

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

IV Year Pharma-D (Post Baccalaureate) Degree Examination - Mar 2013

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

CLINICAL PHARMACY

Q.P. CODE: 2869

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Explain the role of clinical pharmacist with respect to a) ward round participation & b) DUR.
- 2. Explain different types of medication errors & explain the role of pharmacist in reducing the medication errors.
- Describe the interpretation and alterations of Haemoglobin, hematocrit & various RBC indices in the evaluation of macrocytic, microcytic & normocytic anemia.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Six)

 $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 4. Describe cardiac enzymes changes reflected by myocardial ischemia & infarction.
- 5. Explain the usual liver function investigations commonly performed to assess health of a patient's liver.
- 6. Explain the mechanism of Type A adverse drug reaction.
- 7. Explain the stages in verbal communication, which can be used in a pharmacy practice setting.
- 8. Explain the use of counseling aids.
- 9. How can medication adherence be improved?
- 10. Describe the steps involved in answering a Drug information Query.
- 11. How primary research paper is critically evaluated?

SHORT ANSWERS $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 12. Define ADR.
- 13. Define Hyponatremia and hypernatremia.
- 14. What is Naranjo's scale?
- 15. List out some commonly used primary drug information resources.
- 16. Describe the objectives of DUE.
- 17. Medication history interview
- 18. Importance of a poison information centre
- 19. Define pharmaceutical care.
- 20. How is hypothyroidism identified?
- 21. Write the significance of glycosylated haemoglobin test.
