR
Q. 5 (a) What is boundary layer separation and wake formation?
(b) Differentiate between pipes and tubes.
(c) Derive equation of continuity considering velocity in three dimensions.

