Question Paper Name: Philosophy 28th May 2019 Shift1 Set1

Subject Name: PHILOSOPHY
Creation Date: 2019-05-28 15:19:44

Duration:180Total Marks:100Display Marks:YesShare Answer Key With DeliveryYes

Engine:

Actual Answer Key: Yes

Philosophy

Group Number:

Group Id: 12820697

Group Maximum Duration:

Group Minimum Duration:

Revisit allowed for view?:

No
Revisit allowed for edit?:

No
Break time:

Group Marks:

PART A

Section Id:
Section Number:
Section type:
Mandatory or Optional:
Number of Questions:
Number of Questions to be attempted:
Section Marks:
Display Number Panel:
Group All Questions:

128206148

1 Mandatory

50

50

Yes

No

Sub-Section Number:

Sub-Section Id: 128206234

Question Shuffling Allowed: Yes

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 1282065172 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Rta stands for:

- (A) Social order
- (B) Psychological order
- (C) Cosmic order
- (D) Moral order

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Options:

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12820620444. C

12820620445. D

Question Number : 2 Question Id : 1282065173 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following advocated - Purush and Prakriti are two substances?

- (A) Sankhya
- (B) Nyaya
- (C) Vaisheshika
- (D) Charvak

Options:

12820620446. A

12820620447. B

12820620448. C

12820620449. D

Question Number: 3 Question Id: 1282065174 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Brahmavivartavāda was introduced by:

- (A) Nyaya
- (B) Sankhya
- (C) Advaita Vedanta
- (D) Buddhism

Options:

12820620450. A

12820620451. B

12820620452. C

12820620453. D

Question Number : 4 Question Id : 128206513 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Crentation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

According to the law of excluded middle:

- (A) A proposition must be either true or false.
- (B) A proposition cannot be both true and false simultaneously.
- (C) A proposition is true if it is true.
- (D) A proposition must be false.

Options:

12820620454. A

12820620455. B

12820620456, C

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(A) Particular to universal

(B) Universal to particular

(c) Particular to particular

(D) Universal to universal

Options:

12820620458. A

12820620459. B

12820620460. C

12820620461. D

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 1282065177 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

In the traditional square of opposition A and E propositions are:

- (A) Contradictories
- (B) Sub-contraries
- (C) Contraries
- (D) Subalterns

Options:

12820620462. A

12820620463. B

12820620464. C

12820620465. D

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 1282065178 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

In Universal Affirmative propositions:

- (A) Both subject and predicate terms are not distributed
- (B) Both subject and predicate terms are distributed
- (C) Subject terms is not distributed but predicate term is distributed
- (D) Subject term is distributed but predicate term is not distributed

Options:

12820620466. A

12820620467. B

12820620468. C

12820620469. D

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 1282065179 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Sabda as pramana is not accepted by:

- (A) Charvak school
- (B) Purva Mimamsa
- (C) Avaita Vedanta
- (D) Dvaita Vedanta

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12820620472. C

12820620473. D

Question Number : 9 Question Id : 1282065180 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Arrange the following books in order in which they appeared. Use the code given below:

I Republic

II Discourse on Method and Meditations

III Critique of Pure Reason

IV A Theory of Justice

Code:

(A) I, II, IV, III

(B) II, III, IV, I

(C) I,II,III,IV

(D) I, IV, II, II

Options:

12820620474. A

12820620475. B

12820620476. C

12820620477. D

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 1282065181 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes

Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Match the following two lists. Use the Code given below:

List - I	List-II
I. Four Noble Truths	1. Nyaya
II. Tat tvam asi.	2. Jainism

III. Anekantavada 3.Buddhism

IV. Abhava 4. Vedanta

Code:

	I	II	III	IV
(A)	2	1	3	4
(B)	2	1	4	3
(C)	2	4	3	1
(A) (B) (C) (D)	3	4	2	1

Options:

12820620478. A

12820620479. B

12820620480. C

Reason (R):

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Assertion (A): Substance is always a subject and universals are its predicates. Reason (R): The definition of substance implies that substance is an individual entity and universals are its attributes.

