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Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

IV Year Pharma-D (Post Baccalaureate) Degree Examination - Jan 2014

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

CLINICAL PHARMACY

Q.P. CODE: 2869

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

- Explain the steps involved in conducting a Drug Use Evaluation study in a hospital.
- 2. Define pharmacovigilance. Explain the types of ADRs and explain them giving examples.
- 3 Explain the factors causing medication errors and the role of pharmacist in reducing medication error.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Six)

6 x 5 = 30 Marks

- List the signs and symptoms associated with abnormally high and low concentration of thyroid hormone.
- Differentiate among the various types of glucose imbalances using laboratory test and clinical findings.
- Explain the communication skills required for effective counseling.
- Explain the role of pharmacists in the management of ADRs.
- 8. Differentiate between DIC and PIC.
- 9. Explain the goals and objectives for clinical pharmacist on ward rounds.
- Write a brief note on medication history interview.
- 11. How is critical evaluation of biomedical literature done?

SHORT ANSWERS 10 x 2 = 20 Marks

- List diseases that may alter lab test results for ammonia.
- 13. Explain the interpretation of results of erythromycin sedimentation rate.
- 14. What is spontaneous adverse reaction reporting?
- 15. List out situations where patients show medication non-adherence.
- 16. Listout common reasons for under reporting of ADRs by doctors
- 17. What is a randomized control trial?
- 18. List out the expected outcomes of pharmaceutical care.
- 19. What is secondary literature?
- 20. What is the role of a pharmacist in quality assurance of clinical pharmacy service.
- 21. What is FEV and give its significance.

