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GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-IV(NEW) - EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2019

Subject Code: 2141905 Date: 09/05/2019

Subject Name: Complex Variables and Numerical Methods

Time: 02:30 PM TO 05:30 PM Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) State De'Movier's. Find arg [i/(-2-2i)].
 - (b) Define the operators Δ, ∇ and E. Prove that E∇= Δ.
 04
 - (c) State Cauchy Riemann Equations. Show that 07
 - (i) f(z) = sin z is everywhere analytic
 - (ii) f(z) = xy + iy is nowhere analytic.
- Q.2 (a) State the formula for $\sin^{-1} z$. Find $\sin^{-1} (-i)$
 - (b) Find analytic function f(z) = u + iv, if u = 2x(1 y).
 - (c) Classify the singularities of the analytic function.
 In each of the following case, identify the singular point and its type with justification.
 - (i) $z^2/(z+1)$ (ii) $\sin z/z$ (iii) $(1-\cosh z)/z^3$

OR

- (c) Use residues to evaluate the improper integral:
 - $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 4)}$
- Q.3 (a) Evaluate the integral $\int_C \overline{z} dz$, when C is the right-hand half $z = 2e^{i\theta} \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, of the circle |z| = 2 from -2i to 2i.
 - (b) Show that the mapping by w = 1/z transforms circles and lines into circles and 04 lines
 - (c) Give two Laurent series expansions in powers of z for the function f(z) = 1/[z²(1-z)] and specify the regions in which those expansions are valid.

OF

- Q.3 (a) Find the bilinear transformation which transforms z₁ = ∞, z₂ = i, z₃ = 0 into w₁ = 0, w₂ = i, w₃ = ∞.
 - (b) Determine and sketch the region : (i) $0 \le \arg z \le \frac{\pi}{4}$, (ii) |2z + 3| > 4, Which of them are domains?
 - (c) State the Cauchy's Integral Formula and its extension. Hence evaluate integral 07 $\int_C \frac{z+4}{z^2-2z+5} \ dz \ , \ \text{where C is circle } |z+1+i|=2.$





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- Q.4 (a) Evaluate $\int_{2}^{7} x^{2} \log x \, dx$ taking four sub-intervals by trapezoidal rule. 03
 - (b) Apply Bisetion method to find a real root of the equation $2x^3 5x + 1 = 0$ correct 04 to 2 decimal places.
 - (c) Given f(1)=22, f(2)=30, f(4)=82, f(7)=106, f(12)=206, find f(8) using Lagrange's 07 interpolation formula.

Q.4 (a) The velocity of a car (running on a straight road) at intervals of 2 minutes are given 03 below.

Time (in min.):	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
Velocity (in km/hr):	0	22	30	27	18	7	0

Apply Simpson's 1/3rd rule to find the distance covered by the car.

- (b) Newton Raphson method find a root of the equation xsinx +cosx = 0 correct to 04 four decimal places (taking initial guess $x_0 = \pi$).
- State Striling's Interpolation formula. 07 Interpolate by means of Gauss' forward formula the population for the year 1936 given the following data:

Year:	1901	1911	1921	1931	1941	1951
Population (1000s)	12	15	20	27	39	52

- Q.5 (a) Using secant method find a real root of the equation $x^3 5x + 1 = 0$ up to three iterations.
 - (b) Use Runge-Kutta method to solve y' = xy, y(0)=1, for x = 0.2, with h=0.1. 04
 - Using Gauss-Seidel method to solve the following system correct to 3 decimal 07 places: 83x + 11y - 4z = 95, 7x + 52y + 13z = 104, 3x + 8y + 29z = 71.

- Q.5 (a) Solve x log₁₀ x = 1.2 by Regula Falsi method correct to two decimal places. 03
 - (b) Solve y' = 1 y, y(0) = 0 in [0, 0.3] by modified Euler's method taking h = 0.1. 04
 - Find the largest eigenvalue and corresponding eigenvector using power method,

x
$$\log_{10} x = 1.2$$
 by Regula Falsi method correct to two of $y' = 1 - y$, $y(0) = 0$ in $[0, 0.3]$ by modified Euler's method largest eigenvalue and corresponding eigenvector $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$, taking $X_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$.



