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a) IlCustomer_name(σ balance >1000(Deposit)) b) σ Customer_name(Il balance >1000(Deposit)) c) Il Customer_name(σ balance >1000(Borrow)) d) σ Customer_name(Il balance >1000(Borrow))

 \mathfrak{F} 2

Solve Any Two of the following

8 What do you mean by a key? Explain the different types of keys in dbms? Define functional dependency? List out and explain the Armstrong's inference rules of functional dependencies with itable example.

Illustrate with suitable diagram the three level-schema architecture. Why do we need mapping between schema levels?

3

0.3

Solve Any One of the following.

B

Consider the following schema, write relational algebra queries for the following Parts (pid, pname, color) Suppliers (sid, sname, address)

Catalog (sid, pid, cost) a. Find the sids of suppliers who supply red part.

 b. Find the name of suppliers who supply parts costing <150.
 c) Find the IDs of suppliers who supply red or green parts.
 d) Find the sids of suppliers who supply some red part or are at 221 Park street.
 Consider the following attribute and normalize the table upto 3NF. Course code Coures Title

Emp_code → Dept_code Emp_code → Mgr_code FDs mentioned for the above relation are:

Course_code → Course_Title

8

Emp code

Dept code

Mgr code

*** End ***

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The attribute name could be structured as an attribute consisting of first name, middle initial, and
last name. This type of attribute is called
a) Simple attribute b) Composite attribute c) Multivalued attribute d) Derived attribute

a) Domain b) Attribute

6. Using Relational Algebra the query that finds customers, who have a balance of over 1000 is a) OR operation b) AND operation c)TABLE operation d) PROJECT operation

5. The operation which only selects some of the columns from table and neglect the remaining columns is A relation is in 1NF if it doesn't contain any. a) Determinants b) Repeating groups c) Null values in primary key fields d) Functional dependencies

 A super key is a set of one or more attributes that, taken collectively, allow us
 a) to increase effectiveness of database access
 d) none of the above 3. The set of all possible values of data item is called c) Tuples d) None

Subject Name: Database Systems

Max Marks:20

Date: - 23-09-2019

Duration:- 1 Hr.

Subject Code: BTCOC501

Instructions to the Students:

Attempt all questions as per the instructions.

Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

Draw necessary diagram.

Course: B. Tech in Computer Science and Engineering

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Mid Semester Examination - Oct 2019

Sem: V

(Level/CO)

Marks

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