

PAPER CODE: MB2019123**KALOJI NARAYANA RAO UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES****TELANGANA, WARANGAL – 506 002****MBBS FINAL YEAR PART-I DEGREE SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS: JUNE, 2025****ENT****Time: 3 Hours****Max Marks: 100****Note:** Answer all questions

Give Diagrammatic representation wherever necessary

Multiple Choice Questions:**10 X 1 = 10**

- 1 Mucocoele most frequently affects the
 - a) Maxillary sinus
 - b) Ethmoidal sinus
 - c) Frontal sinus
 - d) Sphenoidal sinus
- 2 Secondary haemorrhage following tonsillectomy is due to
 - a) Sepsis of the tonsillar fossa
 - b) Injury to the tonsillar pillars
 - c) Slipping of ligatures
 - d) Hypertension
- 3 Which of the following is not a hyaline cartilage
 - a) Epiglottis
 - b) Thyroid
 - c) Cricoid
 - d) Arytenoid
- 4 Frey's syndrome is due to
 - a) Gustatory lacrimation
 - b) Gustatory sweating
 - c) Hemifacial spasm
 - d) Blepharospasm
- 5 Sensory nerve supply of middle ear cavity is provided by
 - a) Facial nerve
 - b) Glossopharyngeal nerve
 - c) Vagus nerve
 - d) Trigeminal nerve
- 6 Which of the following is not true regarding Eustachian tube
 - a) Provides communication between middle ear and nasopharynx
 - b) 36mm in length
 - c) Lateral 1/3rd is bony and medial 2/3rd is cartilaginous
 - d) Remains open at rest
- 7 Hoarseness is the earliest symptom of carcinoma of
 - a) Glottis
 - b) Supra-glottis
 - c) Subglottis
 - d) Hypopharynx
- 8 Concha bullosa is
 - a) Enlarged inferior turbinate
 - b) Enlarged supraorbital cell
 - c) Pneumatized middle turbinate
 - d) Enlarged Haller cell
- 9 Sialolithiasis is most commonly seen in
 - a) Parotid gland
 - b) Submandibular salivary gland
 - c) Sublingual salivary gland
 - d) Other minor salivary glands
- 10 Siegalization is useful in following conditions EXCEPT
 - a) To check for tympanic membrane mobility
 - b) To elicit fistula test
 - c) To remove foreign bodies in external ear
 - d) To instill topical ear medicines

Essay/ Long Answer Questions:**2 X 15 = 30**

11. A male patient of 30 yrs presented with complaints of clear watery discharge from the right nasal cavity after head injury which increased on bending forward:
 - a) What is the diagnosis.
 - b) Enumerate the signs and symptoms of this condition
 - c) Explain the investigations.
 - d) How do you treat this condition
12. Discuss in detail, etiology, clinical features and management of Meniere's disease.

Short Answer Questions:**7 X 6 = 42**

13. Audiological findings and treatment of Otosclerosis,
14. Oral submucosal fibrosis.
15. Choanal Atresia.
16. Explain clinical features and management of vocal cord nodules
17. Benign Paroxysmal positional vertigo
18. What is Waldeyer's ring and its components. Discuss treatment of Peritonsillar Abscess.
19. Rhinosporidiosis.

Very Short Answer Questions:**6 X 3 = 18**

20. Rhinolalia Aperta,
21. Draw a labelled diagram of Tympanic Membrane.
22. Nasal myiasis
23. Topo diagnostic tests for facial nerve.
24. Mc Evan's triangle.
25. Little's area.
