

**DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE**  
**RAIGAD-402103**  
**Mid semester Examination- March-2019**

Branch: Group B ( CSE, ECT, EEP, IT)  
 Subject: Engineering Physics (BTBS202)  
 Date: 12/03/2019

Sem:- II  
 Marks:20  
 Time:1 Hrs

**Instructions:-**

1. Do not write anything on question paper.
2. Neat and labeled diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
3. Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.
4. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
5. Assume suitable data if required.

**Q.1. Attempt following questions**

a) In dielectric, the polarization is

- i. linear function of applied field
- ii. Square function of applied field
- iii. exponential function of applied field
- iv. Logarithmic function of applied field.

b) In free vibrations, the property that remains constant is

- i. Amplitude
- ii. Total energy
- iii. Both
- iv. None of above

c) The substances that rotate plane of polarization are said to be

- i. Optically active
- ii. Optically inactive
- iii. opaque
- iv. Polaroids.

d) Which of the following can be used to produce ultrasonic wave?

- i. Ni-rod
- ii. Co-rod
- iii. Fe-rod
- iv. All

e) In the structure of optical fibre cable, the refractive index of core is always..... than the refractive index of cladding.

- i. less than
- ii. Equal to
- iii. greater than
- iv. none of above.

f) The unit of dipole moment/unit volume is

- i. coulomb/meter
- ii. coulomb/meter<sup>2</sup>
- iii. coulomb/meter<sup>3</sup>
- iv. coulomb

**Q.2. Attempt any TWO of the following**

- i) Discuss important applications of ultrasonic waves
- ii) Explain the structure of optical fiber and mechanism of light propagation in to the fiber.
- iii) In Newton's ring experiment, the diameter of the 15<sup>th</sup> ring was found to be 0.59cm and of the 5<sup>th</sup> ring was 0.336cm. If the radius of the plano-convex lens is 100cm, compute the wavelength of light used.

Q.3. Attempt any ONE of the following

- i.) What is damped oscillation? Obtain a differential equation for damped vibration and find its solution.
- ii.) Explain the principle, construction and working of Ruby laser.