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## The West Bengal University of Health Sciences MBBS 1st Professional Examination (New Regulation), Feb- March, 2024

Subject: Biochemistry

Full Marks: 100 Time: 3 hours

Paper : II

001/23

Attempt all questions. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. a) A nine year old girl was brought to a physician with pallor and weakness. On examination, there was no significant finding except pallor. On investigation, haemoglobin level was found as 9 g/100ml, microcytic hypochromic erythrocytes were found, serum iron level was low and TIBC was high. Iron deficiency anemia was diagnosed. Define anemia. Enumerate the causes of iron deficiency anemia. Describe how dietary iron is absorbed. Describe the regulation of iron absorption. Mention the dietary sources of iron, Explain why daily iron requirement is more for women in reproductive age group. 1+3+3+3+2+3
  - b) An obese patient is suffering from Primary clinical hypothyroidism.

i) Mention the principle of TSH estimation.

ii) Prepare the lab report of thyroid function test of this patient.

- iii) Briefly describe the signal transduction of TSH & thyroid hormone. 2+3+(5+5)
- 2. a) Describe briefly the roles of vitamin E as antioxidant and Vitamin C in collagen
  - b) Describe the features of major glycosaminoglycans in respect to their locations and functions. Discuss the association of glycosaminoglycans with major diseases with ageing.
  - c) What are proto-oncogenes? Mention two mechanisms of activation of proto-oncogenes. Explain the role of Tumor suppressor genes in carcinogenesis. What are Tumor markers? Name two Tumor markers and diseases associated with each of them.

3. Write short notes on the following:

2x5

- a) Role of MHC molecule in cell mediated immunity.
- b) Apoptosis (with diagram).

5x4

Explain the following statements:

a) Certain type of DNA repair defect may lead to skin pigmentary changes.

- b) Descreased serum T4 may be associated with increased serum TSH as well as decreased
- c) A large diverge set of proteins can be formed from a limited set of genes.

 d) Vitamin B 12 defficiency occurs in partial or total gastrectomy patients. e) Resting metabolic rate (RMR) is approximately 10% higher than basal metabolic rate (BMR).

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c) Chronic kidney disease

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5. Choose the correct option fo	found in significant quantities	in
<ol> <li>Unusual nucleotide bases are</li> </ol>	found in significant quantities b) t RNA	
a) m RNA	d) Sn RNA	
c) r RNA	mRNA is formed by transcripti	ion is called:
ii) Strand of DNA from which	b) Anti-template	
a) Template	d) Transcript	
a) Coding		
iii) Termination is caused by a	b) UAA	
a) RF-1	d) 48s complex	
c) Peptidy1-transferase	d) 488 complex	
iv) Insulin activates:	LV A dipagrate HSI	
a) Adipocyte LPL	<ul> <li>b) Adipocyte HSL</li> <li>d) Myocardial LPL</li> </ul>	. 3
c) Muscle LPL	d) Myocardial El E	ation reaction during metabolism
v) Which of the following an	nino acids is utilized for conjug	ation reaction during metabolism
of xenobiotics?		
	b) Alanine	
a) Glycine	d) Leucine	
c) Valine	chnique is utilized for visualiza	tion of:
VI) Northern blot transfer to	0) 14 11 1	
a) DNA	d) Glycoprotein	
c) Protein vii) Negative nitrogen balance	e is observed in:	
vii) Negative nitrogen balance	O) Cilibria 10	
a) Pregnancy	d) Growth period	
c) Convalescence	m is caused due to defective:	
viii) Xeroderma pigmentosu	b) Base excision r	epair.
a) Mismatch repair.	is Double atrende	d break repair.
c) Nucleotide excision re	dist may be recommended in	chronic obstructive pulmonary
ix) High fat low carbonydra	te diet may be recommended to:	
disease patient caused by	y chronic bronchitis due to: gen atoms related to carbon or l	nydrogen atoms.
<ul> <li>a) Fat contains more oxy</li> </ul>	gen atoms related to earoth or	
b) Dot is less dense than (	carbonyurates.	
c) Fat metabolism genera	ites less CO2.	
d) The RO of fat is higher	er RQ of carbonyarate.	
v) Normal anion gap acidos	sis occurs in.	
a) Diabetic keto acidosis	b) Lactic acidosis	,
	a) I narrnoca	

d) Diarrhoea