In the context of the two statements, which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is correct, but (R) is not the correct.
- (D) (A) is not correct, but (R) is correct.

Options:

12820620482. A

12820620483. B

12820620484. C

12820620485. D

Question Number: 12 Question Id: 1282065183 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Obligated to perform actions are:

- (A) nitya
- (B) naimittika
- (C) sancita
- (D) kriyamana

Options:

12820620486. A

12820620487. B

12820620488. C

12820620489. D

Question Number: 13 Question Id: 1282065184 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Origination: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Who among the following said 'knowledge is true on certain account'?

- (A) Parmenides
- (B) Aristotle
- (C) Plato
- (D) Epicurus

Options:

12820620490. A

12820620491. B

12820620492. C

12820620493. D

Question Number: 14 Question Id: 1282065185 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0 www.FirstRanker.com

urtite theory	USKER CO	opunded by-	
(A) Heraclitus	choice	www.FirstRanker.com	www.FirstRanker.com
(B) Plato			
(C) Crito			
(D) Parmenides			
Options:			
12820620494. A			
12820620495. B			
12820620496. C			
12820620497. D			
Question Number: 15 Question	n Id : 1282065186	Question Type : MCQ Option Shu	ffling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Single Line Question Option: N Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Mar	_	uon : verucai	
		rded that ideas are unive	reals?
(A) Plato	mowing rega	raca that racas are thinve	13d131
(B) Aristotle			
(C) Parmenides			
(D) Cicero			
A LOS MANAGEMENTS			
Options : 12820620498. A			
12820620498. A 12820620499. B			
12820620500. C			
12820620501. D			
Question Number: 16 Question Single Line Question Option: N Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Mar	No Option Orientat		ffling: No Display Question Number: Yes
		pageted the idea of 'phile	scapher king??
(A) Empedocles	onowing prop	pagated the idea of 'philo	sopher king ?
(B) Epicurus (C) Plato			
(D) Aristotle			
3 %	W.		
Options: 12820620502. A			
12820620503. B			
12820620505. B			
12820620505. D			
12020020B0B. B			
Question Number: 17 Question Single Line Question Option: N Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Mar	No Option Orientat		ffling: No Display Question Number: Yes
		ocated 'hylemorphic theo	ory'?
(A) Aristotle	9	,	
(B) Plato			
(C) Plotinus			
(D) Porphyry			
Options:		www.FirstRanker.com	
Options.			

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12820620508. C

12820620509. D

Question Number: 18 Question Id: 1282065189 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Transition from potential being to actual being was advocated by-

- (A) Plato
- (B) Socrates
- (C) Aristotle
- (D) Thales

Options:

12820620510. A

12820620511. B

12820620512. C

12820620513. D

Question Number: 19 Question Id: 1282065190 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following is the method adopted by Socrates?

- (A) Sophistry
- (B) Dialogue
- (C) Monologue
- (D) Polylogue

Options:

12820620514. A

12820620515. B

12820620516. C

12820620517. D

Question Number : 20 Question Id : 1282063121 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Method of dialogue has the operative terms of-

- (A) Agreement and disagreement
- (B) Agreement only
- (C) Disagreement only
- (D) Identity

Options:

12820620518. A

12820620519. B

12820620520. C

Options:

(B) Aristotle (C) Descartes (D) Heraclitus



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12820620536. C

12820620537. D

Question Number : 25 Question Id : 1282065196 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Scepticism stands for-

- (A) Rational scrutiny
- (B) Critical scrutiny
- (C) Denial of truth
- (D) Acceptance of reality

Options:

12820620538, A

12820620539. B

12820620540. C

12820620541. D

Question Number: 26 Question Id: 1282065197 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Hume's scepticism is-

- (A) Universal
- (B) Mitigated
- (C) Global
- (D) Local

Options:

12820620542. A

12820620543. B

12820620544. C

12820620545. D

Question Number : 27 Question Id : 128206513 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Option : Vertical

. (0)

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

With scepticism, Hume accepts causal relationship as-

- (A) Customary transition
- (B) Substantial
- (C) Accidental
- (D) Reciprocal

Options:

