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B.Tech(IT/CSE) (Sem.-4) MATHEMATICS-III/ENGG. MATHEMATICS-III Subject Code : CS-204 M.Code: 56514

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students 2. have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

Write briefly :

anker.com 1) Check the convergence of the sequence

$$a_n = \left(\frac{2n+1}{2n-1}\right)$$

- 2) Define Roll's theorem.
- Write down the formula for finding centre of gravity of a uniform plane Lamina. 3)
- Show that $\sin z$ is analytic function. 4)
- 5) State Cauchy's integral formula.
- 6) Define conformal mapping.

7) Evaluate
$$\int_C \frac{z-1}{z^2 - 3z + 2}$$
, C : $|z| = 1$

- Write down the Euler's formula for finding solution of an initial value problem. 8)
- 9) Write down the wave equation for transverse vibrations in one dimensional string.
- 10) Classify the partial differential equation as elliptic, parabolic or hyperbolic :

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 5 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$$



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SECTION-B

- 11) Evaluate $\iint_R y dx dy$, where R is the region bounded by the parabolas $y^2 = 4x$ and $x^2 = 4y$
- 12) Determine the analytic function whose real part is $\log \sqrt{(x^2 + y^2)}$.
- 13) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$ in Laurent's series, valid for |z| > 3.
- 14) Show that the transformation $w = \frac{z-i}{z+i}$ maps the real axis in the z-plane onto the circle |w| = 1.
- 15) Find the general solution of Laplace equation by variable separable method.

SECTION-C

- 16) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 2a\cos\theta + a^2}$, 0 < a < 1 using Contour integration.
- 17) A homogeneous conducting rod of length 100 cm has its ends kept at zero temperature and temperature initially is

$$u(x,0) = \begin{cases} x & 0 \le x < 50\\ 100 - x, & 50 \le x \le 100 \end{cases}$$

Find the temperature u(x, t) at any time t.

18) Apply Runge-Kutta method of order 4 to find y(0.1) for the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - xy = y^2, y(0) = 1.$$

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.