FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

Γ						

Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech. (ME) (Sem.-4) MATHEMATICS-III Subject Code : AM-201 M.Code : 54035

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly :

- a) Give Dirichlet's conditions for the Fourier series expansion of f(x).
- b) Find the value of a_n in the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x, -\pi \le x \le \pi$.
- c) Find Laplace transform of $f(t) = t^2$.
- d) Write the definition of unit step function.
- e) Write the Laplace tansform of periodic function f(t) with period T.
- f) Find the complementary function of PDE : $(2D^2 + 5DD' + 2D'^2) z = 0$.
- g) Form the partial differential equation from $z = ax + a^2 y^2 + b$.
- h) Give definition of singular point.
- i) Give definition of conformal mapping.
- j) Evaluate $\int [(x^2 + 2y) dx + (3x y)dy]$ along the curve x = 2t, $y = t^3 + 3$ between (0, 3), (2, 4).



www.FirstRanker.com

SECTION-B

Find the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = \begin{cases} -1, \ 0 < x < \pi \\ 2, \ \pi < x < 2\pi \end{cases}$. 2.

i) Find L { $t \sin at$ } ii) $L^{-1} \left| \frac{s^2 - 3s + 4}{s^3} \right|$. 3.

Prove the recurrence relation $\frac{d}{dx}[x^n J_n(x)] = x^n J_{n-1}(x)$ for Bessel function. 4.

5. Solve the linear partial differential equation (mz - ny) p + (nx - lz)q = ly - mx.

Check if the function $f(z) = 2xy + i(x^2 - y^2)$ is analytic ? 6.

SECTION-C

- a) Find the half range Fourier cosine series expansion of f(x) = x, $0 < x < \pi$. 7.
 - b) Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s+2)(s-1)}\right\}$ using convolution theorem.
- a) Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = e^{-3t}$, y(0) = 1 using Laplace transform. 8.

b) Solve $(D^2 + 4DD' - 5D'^2) z = \sin (2x + 3y)$. a) Find the analytic function, whose real part is $u = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cosh 2y - \cos 2x}$. 9.

b) Find the Taylor's series expansion of $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$ for the region |z| < 1.

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

2 M-54035

www.FirstRanker.com