12820620546. A

12820620547. B

12820620548. C

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(A) Bundle of impressions	www.FirstRanker.com	www.FirstRanker.com
(B) Immortal		
(C) Embodied		
(D) Emotional		
Options:		
12820620550. A		
12820620551. B		
12820620552. C		
12820620553. D		
Question Number: 29 Question Id: 1282065200 Single Line Question Option: No Option Orienta	Question Type : MCQ Option Shu	ffling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0		
Who among the following said	d- we are born free but we	e are all the time in chains?
(A) Marx		
(B) Rousseau		
(C) Kant		
(D) Gandhi		
Options:		
12820620554. A		
12820620555. B		
12820620556. C		
12820620557. D		
Question Number: 30 Question Id: 1282065201 Single Line Question Option: No Option Orienta		ffling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0		*** 1 1 1 7 11 7 11
Who among the following sai	d-though I am born as a	Hindu but I will not die as a
Hindu?		
(A) Ambedkar		
(B) Savarkar		
(C) Jai Prakash Narayan (D) Nehru		
1		
Options: 12820620558. A		
12820620558. A 12820620559. B		
12820620555. B		
12820620561. D		
12820020301. B		
Question Number: 31 Question Id: 1282065202 Single Line Question Option: No Option Orienta Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0		ffling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Who among the following said	d- Freedom is my birth ris	ght and I will have it?
(A) Gandhi		
(B) Tilak		
(C) Bhagat Singh		
(D) Lenin	www.FirstRanker.com	

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12820620563. B

12820620564. C

12820620565. D

Question Number: 32 Question Id: 1282065203 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Who among the following said- man is social animal with the additional quality of becoming political?

- (A) Hobbes
- (B) Plato
- (C) Aristotle
- (D) Locke

Options:

12820620566. A

12820620567. B

12820620568. C

12820620569. D

Question Number: 33 Question Id: 1282065204 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Who among the following advocated-history of humanity is the history of class struggle?

- (A) Rousseau
- (B) Marx
- (C) Ambedkar
- (D) Gandhi

Options:

12820620570. A

12820620571. B

12820620572. C

12820620573. D

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Question Number : 34 Question Id : 1282065205 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Who regarded substance as causa sui?

- (A) Descartes
- (B) Spinoza
- (C) Plato
- (D) Locke

Options:

12820620574. A

12820620575. B

12820620576, C

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Who said 'Causal relations are contingent and probable.'?

- (A) Hume
- (B) Aristotle
- (C) Berkeley
- (D) Leibniz

Options:

12820620578. A

12820620579. B

12820620580. C

12820620581. D

Question Number : 36 Question Id : 1282065207 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Who of the following did not advocate social contract theory?

- (A) Hobbes
- (B) Locke
- (C) Rousseau
- (D) Hume

Options:

12820620582. A

12820620583. B

12820620584. C

12820620585. D

Question Number : 37 Question Id : 1282065208 Question Type CCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Satyagraha involves:

- (A) utility
- (B) rehabilitation
- (C) truth and non-violence
- (D) justice

Options:

12820620586. A

12820620587. B

12820620588. C

12820620589. D

Question Number: 38 Question Id: 1282065209 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

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(A) Madhya	www.FirstRanker.com	www.FirstRanker.com
(B) Sankhya		
(C) Spinoza		
(D) Descartes		
Options:		
12820620590. A		
12820620591. B		
12820620592. C		
12820620593. D		
Question Number: 39 Question Id: 128206521 Single Line Question Option: No Option Orien	10 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuft	fling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0		
Simple and complex ideas we	ere advocated by:	
(A) Hume	-	
(B) Leibniz		
(C) Locke		
(D) Kant		
Options:		
12820620594. A		
12820620595. B		
12820620596. C		
12820620597. D		
Question Number: 40 Question Id: 128206521 Single Line Question Option: No Option Orien Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0	11 Question Type : MCQ Chron Shufthattion : Vertical	fling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Who redefined knowledge as	s 'synthetic apriori judgmer	nt'?
(A) Hume		
(B) Marx		
(C) Hegel		
(D) Kant		
Options:	-	
12820620598. A		
12820620599. B		
12820620600. C		
12820620601. D		
Question Number: 41 Question Id: 128206521 Single Line Question Option: No Option Orien Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0		fling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Which one of the following i	is accepted in Buddhism?	
(A) Anupalabdhi	is accepted in Daddinsin:	
(B) Abhava		
(C) Apoha		
(D) Arthapatti		
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Ontions:		

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12820620604. C

12820620605. D

Question Number : 42 Question Id : 1282065213 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following schools has accepted Adhyasa?

