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LHA - 2215

LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. – VIII) Examination, April 2015 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION-I

Instructions: i) Answer any four questions from Questions 1 to 6.

ii) Question No. 7 is compulsory.

 $(8 \times 4 = 32)$

- Critically analyse rule of law as a conceptual objection to Administrative Law in UK and its relevance in India.
- Discuss the doctrine of promissory estoppel in India.
- Explain the difference between quasi legislative and quasi judicial action, with the help of decided cases. Point out the significance of classification of administrative action.
- 4. Discuss the exceptions to the principles of natural justice.
- Explain the doctrine of excessive delegation and enumerate the permissible limits of delegated legislation in India. Supply suitable case law.
- 6. Explain the meaning of Tribunal in India. What are the modes of administrative adjudication?
- 7. Answer any two of the following:

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

- a) Public Interest litigation
- b) Henry VIII Clause
- c) Ombudsman.

SECTION - II

Instructions: i) Answer any four questions from questions 8 to 13.

Question No. 14 is compulsory.

 $(8 \times 4 = 32)$

- Explain public law remedy available against the administration. Enumerate the various writs issued by the Courts.
- 9. What is the constitutional significance of Public Sector Undertakings? What are the various control measures over Public Enterprises?

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- 10. Explain the privilege of the government to withhold documents in a court of law.
- 11. Explain the principle of Audi alteram partem and the stages of a fair hearing.
- 12. Explain the changing liability of the administration in torts in India.
- 13. Analyse judicial review over administrative discretion.
- 14. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2^{1}/_{2} \times 2 = 5)$

- a) Droit Administratif
- b) Immunity from operation of statute
- c) Tests of Bias.