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## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

BE - SEMESTER- V(OLD) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2019Subject Code:150503Date:31/05/2019Subject Name:Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics - IITime:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PMTotal Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) Define thermodynamic equilibrium. Explain chemical potential as criteria for phase 07 equilibrium.
  - (b) Define partial molar property. Derive summability relation and Gibbs/Duhem equation. 07
- Q.2 (a) With neat sketch describe phase diagrams for partially miscible systems. 07
  - (b) Describe the effect of temperature and pressure on fugacity. 07

## OR

- (b) Explain the phenomena of retrograde condensation.
- Q.3 (a) Explain block diagram for bubble point temperature calculation. 07
  - (b) The enthalpy of a binary liquid system of species 1 and 2 at fixed T and P is represented 07 by the equation:

$$H = 400x_1 + 600x_2 + x_1x_2 (40x_1 + 20x_2)$$

Determine the expressions for  $\overline{H}_1~$  and  $\overline{H}_2~$  as a function of  $x_1.$  Calculate the values of

 $H_1$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $\overline{H}_1^{\infty}$  and  $\overline{H}_2^{\infty}$ 

OR

- Q.3 (a) Define azeotrope. What kind of azeotrope is a system likely to form if it exhibits large positive 07 deviation from Raoult's law? Explain.
  - (b) For the system methanol and methyl acetate, the following equation provide reasonable 07 correlation for activity coefficient

$$\ln \gamma_1 = Ax_2^2 \qquad \ln \gamma_2 = Ax_1^2$$

$$A = 2.771 - 0.00523T$$

$$\ln P_1^{sat} = 16.591 - \frac{3643.31}{T - 33.424} \quad and \quad \ln P_2^{sat} = 14.253 - \frac{2665.54}{T - 53.424}$$

where T in K and vapor pressures are in kPa. Assuming the validity of modified Raoults law , calculate P and  $y_i$  for T = 318.15 K and  $x_1 = 0.25$ .

- Q.4 (a) At 25  $^{0}$ C the density of a methanol (1) water (2) solution at  $x_1 = 0.7779$  is 825.959 07 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Partial molar volume of water in this solution is 15.686 x 10<sup>-6</sup> m<sup>3</sup>/mol. Determine the partial molar volume of methanol in the solution.
  - (b) Derive phase rule for reacting system.

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2.4 Fir (a) an belefining the fugacity coefficients for nitrate on the methane in the strength of the fugacity coefficients for nitrate on the state of the strength of the mixture of the mixture contains 40 mol% N<sub>2</sub>.

Data given: Experimental virial coefficient data are as follows:  $B_{11} = -35.2 \text{ cm}^3/\text{ mol}, B_{22} = -105 \text{ cm}^3/\text{ mol}, B_{12} = -59.8 \text{ cm}^3/\text{ mol}$ 

- (b) List out various methods for evaluation of fugacity coefficient of pure component. 07 Discuss any one in detail.
- Q.5 (a) Derive the expression relating equilibrium constant (K) with standard Gibbs energy 07 change ( $\Delta G^{\circ}$ ) at constant temperature and pressure.
  - (b) For a system in which following reaction occurs,

$$CH_4 + H_2O \rightarrow CO + 3H_2$$

assume there are present initially 2 mol CH4, 1 mol H2O, 1 mol CO and 4 mol H2. Determine expressions for the mole fractions yi as a function of  $\varepsilon$ .

## OR

- Q.5 (a) Explain the method of Lagrange's undetermined multipliers for gas phase reaction to 07 minimize total Gibbs free energy.
  - (b) Consider the system in which the following reaction occurs:

$$CH_4 + H_2O \rightarrow CO + 3H_2 \dots (1)$$

$$CH_4 + 2H_2O \rightarrow CO_2 + 4H_2....(2)$$

If there are present initially 2 mol of CH<sub>4</sub> and 3 mol of H<sub>2</sub>O. Determine expressions for the  $y_i$  as a functions of the  $\varepsilon_1$  and  $\varepsilon_2$ .



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