- (A) Advaita Vedanta
- (B) Visitadvaita
- (C) Dvaita
- (D) Dvaitadvaita

Options :

12820620606. A

12820620607. B

12820620608. C

12820620609. D

Question Number : 43 Question Id : 1282065214 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Four-fold Noble Truths are presented in:

- (A) Sikhism
- (B) Hinduism
- (C) Jainism
- (D) Buddhism

Options:

12820620610. A

12820620611. B

12820620612. C

12820620613. D

Question Number : 44 Question Id : 128206215 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Given below are two statements, one levelled as Assertion (A), and the other levelled as Reason (R):

Assertion (A): Social contract theory is rightly associated with modern moral and political theory and is given its exposition and defence by Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.

Reason (R): Social contract theory is the view that persons' moral obligations are dependent upon an agreement among them.

In the context of the two statements, which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are correct, and (R) is the correct explanation of (R).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (R).
- (C) (A) is correct, but (R) is not the correct.
- (D) (A) is not correct, but (R) is correct.



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12820620615. B

12820620616. C

12820620617. D

Question Number: 45 Question Id: 1282065216 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Given below are two statements, one levelled as Assertion (A), and the other levelled as Reason (R):

Assertion (A): Substance is self-conceived, self-existent and causa sui.

Reason (R): The concept of substance is such that it is conceived by itself, its existence does not presuppose the existence of anything else and that it is caused by itself.

In the context of the two statements, which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are correct, and (R) is the correct explanation of (R).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (R).
- (C) (A) is correct, but (R) is not the correct.
- (D) (A) is not correct, but (R) is correct.

Options:

12820620618. A

12820620619. B

12820620620. C

12820620621. D

Question Number: 46 Question Id: 1282065217 Question Type: MCG Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Given below are two statements, one levelled as Assertion (A), and the other levelled as Reason (R):

Assertion (A): When I enter most intimately into what I call myself, I always stumble with one perception or the other. I can never catch myself.

Reason (R): Self is a bundle of impressions and never a substance.

In the context of the two statements, which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are correct, and (R) is the correct explanation of (R).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (R).
- (C) (A) is correct, but (R) is not the correct.
- (D) (A) is not correct, but (R) is correct.

Options:

12820620622. A

12820620623. B

12820620624. C

n below are two statements, one levelled as Assertion (A), and the other levelled as Reason (R):

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Assertion (A): Concepts without percepts are empty and percepts without concepts are blind.

Reason (R): Concepts require percepts to get the content and percepts require concepts to become meaningful.

In the context of the two statements, which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are correct, and (R) is the correct explanation of (R).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (R).
- (C) (A) is correct, but (R) is not the correct.
- (D) (A) is not correct, but (R) is correct.

Options:

12820620626. A

12820620627. B

12820620628. C

12820620629. D

Question Number : 48 Question Id : 1282065219 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

Morality is concerned with

- (A) relative rightness
- (B) subjective rightness
- (C) political rightness
- (D) objective rightness

Options:

12820620630. A

12820620631. B

12820620632. C

12820620633. D

Question Number : 49 Question Id : 1282065233 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Question : Vertical

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Correct Marks: 2 Wrong Marks: 0

For Kant, a moral action was one performed out

- (A) of a way of understanding action
- (B) of the consequence of action
- (C) of a sense of duty
- (D) of love

Options:

12820620634. A

12820620635. B

12820620636. C



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- (A) Choice
- (B) Integrity
- (C) Responsibility
- (D) Both B & C

Options:

12820620638. A

12820620639. B

12820620640. C

12820620641. D

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