FI	Firs G	stl	Ra	nk	<b>(e</b>	r. Q.2	CC	n	1		z "s											. /										Na Na
11		+			<del>                                      </del>	+		ļ		<u> </u>	14.2			W۱	ww.	Firs	tRar	١ke	er.co	m		W	ww	/.Fir	stRa	nke	≨r.c	φm				
	An electric current of 0.5 A from a 12 V supply is passed for 5 minutes through a resistance in thermal contact with saturated water at 1 atm. As a result, 1.798 g of water is vaporized. Assume that water vapour behaves ideally, calculate the molar internal energy change and enthalpy change during	water for this change.	vapour at these conditions are 1.04 * 10 <sup>-3</sup> and 1.675 m <sup>3</sup> /kmol respectively:1030 kJ of	Calculate change in internal energy and change in enthalpy in KJ for 1 kmol water, as	State and explain first law of thermodynamics for open system.	Solve Any Two of the following.		c. volume d. entropy	a. temperature b. pressure	6 Isobaric process means a constant process	d. none of these	c. isentropic	b. adiabatic	a. isothermal	<ol> <li>Maximum work that could be secured by expanding the gas over a given pressure range is the     work.</li> </ol>	c. 100°C d273 °C			c. 3 d. 4	<ul> <li>a. assuming that CO<sub>2</sub> obeys the perfect gas law, the density of CO<sub>2</sub> in kg/m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>a. 1</li> <li>b. 2</li> </ul>	c. Low I and high P. d. high T and low P			c.Reversible adiabatic d. adiabatic	a. Reversible b.Irreversible	Pick the correct alternative for the following question		1. Question I is compulsory and carries 6 marks 2. Solve any two from question 2 and solve any one question from question 3. 3. Figures to right indicate marks 4. If any data is missing, you may assume it and mention it in your answer sheet. Usual symbols ap	Max Marks: 20 Date:-12/03/2019	ermodynamics-I	Course: B. Tech in chemical engineering Sem: IV	DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE
	through a resistance in thermal vaporized. Assume that water and enthalpy change during		and 1.675 m³/kmol respectively:1030 kJ of heat added to	kmol water, as it is vaporized at	tem.										ven pressure range is the					g/m <sup>3</sup> at 536 K and 202.2 kPa is.		·		-				om question 3. our answer sheet. Usual symbols apply	Duration:- 1 Hr.	Subject Code: BTCHC402	-March 2019	SICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE
67p	Analyzing	· .		Analyzing	understanding				understanding				-		understanding		apprymg			applying		(	understanding	·	understanding		(Level/CO)	у				0
9						3 X 2		-						w۱	w.	Firs	tRar	ıke	er.co	om					-	6	Marks					٦



www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker	.con	n 🎅		(A)	Q.3			
	kJ/kmol K	An ideal gas is undergoing a server of $R$ and $R$ bar to pressure of 2 bar. It is expanded in reversible adiabatic process of 1 bar. It is expanded in reversible adiabatic process of 1 bar. It is expanded in reversible adiabatic process of 1 bar. It is expanded in reversible adiabatic process of 1 bar. It is cooled at $R$ and $R$ bar to 300 K. determine heat and work effect for each step. Assume $C_p = 29.3$ constant pressure of 1 bar to 300 K. determine heat and work effect for each step.	per unit mass are estimated to be 3.3 kJ/kg. Determine the case wants of three operations: the gas is heated at constant volume from 300	Steam at 1800 kPa and 673.13 is security 1400 kPa with a velocity of 300 m/s, the inlet area of the nozzle is 0.02 m <sup>2</sup> , heat losses from the nozzle 1400 kPa with a velocity of 300 m/s, the inlet area of the nozzle is 0.02 m <sup>2</sup> .	Solve Any One of the following.		DTOCCSS.	
			Analyzing		applying			
			٠			000		

www.FirstRanker.com