

# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2019

**Subject Code: 2151004**

**Date: 17/06/2019**

**Subject Name: Electronic and Communication**

**Time: 02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM**

**Total Marks: 70**

**Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

		MARKS
<b>Q.1</b>	(a) Explain how bandwidth of a signal (information) affects its transmission.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain need of modulation.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Explain Automatic Gain Control (AGC) and discuss difference between AGC and Delayed AGC.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) What is the difference between SSB and VSB wave?	<b>03</b>
	(b) Compare : Frequency modulation and Amplitude Modulation	<b>04</b>
	(c) The frequency span to be received by a receiver is from 525KHz to 1650KHz. If $C_{min}$ of tuning circuit is limited to 50pF by a trimmer of 25pF, calculate the value of padder capacitor, if the maximum value of variable capacitor is 450pF. The If is 465KHz.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	(c) A FM voltage is represented by $e_{FM}=12\sin(6 \times 10^8t + 5\cos 1250t)$ Find Carrier Frequency, Modulating Frequency, Modulation Index, Maximum Deviation, Power dissipation across $10\Omega$ .	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Two resistors $10\text{ K}\Omega$ and $25\text{ K}\Omega$ are at room temperature (300K) for a bandwidth of 150KHz. Calculate thermal noise, if two resistors are in series and if two resistors are in parallel.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain the interferences in angle modulated systems.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Explain basic principal of dual slope detector type FM demodulators.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Define : 1) Signal to noise ratio 2) Image Frequency Rejection Ratio 3) Phase modulation	<b>03</b>
	(b) An amplifier with 10dB noise figure and 4dB power gain is cascaded with a second amplifier which has a 10dB power gain. What is the overall noise figure?	<b>04</b>
	(c) Explain the Armstrong method of Frequency modulated signal generation.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) For superheterodyne receiver, Define : Sensitivity , Selectivity and Image frequency	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain reason and remedy for Diagonal clipping and Negative peak clipping.	<b>04</b>
	(c) What is bandwidth efficient AM? Explain Phase shift method to generate a bandwidth efficient AM signals.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Describe the problems in TRF receiver.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain the working of superheterodyne receiver with help of block diagram.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Derive the mathematical expression of Amplitude Modulated signal and identify the spectrum of AM wave.	<b>07</b>

- Q.5 (a) Define : signal energy and signal power. **03**  
(b) Explain technology used in amateur radio. **04**  
(c) Derive equation for resonant frequency and Q factor for parallel tuned circuit. **07**

**OR**

- Q.5 (a) Explain Skin effect. **03**  
(b) Explain the importance of HAM radio during natural calamities. **04**  
(c) State and prove time scaling property of Fourier transform. Explain the effect of time scaling on bandwidth of the signal. **07**

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