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## Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka MBBS Phase - I (CBME) Degree Examination - 07-Feb-2023

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 100 Marks

Q.P. CODE: 1021 (QP contains two pages)

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS 2 x 10 = 20 Marks

- Describe the interior, blood supply and applied aspects of anal canal 6.
- Describe the components and factors maintaining the medial and lateral longitudinal arches of foot. Add a note on its clinical significance.

SHORT ESSAYS 8 x 5 = 40 Marks

- 3. Describe the supports of uterus \
- 4. Describe the boundaries and contents of ischiorectal fossa
- Describe the microscopic structure of suprarenal gland with a neat labelled diagram
- 6. Describe the development of testes. Add a note on descent of testes
- Mention the sites of portocaval anastomosis. Explain the anatomical basis of haematemesis
  and caput medusa in portal hypertension
- 8. Compare and contrast autosomal dominant and autosomal recessive inheritance
- 9. Describe the coverings and relations of both kidneys
- A 60 year old male came to OPD with complaints of loss of weight and pain in the abdomen, since eight months. On evaluation he was diagnosed with carcinoma of stomach
  - a) Mention the commonest route of spread of carcinoma
  - b) Describe blood supply and lymphatic drainage of stomach

SHORT ANSWERS 10 x 3 = 30 Marks

- 11. Mention the formation and drainage of pampiniform plexus of veins
- 12. Mention the boundaries of trigone of bladder
- 13. List the derivatives of mesonephric duct in males
- 14. List the peritoneal ligaments of spleen and their contents
- 15. Name the muscles of second layer of sole
- 16. Draw a neat labelled diagram of microscopic structure of duodenum
- 17. List the branches of femoral nerve
- 18. Mention the structures crossed by mesentery
- 19. Draw a neat labelled diagram of microscopic structure of fallopian tube
- 20. Mention the location and clinical significance of Mc. Burney's point



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OP CODE: 1021

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## **Multiple Choice Questions**

10 x 1 = 10 Marks

- 21 i) The artery to ductus deferens arises from
  - A. Cremasteric artery
  - B. Superior vesical artery
  - C. Testicular artery
  - D. Deep external pudendal artery
- 21 ii) Colle's fascia is a continuation of
  - .A. Scarpa's fascia
  - B. Camper's fascia
  - C. Fascia lata
  - D. Fascia Gerota
- 21 iii) Meissner's plexus is located in which plane
  - A. Mucosal
  - B. Submucosal
  - C. Intra muscular
  - D. subserosal
- 21 iv) Cardio oesophageal junction of stomach is located at the level
  - A. 9th thoracic
  - B. 10th thoracic
  - \_C. 11th thoracic
  - D. 12st thoracic
- 21 v) The muscle attached to tuberosity of Navicular bone is
  - A. Peroneus longus
  - B. Tibialis anterior
  - -C. Tibialis posterior
    - D. Extensor hallucis longus
- 22 i) The accessory obturator artery is a branch of
  - A. Superior epigastric artery
  - B. Internal Iliac artery
  - C. External lilac artery
  - D. Inferior epigastric artery
- 22 ii) The nutrient artery to fibula is a branch of
  - A. Anterior tibial artery
  - B. Posterior tibial artery
  - C. Popliteal artery
  - D. Peroneal artery
- 22 iii) Remnant of left umbilical vein is
  - A. Ligamentum venosum
  - \_B. Median umbilical ligament
    - C. Ligamentum teres hepatis
    - D. Medial umbilical ligament
- 22 IV) Oblique popliteal ligament is pierced by
  - A. Superior lateral genicular vessels
  - B. Inferior lateral genicular vessels
  - C. Inferior medial genicular vessels
  - . D. Middle genicular vessels
- 22 v) Trisomy 18 is
  - A. Down's syndrome
  - B. Patau syndrome

  - C. Edward syndrome D. Turner syndrome