



R-4015
Third Year M.B.B.S. (Phase-I) Examination
January - 2015
Otorhinolaryngology

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 40

Instructions :

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-[I] saizic-t CIAI4icilun r1A\41 LO. Fillup strictly the details of a- signs on your answer book. Name of the Examination : O^o Third Year M.B.B.S. (Phase-I) Name of the Subject : O^o Otorhinolaryngology • Subject Code No. : I-I . 0 -Section No. (1, 2, ...) : 11821
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Seat No. :

771-10-17

Student's Signature

- (2) Q1 in each section is compulsory and is of 10 (one each) marks.
- (3) Attempt any two from Q. 2, 3, 4
- (4) Write each section in separate answer sheets

SECTION - A

- 1 Answer each of the following questions in one or two sentences or draw labeled diagram. 10
 - (1) What is MacEwen's Triangle?
 - (2) Name three options of speech rehabilitation after Total laryngectomy.
 - (3) What is citelli's ,abscess?
 - (4) What is Rhinitis Medicamentosa?
 - (5) Name the triangles of Neck
 - (6) Define " N₁ " for metastatic nodes in Head and Neck carcinoma.
 - (7) What is Hemotympanum?
 - (8) How DNS can cause headache?.
 - (9) Define T3 Supra-glottis
 - (10) Physiological functions of Eustachian tube.

- 2 Ludwig's Angina: Etiology, Clinical features and treatment. 5
- 3 Write short notes on: 5
 - (1) Rhinosporidiosis
 - (2) Etiology of Ca Maxilla
- 4 Write short notes on: 5
 - (1) Complications of Radiotherapy given for Head & Neck Cancers
 - (2) Caldwell- luc's Surgery: Indications and Complications

Section B

- 1 Answer each of the following questions in one or two sentences or draw labeled diagram. 10
 - (1) Name pre-malignant lesions of oral cavity
 - (2) What are the common causes of Stridor in children?
 - (3) What is Myringotomy? What are its Indications?
 - (4) What is Trotter's Triad?
 - (5) Why left recurrent laryngeal nerve palsy is more common?
 - (6) What are causes of pain in CSOM?
 - (7) False negative Rinne's test
 - (8) What is inner waldeyer's ring?
 - (9) Define Cholesteatoma
 - (10) Draw labeled diagram of right tympanic membrane.
- 2 Enumerate the causes of Epistaxis. How Will you manage a 52 year old male patient with epistaxis? 5
- 3 Write short notes on: 5
 - (1) Fistula test
 - (2) Otitis Media with Effusion
- 4 Write short notes on: 5
 - (1) Definition and types of Radical neck dissection
 - (2) Eagle's Syndrome