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Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

MBBS (Phase - II) Degree Examination - DECEMBER 2015

Time: Three Hours

Pathology - Paper II (Revised Scheme) Q.P. CODE: 1057

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS

2 x 9 = 18 Marks

10 x 5 = 50 Marks

 Define Obstructive disease of the Lung. Enlist Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary diseases. Discuss the pathogenesis of Atopic Bronchial Asthma. Add a note on the sputum findings in Bronchial Asthma.

(1+2+4+2 = 9)

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

Define and classify Cirrhosis. Describe the pathology and complications of Cirrhosis. (2+4+3 = 9)

SHORT ESSAYS
3. Fallot's Tetralogy

- 4. Laboratory diagnosis of Myocardial Infarction
- Reflux Oesophagitis
- 6. Early Gastric Carcinoma
- Crohn's disease: gross and microscopic features
- Pathogenesis of Gall-stones
- 9. Medullary Carcinoma of Thyroid
- Phaeochromocytoma
- Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia
- 12. Ewing Sarcoma

SHORT ANSWERS

16 x 2 = 32 Marks

- Enlist four causes of end stage Kidney.
- Enlist four lesions of Diabetic Nephropathy.
- Enlist classical features of Nephrotic syndrome.
- Enlist four important causes of Male infertility.
- Enlist four important Prognostic factors of Carcinoma Breast.
- Radiological appearance of Osteogenic Sarcoma
- What is Pneumoconiasis? Name any two diseases in Pneumoconiasis.
- Seguestrum
- Molluscum Contagiosum
- Define Macule and Papule.
- 23. What is ABCD of Melanoma?
- 24. Enlist four Vesiculo Bullous Lesions of Skin.
- Enlist four CNS lesions found in AIDS.
- 26. Microscopy of Basal Cell Carcinoma
- 27. What is Myositis Ossificans?
- Ganglion Cyst

