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## Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka I Year Pharma-D Examination - Jan 2014

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

## PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Q.P. CODE: 2855

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

## LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

- Write the principle and procedure for the limit test for (a) Iron (b) Chlorides
- What are ligands? Classify them with examples. Discuss different types of EDTA titrations in details
- 3. Explain various methods of detecting end point in precipitation titrations with examples

## SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Six)

6 x 5 = 30 Marks

- List the natural buffers present in physiological system. How do they maintain acid base balance
- Explain the conditions for iodometric titrations
- What are protective and adsorbents? Give their pharmaceutical importance with examples
- What are systemic alkalisers and acidifiers? How do they act? Give suitable examples
- Write the preparation, uses and assay of boric acid
- 9. Write the principle of non aqueous titration? Give the assay principle of sodium Benzoate
- Write the prepration and assay principles involved in aluminium hydrpxide gel
- 11. What are determinate and inderminate errors? Give examples

SHORT ANSWERS 10 x 2 = 20 Marks

- What are expectorents? Write the principle involved in the assay of ammonium chloride.
- Assay of zinc oxide
- Give the important uses of oxygen as medicinal agent
- 15. Write the principle in the assay of chlorinated lime
- Write the storage condition of iodine
- 17. Define mixed indicator and universal indicator
- 18. What is the difference between antiseptic and disinfectant
- Mention pharmaceutical use of Zinc Eugenol cement
- 20 What are cathartics? Give examples
- Define the following terms (a) Limit test (b) Assay

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