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Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

V Year Pharm-D (II Year Pharm D Post Baccalaureate) / V Year Pharm-D Degree Examination - NOV 2017 **Time: Three Hours** Max. Marks: 70 Marks

CLINICAL PHARMACOKINETICS & THERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING O.P. CODE: 2876 / 2892

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any two)

- Discuss the importance of genetic polymorphism of cytochrome P-450 isozymes on drug 1 metabolism with suitable examples.
- What are nomograms? Explain their applications in pharmacokinetic studies with examples. 2. a) Give their advantages and disadvantages.
 - Explain the sampling design used in population pharmacokinetic study b)
- Enumerate and explain various factors in individualizing drug dosage forms 3.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any six)

- Explain the role of clinical pharmacist in TDM. 4.
- 5. Explain the influence of drug interaction on drug absorption with examples.
- 6. Describe the methods of measurement of GFR and their significance.
- 7. Give the reasons for conducting population pharmacokinetic study
- 8. Explain the sigmoidal Emax model in PK/PD correlation.
- What is the creatinine clearance for a 25 year old male patient with a serum creatinine of 1mg/dL? 9. The patient is 5 ft, 4inches in height and weighs 103 Kg
- Explain various factors considered in the design of dosage regimen for obese patient. 10.
- Define TDM. Discuss the indications for TDM of drugs. 11

SHORT ANSWERS

- 12. Give the assumptions of compartment model
- 13. Give any two formulae for the calculation of paediatric dose.
- Calculate creatinine clearance for a 30 year old female patient with a serum creatinine value of 0.8 14. mg/dl. The patient is 5 ft 1 inch tall and weighs 69 kgs.
- 15. Give Bayesian equation.
- 16. Give the relationship between half-life and elimination rate constant.
- 17. Write the protocol for TDM of a drug.
- 18. Name the metabolic markers used in liver function test with their normal values.
- 19. What do you understand by Goodness of Fit plot
- 20. Define nomograms and tabulations.
- Give any two examples for clinically important genetic polymorphism of drug targets 21.

10 x 2 = 20 Marks

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6 x 5 = 30 Marks

2 x 10 = 20 Marks