Subject Name: Hydraulics II Instructions to the Students: Max Marks:20 Course: B. Tech in Civil Engineering www.FirstRanker.com 5 All questions are compulsory. Assume suitable data if necessary Flo in the open channel may be classified as 'Laminar' flow if ;... abruptly Changes to slowly flowing stream causing a distinct rise of liquid surface, **Attempt following Questions** The channel whose boundary is not deformable is known as (A) Water hammer (B). Hydraulic jump (C). Critical discharge (D). None of the The phenomenon occurring in an open channel when a rapidly flowing stream channel (A). Rigid channel (B). Prismatic channel (C). Mobile channel (D). Boundary (a) Re < 500DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONFRE (b) Re >2000 Mid Semester Examination – March 2019 Date:-11/03/2019 (c) 500 < Re < 2000 (d) none of the above Sem: IV Subject Code: CV 401 Duration:- 1 Hr. (Level/ 60 CO 1/

C-1

Marks

6

్ల www.FirstRanker.com mean depth equal to; For a given discharge in a channel at critical depth Calculate; A 3 m wide rectangular channel conveys 12 m³/s of water at a depth of 2m Solve Any Two of the following. The Maximum velocity in open channel occurs at; (A). 0.5[depth] (B). 0.5 [sloping side] (C). 0.5[width] (D). 0.5[width + depth] The most economical section of a trapezoidal channel is one which has hydraulic (C). The specific energy is minimum (D). The specific energy is minimum (A). The total energy is minimum (B). The total energy is maximum (A) Near the channel bed (B) a little below channel free surface (C) at the free surface (D) at the centre of flow CO 1/ CO 1/ CO 2/ C-2 CO 1/ CO 2/ CO 2/ C-1C-2 C-1 C-3

 $\mathfrak{F}$ ت Specific energy, critical depth, minimal specific energy, critical velocity

Froude number and whether floe is subcritical or supercritical

0  $(\mathbf{B})$ What are the different types of channels? Give example in each case Chezy's constant C =55. depth 4m. If the slope of the bed is 1 in 1000 find the rate of flow of water. Take A triangular gutter whose side includes angle of 60° conveys water at a uniform CO 1/ CO 1/ C-3C-2

Solve Any One of the following.

B  $\oplus$ calculate critical depth and discharge per unit width of channel rectangular channel before and after hydraulic jump are 0.5m and 2 m respectively, Derive an expression for sequent depths is hydraulic jump. If sequent depths in a Derive expression for the most economical trapezoidal channel section ---\*\*\* End \*\*\* CO 1/ CO 3/ C-3

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