

# RUHS

## First Year MBBS Examination

### I MBBS BIOCHEMISTRY PAPER I

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 100

Date: 25-01-2023

Instructions: INSTRUCTIONS: Attempt all questions in both sections: (Use separate answer book for each section)

#### Section 1

1. Fill in the blanks: (6)

- Lipoprotein responsible for reverse cholesterol transport is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Secondary structure present in collagen protein \_\_\_\_\_.
- Low  $K_m$  value indicates \_\_\_\_\_ affinity between enzyme and substrate.
- Chemical name of calcitriol is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Nitric oxide is synthesized from \_\_\_\_\_ amino acid.
- Type of bilirubin increased in obstructive jaundice is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Choose the correct option in the following multiple choice questions: (4)

- Which type of inhibition Warfarin has on vitamin K

dependent carboxylase?

- a) Competitive
  - b) Non - competitive
  - c) Allosteric
  - d) Suicidal
- b. Polysaccharide does not give colour with iodine test:
- a) Starch
  - b) Dextrin
  - c) Cellulose
  - d) Glycogen
- c. Von - Gierke's disease is characterized by all except:
- a) Lactic acidosis
  - b) Hyperglycemia
  - c) Hyper uricemia
  - d) Hyperlipidemia
- d. Complex of electron transport chain not functions as proton pump:
- a) Complex I
  - b) Complex II
  - c) Complex III
  - d) Complex IV

3. A 66 years age obese male had severe chest pain in the morning after doing exercise. He describe pain as retrosternal and radiating to the left arm. On investigation (15) serum troponin I was raised. He had complaint of dyspnoca and intermittent palpitations. Based on this history answer:

a. What is probable diagnosis?

- b. What other investigations are to be performed for diagnosis?
- c. What is the role of isoenzymes in diagnosis of this case?
- d. What is flipped pattern?
- e. What are various risk factors for this disease?

4. Write short notes on (Any five) (10)

- a. Ferritin
- b. Anion gap (A.482)
- c. Atherosclerosis. (A.317)
- d. Uncouplers
- e. Denaturation of proteins
- f. Transaminases.

5. Explain briefly (Any three) (15)

- a. Chemiosmotic theory
- b. Krebs Henseleit cycle.
- c. Fate of Acetyl CoA (A.253)
- d. Functions of electrolytes.

## Section 2

6. Discuss the reactions of cycle with its energetic. Suggest role of vitamins in Krebs cycle. (20)

7. Explain Why (Any Five) (10)

- a. Liver cannot utilize ketone bodies.
- b. Insulin is given to diabetics by subcutaneous route
- c. Eating raw eggs causes biotin deficiency.
- d. Vitamin C is not synthesized in starvation.
- e. Ketoacidosis is observed in starvation.
- f. Ammonia is toxic to brain. (A.336)

8. Explain briefly (Any Four ) (20)

- a. Products obtained from Glycine amino acid. (A.344)
- b. Biochemical functions and deficiency manifestations of Vitamin A.
- c. Diagnostic significance of enzyme
- d. Differential diagnosis of jaundice.
- e. Gluconeogenesis.

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