

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**BE - SEMESTER-I & II (SPFU) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2019**
**Subject Code: MTH001****Date: 06/01/2020****Subject Name: Calculus****Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt any five questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

<b>Q.1</b>	(a) Test the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5n^3 - 3n}{n^2(n-2)(n^2 + 5)}$ .	<b>07</b>
	(b) Test the convergence of $\frac{1}{1 \bullet 2 \bullet 3} + \frac{x}{4 \bullet 5 \bullet 6} + \frac{x^2}{7 \bullet 8 \bullet 9} + \dots$ .	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) Trace the curve $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ , $a > 0$ .	<b>07</b>
	(b) Sketch the region of integration and evaluate $\int_1^4 \int_0^{\sqrt[4]{x}} \frac{3}{2} e^{\sqrt[4]{y}} dy dx$	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) 1. If $(\cos x)^y = (\sin y)^x$ , find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ . 2. If $x^5 + y^5 = 5x^2$ , find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .	<b>07</b>
	(b) Evaluate $\iint_R r\sqrt{a^2 - r^2} dr d\theta$ over the upper half of the circle $r = a \cos \theta$ .	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Find the minimum and maximum value of $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3xy$ .	<b>07</b>
	(b) Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_{y/2}^1 e^{x^2} dx dy$ by changing order of integration.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.5</b>	(a) If $u = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x - y} \right)$ , prove that $x^2 u_{xx} + 2xy u_{xy} + y^2 u_{yy} = 2 \cos 3u \sin u$ .	<b>07</b>
	(b) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} xyz dz dy dx$ .	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.6</b>	(a) Find the equation of tangent plane and normal line at the point (-2, 1, -3) to the ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{4} + y^2 + \frac{z^2}{9} = 3$ .	<b>07</b>
	(b) If $u = f(r)$ , where $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$ , prove that $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = f''(r) + \frac{1}{r} f'(r)$ .	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.7</b>	(a) Test the convergence for $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \tan^{-1} n}{n^2 + 1}$ .	<b>07</b>
	(b) Find the area of the region R enclosed by the parabola $y = x^2$ and the line $y = x + 2$ .	<b>07</b>

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