

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS (Phase - I) Degree Examination - JULY 2015

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

PHYSIOLOGY - Paper I (Revised Scheme) Q.P. CODE: 1053

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS

 $2 \times 9 = 18 \text{ Marks}$

- Define cardiac output and cardiac index. Give their normal values. Describe the factors, which regulate cardiac output and mention any one method of its determination.
- 2. Describe the different phases of gastric juice secretion. How they are regulated?

SHORT ESSAYS $10 \times 5 = 50 \text{ Marks}$

- 3. Classify hypoxia and explain the causes.
- 4. Explain the role of skin in body temperature regulation.
- 5. Compliance in lungs
- 6. Composition and functions of bile
- 7. Anticoagulants and their mode of action
- 8. What are the reactions of Mismatched blood transfusion?
- 9. Describe the functions of Reticulo-endothelial system.
- 10. Describe the structure and functions of Juxta-glomerular apparatus.
- 11. Functions of colon
- 12. Glucose reabsorption in the nephron

Raukercon **SHORT ANSWERS** $16 \times 2 = 32 \text{ Marks}$

- 13. What is hemophilia?
- 14. What is transferrin?
- 15. List two functions of 'B' lymphocytes
- 16. Define MCH and give its normal value.
- 17. What is the significance of Intercalated discs in cardiac muscle?
- 18. What is the significance of Refractory period in heart muscle?
- 19. Name the Baroreceptors regulating blood pressure.
- 20. What is axon reflex?
- 21. List two factors affecting capillary fluid shift.
- 22. What is Reynold's number? What is its significance?
- 23. What are the functions of Pneumotaxic center?
- 24. What are the types of Dead space? Give their normal values.
- 25. Define Vital capacity.
- 26. What is Hering - Breuer reflex?
- 27. Define dyspnoea and apnea.
- What is achalasia cardia? 28.
