

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

V Year Pharm-D (II Year Pharm D Post Baccalaureate) Degree Examination - NOV 2016

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 70 Marks

PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY AND PHARMACOECONOMICS (RS) O.P. CODE: 2875

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- Explain few pharmacoepidemiological studies involving drug induced birth defects.
- 2. Explain case control and cohort studies with suitable examples and its advantages and disadvantages.
- 3. Define pharmacoeconomics. Explain history and scope of pharmacoeconomics.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any six)

 $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- Describe spontaneous reporting system with its strengths and weakness.
- 5. Explain the various measurements of outcomes in a pharmacoepidemiological studies.
- 6. Explain the types of errors that can occur in a pharmacoepidemiological studies.
- What is Markov's model? Explain the features. 7.
- 8. Explain the concept of attributable risk and relative risk.
- 9. Define cost effectiveness analysis, its advantages and disadvantages.
- 10. Explain the applications of pharmacoeconomics.
- What is cost benefit analysis? Steps in conducting cost benefit analysis.

SHORT ANSWERS

 $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 12. Define direct medical cost.
- 13. ECHO Model. 14. Cost of illness.
- 15. What is the need of post marketing surveillance?
- 16. List out computerized data base used for pharmacoepidemiological research.
- 17. Define monitory units?
- 18. Case reports and case series.
- 19. Define sensitivity analysis
- 20. What is Willingness to pay?
- 21. Define ICER & ACER.
