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Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka Fifth Year Pharma- D Degree Examination - Feb/March 2011

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY AND PHARMACOECONOMICS

Q.P. CODE: 2875

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any two)

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

- Explain and mention the merits and demerits of cohort and case-controlled studies.
- What is cost effectiveness analysis? Explain with a suitable example how the outcome is measure using cost effectiveness analysis.
- 3 Explain the criteria for the causal nature of an association in pharmacoepidemological study.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any six)

6 x 5 = 30 Marks

- Explain the steps involved in typical DUE cycle.
- 5. Give the strengths and weakness of a metaanalysis study
- List out the applications of a pharnaciecinimic study.
- How is confidence interval measured for an odds ratio? How is confidence interval depicted and graphically interpreted.
- 8. Describe the steps involved in formulating a study design in pharmacoepidemiology.
- 9. Explain the factors to the determined in a cost of illness study.
- 10. Explain the method, advantages and disadvantages of a cross-sectional study.
- What are the requirements of an ideal database. Write the strengths and weakness of automated database

SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 2 = 20 Marks

- 12. Name four computerized databases used for pharmacoepidemiological research
- 13. What is a case report? What are its limitations.
- 14. What is opportunity cost.
- 15. What is ICER. How is it calculated
- 16. What is willingness to pay
- What is outcome research
- 18. List out the purpose of meta-analysis
- 19. Give examples of intangible costs involved in pharmacoeconomic study
- 20. What are defined daily dose and prescribed daily dose?
- 21. Explain selection bias

